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If you wish to buy or sell an AQ6317, visit our catalog [here](#) to see our current stock with actual photos; our refurbished units with floppy drives replaced by USB, new bezel, new side bumpers and other upgrades look quite good!

Ando AQ6317 Optical Spectrum Analyzer (OSA) Calibration and Repair Services

With more than 20 years of expertise in repair of OSA, Tunable Lasers, Wavemeters and more, the quality of our services is renowned amongst the service centers community and highly appreciated by our partners and customers. We developed custom software allowing us to perform automatic calibration tests and write up to date results in the OSA calibration tables. Don't settle for a two-page summary assessment to trust that your OSA is operating on the full range; our report contains the complete table of all results, confirming it has **really** been tested.

Ando AQ6317 Optical Spectrum Analyzer (OSA) Repair and Calibration Services

The AQ6317 OSA goes through a premium calibration to ensure it meets or exceeds manufacturers published specifications. The equipment is shipped with a comprehensive 8-page calibration report including before-and-after data, a calibration sticker and its own dated calibration certificate. A report from other labs with less data points reflects a not completely calibrated unit.

Simbol Test Systems is the only North America independent lab with the capability of mechanically realigning Ando/Yokogawa monochromators as found in the AQ6317. If your unit does not pass calibration, we will quote a complete repair and get your OSA back to perfect working condition.

List of specifications calibrated

- | | |
|---|--|
| - Optical Alignment | - Level Flatness |
| - Wavelength Calibration with Internal Cell | - Level Response |
| - Wavelength Accuracy cal external source | - Waveform Symmetry, Flatness and Ripple |
| - Wavelength Resolution Accuracy | - Stability (Wavelength and Power) |
| - Wavelength Reproducibility | - Polarization Dependency |
| - Wavelength Linearity | - Dynamic Range |
| - Level Accuracy | - Power Linearity |

Traceability: Instrumentation used during this calibration is traceable to N.I.S.T (National Institute of Standards and Technology) or C.N.R.C. (Canadian National Research Council).

AQ6317

OPTICAL SPECTRUM ANALYZER

INTRODUCTION OF ADDITIONAL FUNCTION

At time of publishing this website, there was no complete AQ6317 User Manual available online. This manual is to cover additional features of this OSA. You can refer to online AQ6317B manuals as the features are very similar.

= For Reference =

Safety precautions are subject to change due to amandements made in laws and ordinaces.
Please operate the device at your own risk.
If you have any inquiries regarding the safety operation, please do not hesitate to contact your local Yokogawa sales office.

ANDO ELECTRIC CO., LTD

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AS-62490-2 Rev. 1.0

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Table 1, List of Program Commands

Table 2, List of GP-IB Commands

Outline

Our products to the software versions of R02.00(M), R02.00(0) and later have the following additional and changed functions. So, the Instruction Manual has been partly revised as follow:

[List of Additional and Changed Functions]

(1) Extension of [ANALYSIS] Function

CD Enforcement of WDM Analysis Function

- The maximum number of analysis channels has been increased from the conventional 100ch. to 200ch.
- Enforcement of Preset Wavelength Table
 - a. The function has been added that displays the ITU-T grid wavelengths in a table and copies their values from the table to the preset wavelength table simply by touching.
 - b. The function has been added that enables to register fixed markers' values set by WDM search in the preset wavelength table as they are or after rounding them to the nearest ITU-T grid wavelengths.
 - c. Analysis channel numbers have come to be specified.
 - d. Wavelength values only used to be displayed and input in the preset wavelength table, but this time frequency values have come to be done similarly.
 - e. The operability of editing preset wavelength table has been improved.
 - f. The function has been added that enables to set level threshold values and not to display channels below the threshold values. (<DISP MASK> Key)
- Addition of Drift measuring function (<DISPLAY DRIFT> Key)
The function has been added that enable to display the wavelength difference and the level difference from the ITU-T grid or optionally set wavelength and to display relative value MAX/MIN.

• Addition of Output Slope Measuring Function (cOUTPUT SLOPE> Key)

The function has been added that enables to obtain least square approximate line from WDM waveform level value in each channel and to display the approximate line together with the slope.

- The function has been added that enables to calculate wavelength and level value of each channel from TRACE A and noise level from TRACE B irrespective of the active trace state. (<DUAL TRACE> Key)

(2) Addition of Multichannel NF Analysis Function (<ANALYSIS2 WDM-NF> Key)

The function has been added that enables to analyze the following items for each WDM channel in block with the spectrums before and after amplification of WDM signal with the light amplifier and to display all the results together:

- a. Center wavelength
- b. Input power, Output power
- c. ASE level
- d. Measurement resolution value
- e. Gain
- f. Noise figure

(3) Addition of Optical Filter Analysis Function (<ANALYSIS2 FIL> Key)

The function has been added that enable to analyze the following items for measured waveform and to display the analysis results

- a. Peak/Bottom wavelength, Level
- b. Center wavelength, xxdB width
- c. Cross talk
- d. Ripple width

@ Reinforcement of Notch Width Analysis Function

The conventional notch width measuring function enabled to obtain notch widths from waveform peak level, but this time the function to obtain notch widths from the waveform bottom level has been added.

(2) Extension of LONG TERM Measuring Function

- The maximum number of measurement channels has been increased from the conventional 100ch. to 200ch.
- The vertical axis scale (wavelength, level, SNR) used to be of automatic scale but, this time, has come to be optionally set. (<Y SCALE MANUAL> Key)
- Measurement data has come to be read through the GP-IB interface even during long-term measurements.
- When measurement data did not come to the threshold, a warning used to be displayed (in red) on the screen and, this time, an alarm has come to be output on the GP-IB interface.

(3) Enforcement of Marking Function

- The maximum number of fixed markers has been increased from the conventional 100 to 200.
- The function has been added that makes waveforms track fixed marker level positions when an active trace is updated. (<MKR AUTO UPDATE> Key)
- The function has been added that enables to display only marker values independently as frequency. (<MKR UNIT> Key)

(4) Addition of Sensitivity Mode MID

SENS:MID has been added between SENS:NORM AUTO and SENS:HIGH1.

(5) Others

- LOG Data Upper/Lower Limit Value Changing Function (<LOG LIMIT ±***dB> Key)

The conventional LOG upper/lower limit value was $\pm 210\text{dB}$, but this time this value has come to be changed to $\pm 100\text{dB}$.

- Resolution Ability Value Display Mode (<ACTUAL RES DISP> Key)

The function has been added that enables to display the resolution ability value in setting the present center wavelength below the preset resolution value at the resolution setting time.

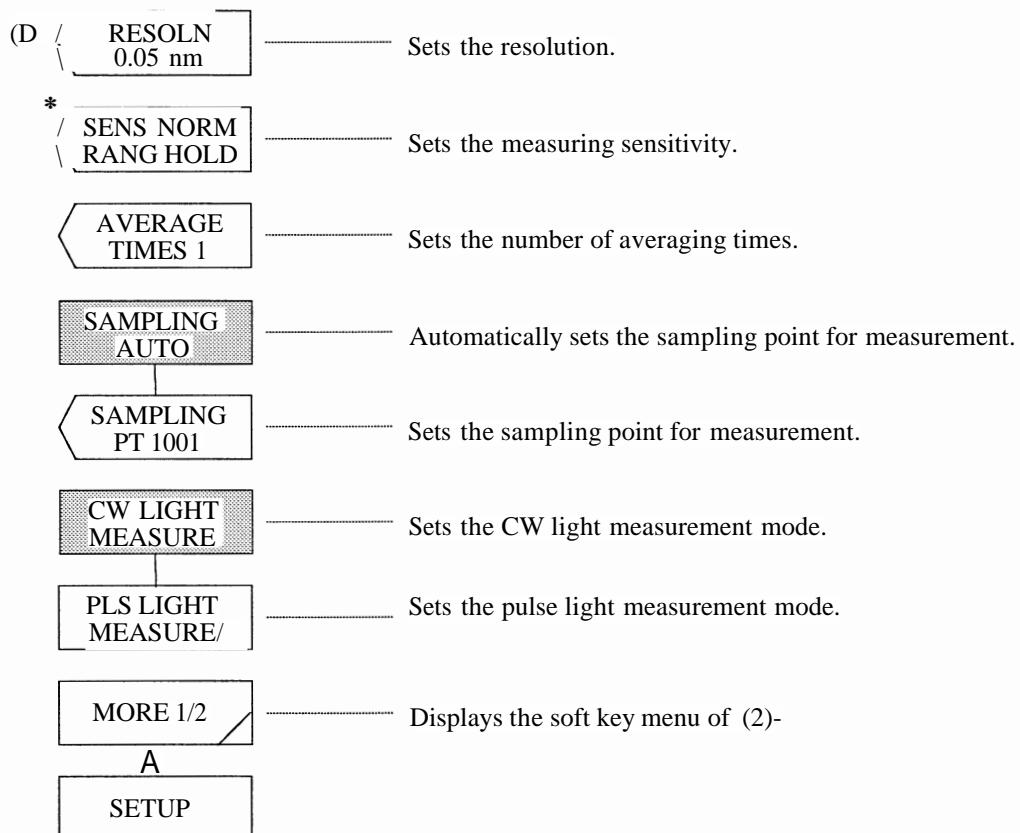
2. List of Additional/Changed Soft Key Menus

The list of soft key menus newly added or changed this time is as follows:

Keys marked with * are the soft keys newly added or changed this time.

2.1 [SETUP] Switch

When this key is pressed, the soft key menu of (D) is displayed.



(2)	RESOLN CORRECT	Turns the resolution compensation function on and off. (Toggle)
	TLS SYNC SWEEP	Makes synchronized sweeping with the variable wavelength light source. (Toggle)
	MEAS WL AIR VAC	Sets the measuring wavelength to the air wavelength or the vacuum wavelength. (Toggle)
	MORE 2/2	Displays the soft key menu of CD.
	A	
	SETUP	

(1) <SENS> Key

Sets the measuring sensitivity.

This equipment permits selecting 6 measuring sensitivity levels according to the use.

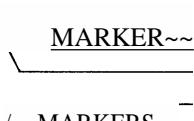
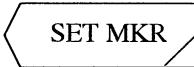
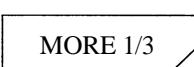
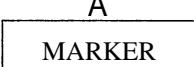
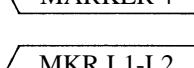
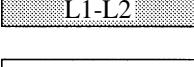
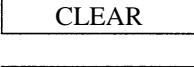
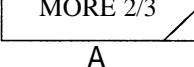
When this key is pressed, the current measuring sensitivity is displayed in the interrupt display section.

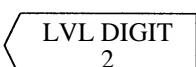
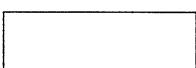
The allowable setting range is NORMAL RANGE HOLD, NORMAL RANGE AUTO, MID, HIGH 1, HIGH 2 and HIGH 3. Pressing the rotary knob or the step key can change the display in turn

"NORMAL RANGE HOLD" <> "NORMAL RANGE AUTO" <> "MID" <> "HIGH 1" <> "HIGH 2" <> "HIGH 3" to select a desired sensitivity level.

2.2 [MARKER] Switch

When this switch is pressed, the soft key menu of (1) is displayed.

- ⑧  Displays the moving marker.
-  Sets the wavelength of the moving marker to the center wavelength.
-  Sets the level of the moving marker to the reference level.
-  Sets the moving marker to the fixed marker 1 or 2.
-  Sets the moving marker to the fixed marker with the specified number.
-  Clears the fixed marker of the specified number.
-  Clears the moving marker and the fixed marker being
-  Displays the soft key menu of 2/3. (To (2))
- A
- 
- O  Displays the wavelength line marker 1.
-  Displays the wavelength line marker 2.
-  Displays the wavelength line marker 3.
-  Displays the wavelength line marker 4.
-  Sets the section between the wavelength markers 1 and 2 within the sweep range.
-  Executes PEAK SEARCH and ANALYSIS between the wavelength markers 1 and 2.
-  Clears all line markers and line marker values being displayed. (Toggle).
-  Displays the soft key menu of 3/3. (To ⑧)
- A
- 

⑧		Switches the marker value display to the multi-marker display. (Toggle)
		Selects the subtraction value display column of the difference from the moving marker or of the difference from the adjacent marker in the multi-marker display. (Toggle)
		Specifies the number of digits (below decimal point) for the level display of marker.
		Prints the multi-marker values.
*		Makes the waveform track the fixed marker level position at the active trace updating time. (Toggle)
*		Selects the wavelength display mode or the frequency display mode for marker value display. (Toggle)
		
		
		Displays the soft key menu of 1/3. (To CD)

(1) <MKR AUTO UPDATE> Key

While this key is selected, the fixed marker level value being displayed in the data area is updated each time the active trace waveform is updated.

(2) <MKR UNIT nm THz> Key

Switches the marker value display between in the wavelength display mode and in the frequency display mode.

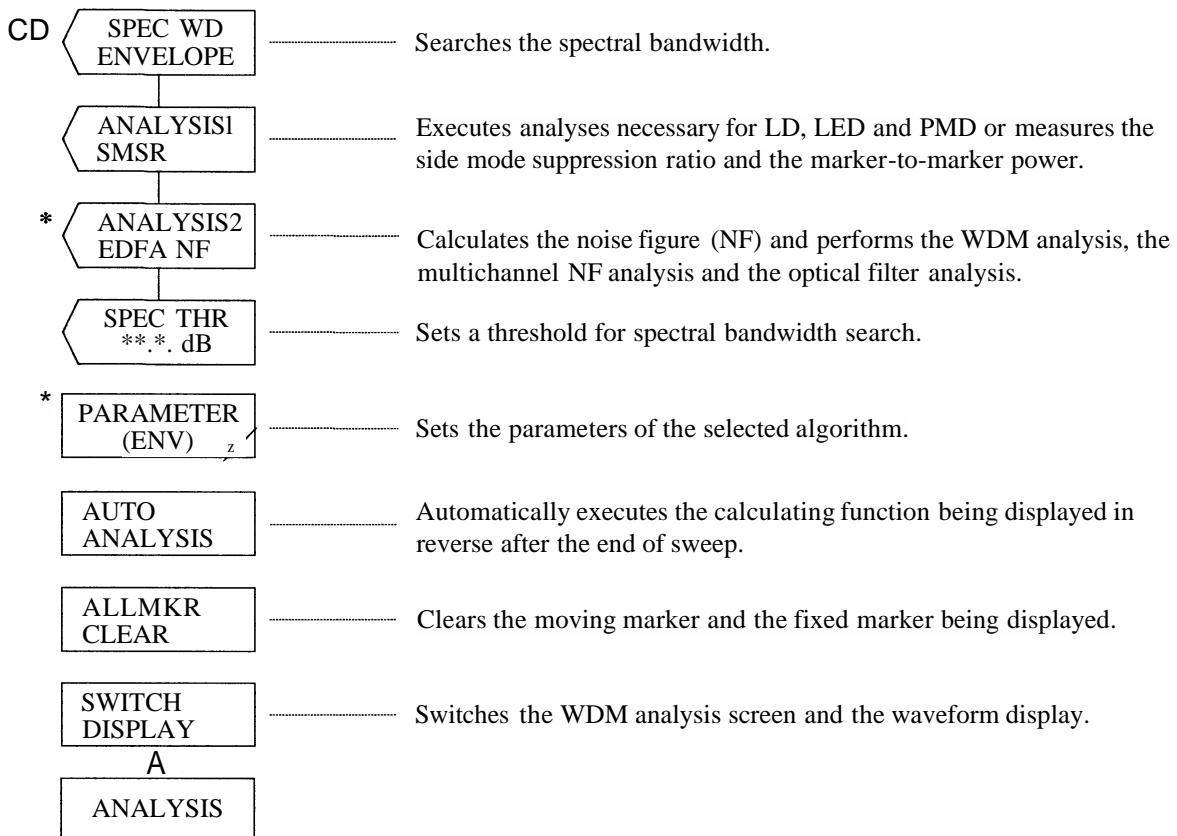
When this key is pressed, the marker value display unit (wavelength/frequency) can be set independently from the horizontal axis unit (wavelength/frequency) for waveform display set with the <HORZN SCL nm THz> Key.

The setting with this key changes as the setting with the cHORZN SCL nm THz> key changes, but the setting with the cHORZN SCL nm THz> key does not change even when the setting with this key changes.

(When the X axis is in the frequency display mode, marker values can be set to the wavelength display mode.)

2.3 [ANALYSIS] Switch

When this switch is pressed, the soft key menu of (1) is displayed. At the same time, the keys displayed in reverse among the first three keys from the top of Q) are executed.



(1) <ANALYSIS2 *****> Key

This key allows executing the following analyses:

- (D) Calculation of noise figure (NF)
- O WDM analysis
- (3) WDM-NF (multichannel NF) analysis
- @ Optical filter (PEAK) analysis
- (5) Optical filter (BOTTOM) analysis

When this key is pressed, the types of analyses are displayed in the interrupt display area.

At the same time, the type of analysis currently selected is executed, the dedicated marker is set and the measured value is displayed in the data area. The following analysis parameters can be set with the rotary knob or the step key:

Parameters : EDFA-NF, WDM, WDM-NF, FIL-PK, FIL-BTM

(2) <ANALYSIS2 WDM-NF> Key

Calculates NF (noise figure) for each WDM channel in block on the assumption that the WDM waveforms before and after amplification with the light amplifier are placed in the traces A and B, and displays the result in the data area.

(3) <ANALYSIS2 FIL-PK> Key

Analyzes the following items in block for the waveform with which the optical filter (transmission type) and displays the results in the data area:

- Ⓐ Peak level
- Ⓑ Peak wavelength
- Ⓒ Center wavelength
- Ⓓ Peak width
- Ⓔ Cross talk
- Ⓕ Ripple width

For the algorithm of the optical filter analysis function, see Paragraph 3.3.

(4) <ANALYSIS2 FIL-BTM> Key

Analyzes the following items in block for the waveform with which the optical filter (notch type) and displays the results in the data area:

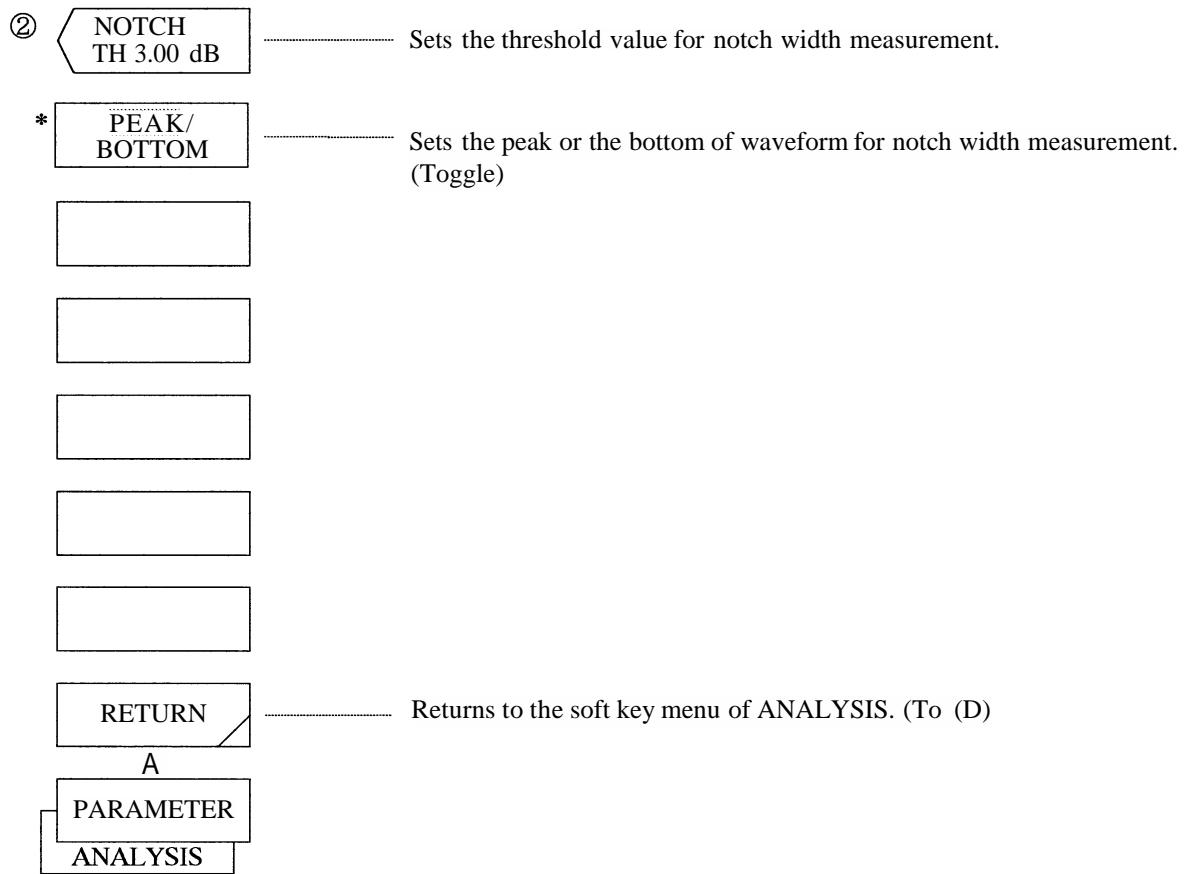
- Ⓐ Bottom level
- Ⓑ Bottom wavelength
- Ⓒ Center wavelength
- Ⓓ Notch width
- Ⓔ Cross talk

For the algorithm of the optical filter analysis function, see Paragraph 3.3.

(5) <PARAMETER> Key

Displays the soft key menu (the soft key menu from Ⓛ to Ⓢ) for setting parameters for the key being displayed in reverse out of the three keys, <SPEC WD>, <ANALYSIS1> and <ANALYSIS2>.

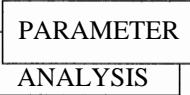
Different soft key menus are displayed depending on the select status of the key selected out of the above three keys.

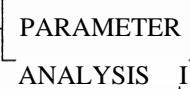


(6) <PEAK/BOTTOM> Key

Set the peak or the bottom of the waveform for notch width search.

Each time this key is pressed, "PEAK" or "BOTTOM" is displayed in reverse alternately.

- ③  Selects the display items of the WDM list. (Toggle)
-  Sets so that the highest level channel peak becomes the reference.
-  Sets so that the set **th channel peak becomes the reference.
- *  Selects the formats for displaying wavelength, level, noise and SNR
- *  Selects the reference data for displaying relative values and resets the drift measured value. (To CD)
- *  Sets the reference data to be referred to at the relative value displaying time. (To (\$))
-  Displays the soft key menu of 2/4. (To @)
-  Returns to the soft key menu of ANALYSIS. (To CD)
- A
- 
- ④  Sets the channel detection automatically.
-  Sets so that a channel is detected referring to the preset wavelength.
-  Sets the maximum number of channels to be displayed in the list
-  Sets the threshold value at the time of automatic channel detection.
-  Sets the minimum value of the difference between the top and the bottom at the time of automatic channel detection.
- *  Edits the preset wavelength table (To (9))

-  Displays the soft key menu of 3/4. (Toggle)
-  Returns to the soft key menu of ANALYSIS. (To (D))
- A
- 

(7) <DISPLAY *****> Key

Sets formats for displaying the wavelength, the level, the noise and the SNR as the result of the WDM analysis. The display format has the following four types:

(D) ABSOLUTE — Displays absolute values of analysis results.

(C) RELATIVE — Displays relative values for reference data (REF DATA).

(3) ABS & REL — Displays absolute values of analysis results and relative values for reference data (REF DATA).

(4) DRIFT ----- Displays the MAX/MIN of relative values for reference data (REF DATA).

Parameters : ABSOLUTE, RELATIVE, ABS & REL and DRIFT

(8) <DISPLAY SETTING> Key

Selects reference data (REF DATA) for displaying relative values and resets drift measured values.

When this key is pressed, the soft key menu of (7) is displayed.

(9) <REF DATA SETTING> Key

Sets reference data (REF DATA) at the relative value displaying time.

When this key is pressed, the soft key menu of (8) is displayed.

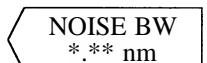
(10) <PRESET WL TABLE> Key

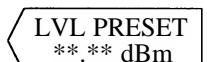
Edits the preset wavelength table.

When this key is pressed, the soft key menu of (C) is displayed.

5)  Select if the noise measuring point is set to the channel center or to the fixed point. (Toggle)

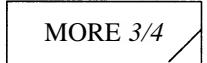
 Sets the noise measuring point.

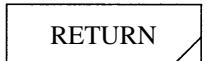
 Sets the noise bandwidth.

 Sets the preset level value.

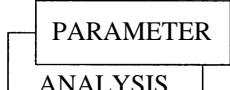
 Sets the preset SNR value.

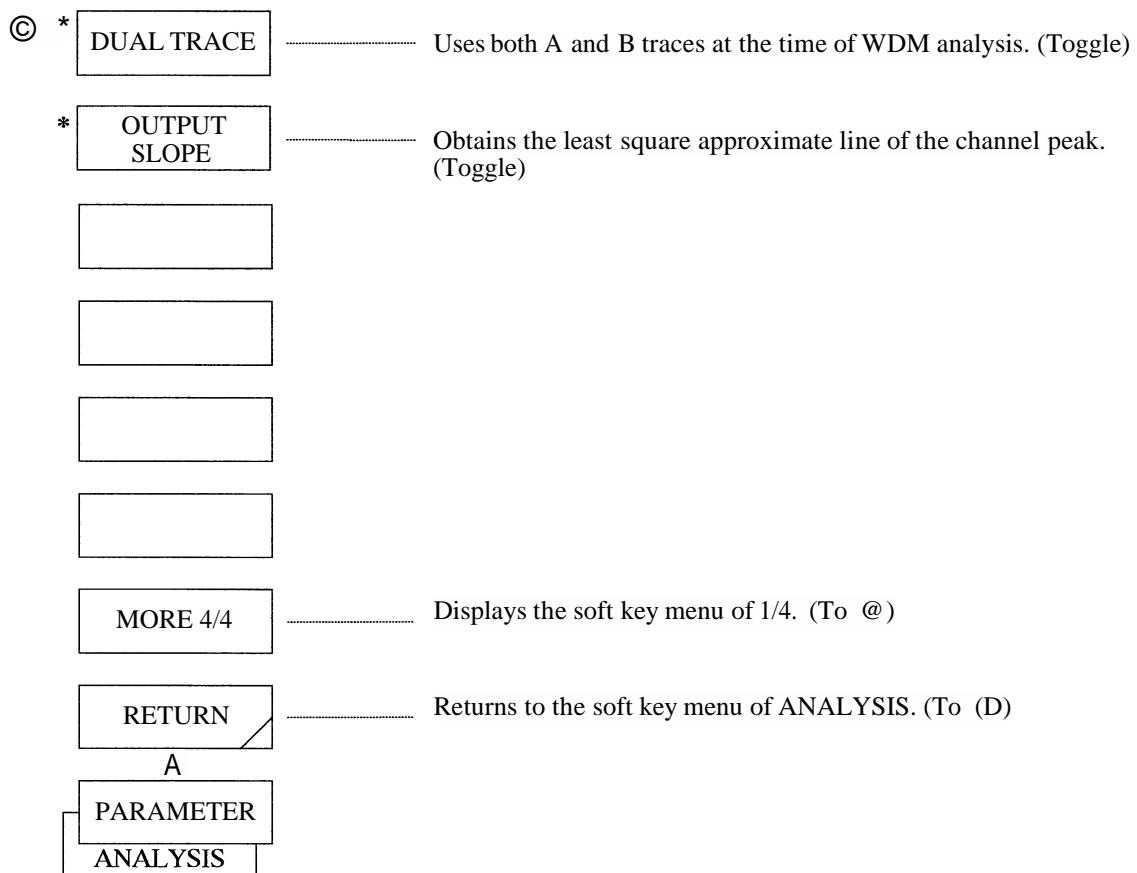
* \  Sets the level threshold value at the channel display masking time

 Displays the soft key menu of 4/4. (To ®)

 Returns to the soft key menu of ANALYSIS. (To (D))

A





(11) <DISK MASK ***> Key

Sets the level threshold value at the channel display masking time.

This key is effective only when <CH DETECT PRESET> is selected.

The mask value can be changed to OFF and the range from 0 to -100 dBm (1 step).

(12) <DUAL TRACE> Key

Calculate the wavelength and the level from the waveform of Trace A and the noise level from the waveform of Trace B irrespective of the active trace status.

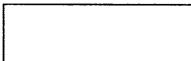
When this key is pressed, the reverse display appears and is turned on and off.

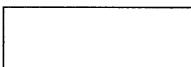
(13) <OUTPUT SLOPE> Key

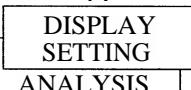
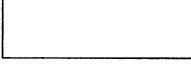
Obtains the least square approximate line for each channel peak obtained from the WDM analysis and displays the least square approximate line and its slope (dB/nm or dB/THz) together.

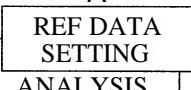
When this key is pressed, the reverse display appears and is turned on and off.

- © *  Selects data to be referred to when the relative value is displayed.
(Toggle)
- *  Resets the MAX/MIN data at the drift measuring time.
- 





-  Returns to the soft key menu for the <PARAMETER> setting.
(To ®)
- A
-  DISPLAY
SETTING
ANALYSIS
- ® *  Makes the latest WDM analysis result the reference data.
- *  PRESET
->REF DATA Makes the preset table values the reference data.
- *  ITU-T
->REF DATA Makes the ITU-T table values the reference data.
- 



-  Returns to the soft key menu for the <PARAMETER> setting.
(To ®)
- A
-  REF DATA
SETTING
ANALYSIS

(14) <ITU-T TBL REF TBL> Key

Selects data to be referred to when the relative value is displayed.

ITU-T TBL : Makes the ITU-T TABLE wavelength values the reference data.

For the level, values on the <LVL PRESET> key become the reference data, and for the SNR, values on the <SNR PRESET> key become the reference data.

REF TBL : The reference table set with the <REF DATA SETTING> key of (9) becomes the reference data.

(15) <MAX/MIN RESET> Key

Resets the MAX/MIN value to be displayed at the drift measuring time (when the <DISPLAY DRIFT> key is selected) to 0.

(16) <WDM RESLT->REF DATA> Key

Makes the latest WDM analysis result the reference data.

(17) <PRESET- REF DATA> Key

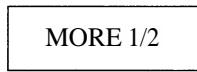
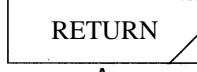
Makes the preset value the reference data.

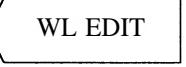
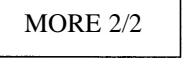
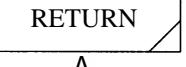
The preset value is set with the <PRESET WL TABLE>, <LEVEL PRESET> or <SNR PRESET> key.

(18) <ITU-T—>REFDATA> Key

Makes ITU-T TABLE values the reference data.

For the level, the value of the <LVL PRESET> key becomes the reference data, and for SNR, the value of the <SNR PRESET> key becomes the reference data.

- (9) *  Switches active tables.
- *  Sets the present cursor position to the top of the line to be copies/deleted and brings about the area select status.
- *  Copies the present position or the whole selected area in the buffer and deletes it.
- *  Copies the present position or the whole selected area in the buffer.
- *  Inserts the line copies with the <AREA CUT> or the <AREA COPY> key in the buffer on the present line.
- *  Overwrites the line copies with the <AREA CUT> or the <AREA COPY> key in the buffer from the present line.
-  Displays the soft key menu of 2/2. (To ®)
- 
A
- 

⑩	* 	Inputs the channel wavelength/frequency at the cursor position.
*		Turns on and off the channel at the cursor position.
*		Round the channel value at the cursor position to the nearest value in the ITU-T TABLE.
*		Switches the wavelength display and the frequency display. (Toggle)
*		Prints out the active table.
		
		Displays the soft key menu of 1/2. (To ⑨)
		
	A	
		

(19) <TABLE SELECT> Key

Switches active tables. Active tables have thick outer frames when displayed.

(20) <AREA SELECT> Key

Sets the present cursor position to the top of the area for controlling plural data at a time and brings about the area select status. When this key is pressed in the area select status, the area select status is released.

(21) <AREACUT>Key

Copies the data at the present cursor position or the data in the area selected with the <AREA SET FCT> key in the buffer and deletes it.

(22) <AREA COPY> Key

Copies the data at the present cursor position or the data in the area selected with the <AREA SELECT> key in the buffer.

(23) <PASTE INSERT> Key

Inserts the data copied with the <AREA CUT> or the <AREA COPY> key in the buffer to the present cursor position. When the number of data exceeded 200ch after the insertion, no more data can be inserted.

(24) <PAST OVER WRT> Key

Overwrites the data copies with the <AREA CUT> or <AREA COPY> key in the buffer from the present cursor position.

(25) <WLEDIT>Key

Inputs the channel wavelength/frequency at the cursor position.

(26) <SET ON/OFF> Key

Turns on and off the channel at the cursor position.

The channel, which has been turned off at the channel detecting time, cannot be used.

(27) <ITU CORRECT> Key

Round the channel value at the cursor position to the nearest value in the ITU-T TABLE.

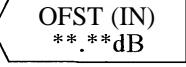
(28) <WAVELEN FREQ> Key

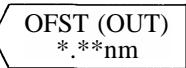
Switches the data display on the table to the wavelength display and to the frequency display.

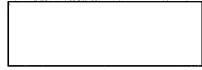
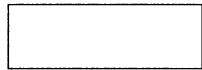
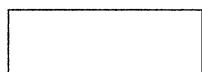
(29) <TABLE PRINT> Key

Prints out the active table.

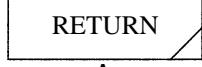
⑪ *  Sets the ASE level measuring point.

*  Sets the signal light offset value.
**.*dB

*  Sets the output light offset value.
*.**nm

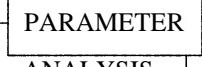


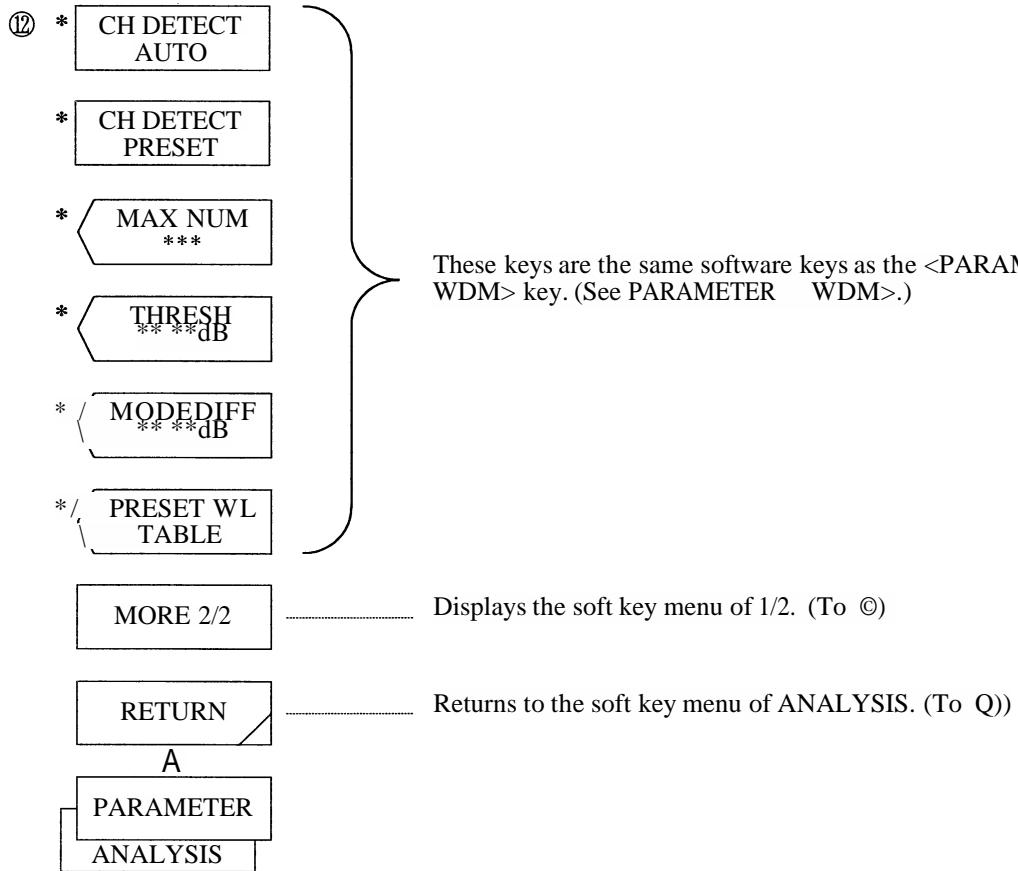
Displays the soft key menu of 2/2. (To ©)



Returns to the soft key menu of ANALYSIS. (To (1))

A





(30) <ASE POINT ±**.*nm> Key

Sets the ASE level measuring point.

After the execution, the present ASE level measuring point is displayed in the interrupt display area.

The ASE level measuring point can be changed in the range from 0.00 to 10.00 nm (0.1 step) with the rotary knob, the step key or the ten-key pad.

(31) <OFST (IN) ***.**dB> Key

Sets the offset value of the signal light (light that is input to the optical fiber amplifier) at the NF and Gain calculating times.

After the key is executed, the present offset value is displayed in the interrupt display area.

The offset value can be changed in the range from -99.99 to +99.99 dB (0.01 step) with the rotary knob, the step key or the ten-key pad.

(32) <OFST (OUT) ***.**dB> Key

Sets the offset value of the output light (light amplified with the optical fiber amplifier) at the NF and Gain calculating times.

After the key is executed, the present offset value is displayed in the interrupt display area.

The offset value can be changed in the range from -99.99 to +99.99 dB (0.01 step) with the rotary knob, the step key or the ten-key pad.

- (33) <CH DETECT AUTO> Key
 (34) <CH DETECT PRESET> Key
 (35) <MAX NUM ***> Key
 (36) cTHRESH **.*dB> Key
 (37) <MODE DIFF **.*dB> Key
 (38) <PREEST WL TABLE> Key
- S— These keys are the same as the software keys of
PARAMETER WDM>.

The List to be displayed with the <WDM-NF> Key

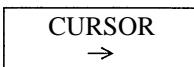
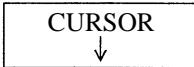
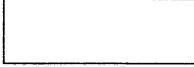
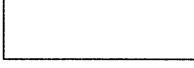
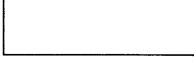
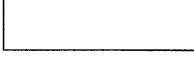
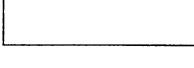
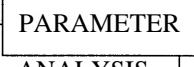
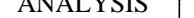
<WDM NF>		ASE: ±0.40 nm	OFST(IN):0.00 dB	OFST(OUT):0.00 dB				
CH: AUTO		MAX NUM: 20	THRESH: 20.00 dB	MODE DIFF: 3.00 dB				
NO.	WAVELENGTH [nm]	INPUT LEV [dBm]	OUTPUT LEV [dBm]	ASE LEV [dBm]	RESOLN [nm]	GAIN [dB]	NF [dB]	
01	1547.464	-19.94	-2.44	-33.28	0.145	17.49	5.58	
02	1549.076	-19.93	-2.19	-33.01	0.158	17.73	5.25	
03	1550.679	-19.94	-1.92	-32.65	0.148	18.02	5.62	
04	1552.268	-19.98	-1.70	-32.45	0.146	18.28	5.63	

The list can be scrolled with the rotary knob or the step key when larger than a screen.

Explanation of Each Item

- WAVELENGTH (Note 1): Peak wavelength of each channel (to be obtained from Trace A).
 INPUT LEV : Level before amplification of each channel (to be obtained from Trace A).
 OUTPUT LBE : Level after amplification of each channel (to be obtained from Trace B).
 ASE LEV : ASE level of each channel
 RESOLN : Measurement resolution of each channel (to be obtained from Trace B)
 GAIN : Gain of each channel
 NF : NF value of each channel

Note 1 : Frequency is displayed when the marker is in the frequency length display mode.

- ⑭  ----- The cursor on the window moves in the \rightarrow direction.
-  ----- The cursor on the window moves in the \downarrow direction.
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
-  ----- Returns to the soft key menu of ANALYSIS. (To (D)
- A
- 
- 

- < ANALYSIS2 FIL-PK >

FILTER (PEAK) ANALYSIS								
ITEM		ALGO	TH [dB]	K	MODE FIT	MODE DIFF [dB]	CH SPACE [nm]	SEARCH AREA [nm]
PEAK LVL	ON	PKLVL	—	—	—	—	—	—
PEAK WL	ON	PKWL	—	—	—	—	—	—
MEANWL	ON	THRESH	3.00	1.00	OFF	3.00	—	—
SPEC WD	ON	THRESH	3.00	LOO	OFF	3.00	—	—
CRS TALK	ON	THRESH	3.00	1.00	OFF	3.00	± 0.40	—
RIPPLE WD	ON	THRESH	3.00	—	—	0.50	—	—

- < ANALYSIS2 FIL-BTM >

FILTER (BOTTOM) ANALYSIS						
ITEM		ALGO	TH [dB]	MODE DIFF [dB]	CH SPACE [nm]	SEARCH AREA [nm]
BTM LVL	ON	BTM LVL	—	—	—	—
BTMWL	ON	BTMWL	—	—	—	—
MEANWL	ON	BOTTOM	3.00	3.00	—	—
NOTCH WD	ON	BOTTOM	3.00	3.00	—	—
CRS TALK	ON	BOTTOM	3.00	1.00	± 0.40	—

- PEAK LVL (Peak level)
- BTM LVL (Bottom level)
- PEAK WL (Peak wavelength)
- BTM WL (Bottom wavelength)
- MEAN WL (Center wavelength) — Specifies any algorithm for the calculation and sets the parameter in order to make Accalculated from the spectral band width the center wavelength.
- SPEC WD (Spectral band width) — Specifies an algorithm and set the parameter for measurement of spectral band width.
- NOTCH WD (Notch width) ----- Specifies an algorithm and set the parameter for measurement of notch width.
- CRS TALK (Cross talk) ----- Specifies an algorithm and set the parameter for measurement of cross talk.
- RIPPLE WD (Ripple width) ----- Specifies an algorithm and set the parameter for measurement of ripple width.

(39) cCURSOR -*> Key

Moves the cursor shown in the window one by one in the direction.

If this key is kept pressing, the cursor returns to the original place.

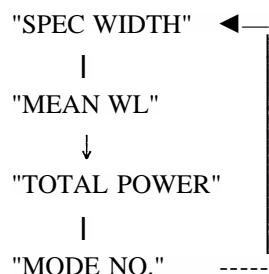
"SW"-*"ALGO" *"TH"—>"K"->"MODE FIT" »"MODE DIFF" "CH SPACE"-*"SEARCI I AREA"

(40) <CURSOR |> Key

Moves the cursor shown in the window one by one in the " | " direction.

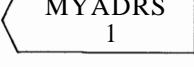
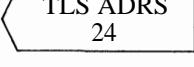
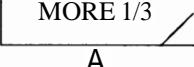
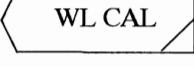
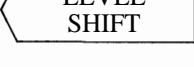
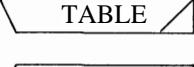
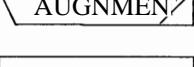
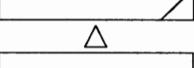
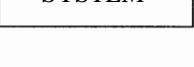
If this key is kept pressing, the cursor returns to the original place.

(Example)



2.4 [SYSTEM] Switch

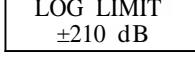
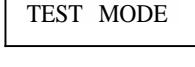
When this switch is pressed, the soft key menu of (1) is displayed.

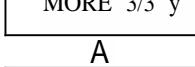
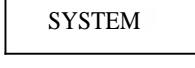
- ①  Sets the amount of feed after print output. (Toggle)
-  Registers user keys. The screen for registration is displayed.
-  Sets the built-in clock.
-  Sets the display color.
-  Sets the buzzer function.
-  Sets the my address.
-  Sets the address of the variable wavelength light source.
-  Displays the soft key menu of (2).
- A
-  SYSTEM
- ②  Calibrates the absolute value of the wavelength.
-  Sets the amount of wavelength shift.
-  Sets the amount of level shift.
-  Automatically performs amplifier offset periodically.
-  Edits the user wavelength calibration table.
-  Edits the user level calibration table.
-  Adjust the optical axis of the monochromator optical system.
-  Displays the soft key menu of (3).
- △
-  SYSTEM

- (3) * / **GPIB2ADR**
 \ 2

 Selects the system controller on the GP-IB2 port.
- UNCAL WARNING**

 Sets for tuning ON/OFF the UNCAL and the warning display. (Toggle)
- * **ACTUAL RES DISP**

 Sets for turning ON/OFF the resolution ability value display. (Toggle)
- * **LOG LIMIT ±210 dB**

 Sets the upper and lower limit values of LOG data to be handled inside.
 $(\pm 100\text{dB} \text{ or } \pm 210\text{dB})$
- TEST MODE**

 Sets the test mode.
- A**

- MORE 3/3 y**

 Displays the soft key menu of (I).
- SYSTEM**


(1) <ACTUAL RES DISP> Key

While this key is selected, the resolution ability value in setting the present center wavelength is displayed on the interrupt display with the <RESOLN> key for [SETUP].

Display example----- RES 0.02 nm

(0.014 nm) ← Resolution ability value in setting the present center wavelength.

(2) <LOG LIMIT> Key

Sets the upper and lower limit values of LOG data to be handled inside.

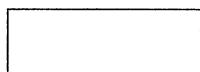
Either of the two values $\pm 210\text{dB}$ and $\pm 100\text{dB}$ can be set.

2.5 [ADVANCE] Switch

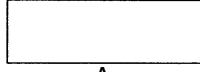
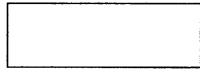
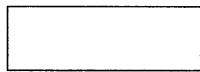
When this key is pressed, the soft key menu of (1) is displayed.

(D / LONGTERM
\\ SWEEP /) Moves to the long-term measurement. (To O)

 Moves to the long-term display screen. (To (3))



 Moves to the power meter function.

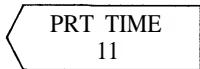


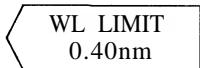
A

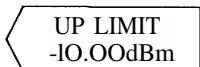


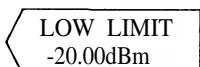
②  Starts or stops the long-term measurement. (Toggle)

 Sets the measurement interval for the long-term measurement.

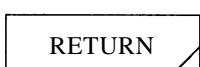
 Sets the number of repeating times for the long-term measurement.

 Sets the threshold value of the wavelength drift.

 Sets the upper limit value of the level.

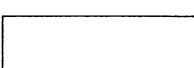
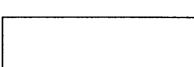
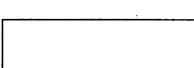
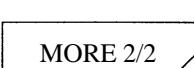
 Sets the lower limit value of the level.

 Sets the lower limit value of the SNR.

 Returns to the software key menu of Q).

A



(3)		Selects the whole channel display or the single channel display. "/Toggle"
		Selects any of the wavelength display, the level display and the SRN display. (3-section toggle)
		Set a channel in the single channel display.
		Selects displaying in absolute values or displaying in relative values for the reference data. (Toggle)
		Specify data at the cursor position to the reference data.
		Makes the preset value the reference data.
		Displays the soft key menu of @.
		Returns to the software key menu of CD.
A		
@ *		Automatically sets the vertical axis scale on the graph.
* *		Manually sets the vertical axis scale on the graph. (To ®)
		Selects the vertical axis or the horizontal axis to which the cursor is moved with the rotary knob. (Toggle)
		
		
		
		Displays the soft key menu of (3).
		Returns to the software key menu of (!)•
A		

(1) <Y SCALE AUTO> Key

When this key is selected, the vertical axis scale is automatically set on the long-term measurement result display graph.

(2) <Y SCALE MANUAL> Key

When this key is selected, the vertical axis scale can be manually set on the long-term measurement result display graph.

When this key is pressed, the soft key menu of (5) is displayed.

- (5)
- | | |
|---|--|
| * | Sets the Y-axis center wavelength on the wavelength display graph. |
| * | Sets the Y-axis span on the wavelength display graph. |
| * | Sets the Y-axis center level on the level display graph. |
| * | Sets the Y-axis scale on the level display graph. |
| * | Sets the Y-axis center level on the SNR display graph. |
| * | Sets the Y-axis scale on the SNR display graph. |
| | Sets the same value as that at the <Y SCALE AUTO> selecting time to scale on each graph. |
| | Display the soft key menu of (J). |
- A

(3) <WL CTR ***.*nm> Key

Sets the Y-axis center wavelength on the wavelength display graph.

The Y-axis center wavelength can be set with the rotary knob, the step key or the ten-key pad in the range from 600.00 to 1750.00 nm (0.01 step).

(4) <WL SPAN ***.*nm> Key

Sets the Y-axis span on the wavelength display graph.

The Y-axis span can be changed with the rotary knob, the step key or the ten-key pad in the range from 0.0 to 1200.0 nm (0.1 step).

(5) <LVL CTR ***.*dB> Key

Sets the Y-axis center level on the level display graph.

The Y-axis center level can be changed with the rotary knob, the step key or the ten-key pad in the range from -90.00 to 20.00 dB (0.01 step).

(6) <LVL SCALE **.*dB> Key

Sets the Y-axis scale on the level display graph.

The Y-axis scale can be changed with the rotary knob, the step key or the ten-key pad in the range from 0.1 to 10.0 dB (0.1 step).

(7) <SNR CTR ***.*dB> Key

Sets the Y-axis center level on the SNR display graph.

The Y-axis center level can be changed with the rotary knob, the step key or the ten-key pad in the range from -90.0 to 20.0 dB (0.01 step).

(8) <SNR SCALE **.*dB> Key

Sets the Y-axis scale on the SNR display graph.

The Y-axis scale can be changed with the rotary knob, the step key or the ten-key pad in the range from 0.1 to 10.0 dB (0.1 step).

3. Detailed Explanation of Analysis Functions

This section details the following analysis functions which have been added or changed his time:

- Ⓐ WDM Analysis Function
- Ⓑ WDM-NF Analysis Function
- Ⓒ Optical Filter Analysis Function
- Ⓓ Notch Width Measuring Function

3.1 WDM Analysis Function

(1) Analysis Items

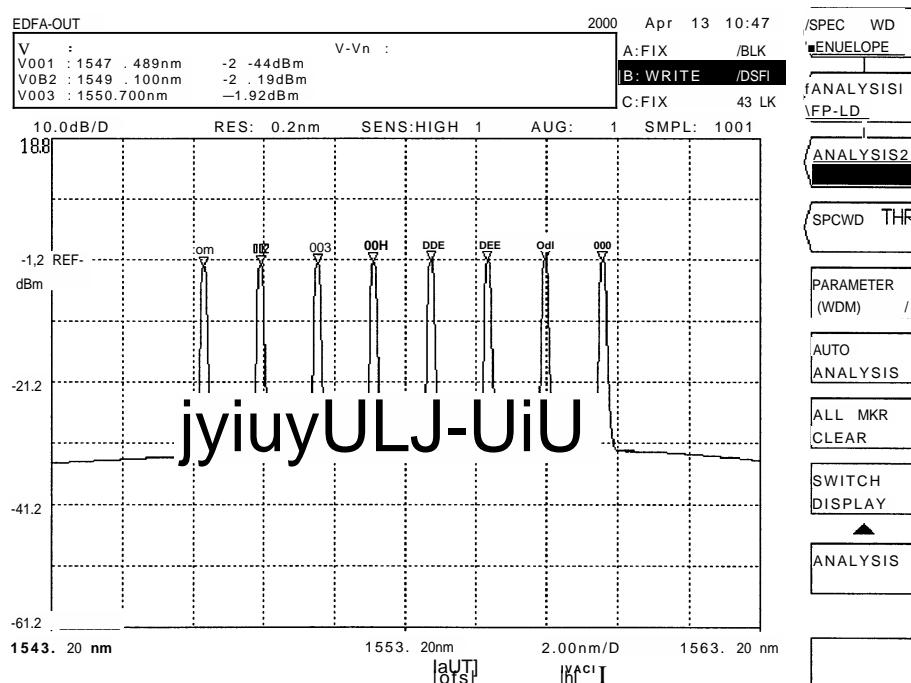
The following values are obtained from measured WDM wavelength:

- Center wavelength of each channel X_i
- Level of each channel L_i
- Noise level of each channel peak L_{Ni}
- Difference between level of each channel peak and noise level (SNR) S_{Ni}
- Wavelength difference for the channel peak that becomes the standard
- Level difference for the channel peak that becomes the standard

However, $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$

(2) Analysis Example and Display Items

An actual WDM waveform example and a WDM analysis example are as follows:



Example WDM Measurement Waveform

CD When <DISPLAY ABSOLUTE> is set,

EDFA-OUT

<WDM ANALYSIS>		REF CH: HIGHEST	REF TBL: ITU-T	NOISE POI:	2000 Apr 13 10:48	
		TH:20.00dB	MAX NUM: 20	MODE DIFF:	0.40nm	
NO.	WAUELENGTH [nm]	LEUEL [dBm]	OFFSET WL [nm]	OFST LVL [dB]	NOISE (/BW) [dBm]	SNR [dB]
01	1547.477	-2.45	-9.683	-1.23	-23.96	21.51
02	1549.090	-2.20	-8.069	-0.98	-23.67	21.47
03	1550.696	-1.92	-6.464	-0.71	-23.30	21.38
04	1552.284	-1.70	-4.876	-0.49	-23.07	21.37
05	1553.903	-1.49	-3.257	-0.28	-22.95	21.45
06	1555.529	-1.38	-1.631	-0.16	-22.81	21.43
07	1557.145	-1.22	(REF)	(REF)	-22.71	21.49
08	1558.766	-1.37	1.607	-0.15	-22.83	21.46

Right side buttons:
 OFFSET
 SPACING
 REF CHNEL
 HIGHEST
 /ref chnel
 \NO. 1
 DISPLAY
 ABSOLUTE
 DISPLAY
 SETTING /
 REF DATA
 SETTING /
 MORE P4
 1/1
 RETURN
 PARAMETER
 ANALYSIS

Example of WDM List at the time of <DISPLAY ABSOLUTE>

<Explanation of Display Items>

- No. : WDM channel number
- Wavelength (*1) : Center wavelength of each channel
- Level : Level of each channel
- Offset WL (*2) : Offset wavelength for any one mode (to be set with the <REF CHNEL> key)
- OFST LVL (*2) : Offset level for any one mode (to be set with the <REF CHNEL> key)
- Noise : Noise level of each channel
- SNR : SNR of each channel

*7 : Frequency is displayed when the marker is in the frequency display mode.

*2 : When <SPACING> is selected, these change to SPACING and LVL DIFF.

- O When <DISPLAY RELATIVE> is set,

The display shows the following information:

EDFA-OUT						2000 Apr 13 10:48
<WDM ANALYSIS>		REF CH:HIGHEST	REF TBL:ITU-T	NOISE POI: 0.40nm		OFFSET [SPACING]
		TH:20.00dB	MAX NUM: 20	MODE DIFF: 3.00dB		REF CHNEL HIGHEST
NO.	WAUELENGTH [nm]	LEUEL [dBm]	OFFSET WL [nm]	OFST LVL [dB]	NOISE (/BW) [dBm]	SNR [dB]
01	-0.161	-27.55	-9.683	-1.23	-26.04	-1.51
02	-0.176	-27.80	-8.069	-0.98	-26.33	-1.47
03	-0.179	-28.08	-6.464	-0.71	-26.70	-1.38
04	-0.161	-28.30	-4.876	-0.49	-26.93	-1.37
05	-0.172	-28.51	-3.257	-0.28	-27.05	-1.45
06	-0.186	-28.62	-1.631	-0.16	-27.19	-1.43
07	-0.186	-28.78	(REF)	(REF)	-27.29	-1.49
08	-0.189	-28.63	1.607	-0.15	-27.17	-1.46

Vertical menu on the right:

- /REF CHNEL
- \NO. 1
- DISPLAY RELATIEUE
- DISPLAY SETTING /
- REF DATA SETTING /
- MORE 1/4
- RETURN
- PARAMETER
- [analysis]

Example of WDM List at the time of <DISPLAY RELATIVE>

<Explanation of Display Items>

- No. : WDM channel number
- Wavelength (*1) : Center wavelength of each channel (Relative value for reference data)
- Level : Level of each channel (Relative value for reference data)
- Offset WL (*2) : Offset wavelength for any one mode (to be set with the <REF CHNEL> key)
- OFST LVL (*2) : Offset level for any one mode (to be set with the <REF CHNEL> key)
- Noise : Noise level of each channel
- SNR : SNR of each channel

*7 : Frequency is displayed when the marker is in the frequency display mode.

*2 : When <SPACING> is selected, these change to SPACING and LVL DIFF.

@ When <DISPLAY ABS & REL> is set,

EDFA-OUT							2000 Apr 13 10:48
<WDM ANALYSIS>			REF CH:HIGHEST	REF TBL: ITU-T	NOISE POI:	0.40nm	
			TH:20.00dB	MAX NUM: 20	MODE DIFF: 3.00dB		
NO.	ABS WL [nm]	REL WL [nm]	ABS LU [dBm]	REL LU [dB]	ABS SNR [dB]	REL SNR [dB]	
01	1547.477	-0.161	-2.45	-27.55	21.51	-1.51	
02	1549.090	-0.176	-2.20	-27.80	21.47	-1.47	
03	1550.696	-0.179	-1.92	-28.08	21.38	-1.38	
04	1552.284	-0.161	-1.70	-28.30	21.37	-1.37	
05	1553.903	-0.172	-1.49	-28.51	21.45	-1.45	
06	1555.529	-0.186	-1.38	-28.62	21.43	-1.43	
07	1557.145	-0.186	-1.22	-28.78	21.49	-1.49	
08	1558.766	-0.189	-1.37	-28.63	21.46	-1.46	

Example of WDM List at the time of <DISPLAY ABS & REL>

<Explanation of Display Items>

- No. : WDM channel number
- ABSWL(*1) : Center wavelength of each channel
- RELWL(*1) : Center wavelength of each channel (Relative value for reference data)
- ABSLV : Level of each channel
- RELLV : Level of each channel (Relative value for reference data)
- ABS SNR : SNR of each channel
- REL SNR : SNR of each channel (Relative value for reference data)

*1 : Frequency is displayed when the marker is in the frequency display mode.

@ When <DISPLAY DRIFT> is set,

EDFA-OUT								2000 Apr 13 10:48	
<WDM ANALYSIS>		REF CH: HIGHEST	REF TBL: ITU-T	NOISE POI: 0.40nm					OFFSET
		TH:20.00dB	MAX NUM: 20	t10DE DIFF: 3.00dB					SPACING
NO.	REL WL[nm]	MAX[nm] MIN[nm]	MAX-MIN [nm]	REL LU[dBm]	LU [dBm]	MAX[dB] MIN[dB]	MAX-MIN [dB]		
01	-0.161 1547.477	-0.161 -0.161	0.000	-27.55 -2.45	-27.55 -27.55	0.00			
02	-0.176 1549.090	-0.176 -0.176	0.000	-27.80 -2.20	-27.80 -27.80	0.00			
03	-0.179 1550.696	-0.179 -0.179	0.000	-28.08 -1.92	-28.08 -28.08	0.00			
04	-0.161 1552.284	-0.161 -0.161	0.000	-28.30 -1.70	-28.30 -28.30	0.00			
05	-0.172 1553.903	-0.172 -0.172	0.000	-28.51 -1.49	-28.51 -28.51	0.00			
06	-0.186 1555.529	-0.186 -0.186	0.000	-28.62 -1.38	-28.62 -28.62	0.00			
07	-0.186 1557.145	-0.186 -0.186	0.000	-28.78 -1.22	-28.78 -28.78	0.00			
08	-0.189 1558.766	-0.189 -0.189	0.000	-28.63 -1.37	-28.63 -28.63	0.00			

Example of WDM List at the time of <DISPLAY DRIFT>

<Explanation of Display Items>

- No. : WDM channel number
- RELWL(*1) : Center wavelength of each channel (Relative value for reference data)
- ABSWL(*1) : Center wavelength of each channel
- MAX/MIN (*1) : MAX/MIN value of REL WL
- MAX-MIN (*1) : Fluctuation width of REL WL
- RELLV : Level of each channel (Relative value for reference data)
- ABS LV : Level of each channel
- MAX/MIN : MAX/MIN Value of REL LV
- MAX-MIN : Fluctuation width of REL LV

*1 : Frequency is displayed when the marker is in the frequency display mode.

(3) Channel Distinguishing Method

- When CH DETECT is AUTO,
CD Obtain all the maximum points and the minimum points of a waveform.
- (2) When the level difference for the minimum points on the both sides exceeds the difference between the top and the bottom MODE DIFF and the level difference of the largest maximum point exceeds THRESH, the maximum points are judged as the channel peak. The center at the point 3dB (or the MODE DIFF value when the MODE DIFF set point is less than 3 dB) lower to the right and to the left than the obtained channel peak is called the channel center wavelength X_i .
The maximum number of channels obtained shall be up to MAX No.
CD i numbers are called Channel 1, 2, ... in the order of channel peak from the short wavelength side.
- When CH DETECT is PRESET,
(D Obtain the intermediate point between the right channel and the left channel for each channel being set with PRESET WL TABLE (up to the channels being set with MAX No).
(2) Obtain the peak of each channel in the range from the intermediate point of the left channel to the intermediate point of the right channel and judge the point as the channel peak. The center at the point 3 dB (or the MODE DIFF value when the MODE DIFF set point is less than 3 dB) lower to the right and to the left than the obtained channel peak is called the channel center wavelength X_i .

* Set "MODE DIFF," "THRESH," "MAX No." and "PRESET WL TABLE" according to the PARAMETER menu of the ANALYSIS switch.

(4) Noise Calculating Method

- When NOISE POINT is FIX,
(D Obtain the levels EL_i and ER_i of each channel at the points the NOISE POINT (nm) away to the left and to the right.
② Assuming that the equation, $LNi = \frac{EL_i + ER_i}{2}$ can be formed, obtain the noise level LNi .
- When NOISE POINT is CENTER,
(D Obtain the noise level LNi of each channel peak.
 - Obtain the level E_i at the intermediate point of each channel.
 - Obtain the average value of the left E_i and the right E_i for each channel. (Linear interpolation)
 - Also, convert this value into the power density per 1 nm with the resolution stored in this equipment and make it LNi .

(5) Level Calculating Method

Obtain the level L_i of each channel from the following equation:

$$L_i = \text{Mode Peak Level} - \text{Noise level of the channel } LNi$$

(6) Setting of <DUAL TRACE> Key

When this key is turned ON, WDM can be analyzed as follows from the waveforms of Traces A and B irrespective of the active trace status:

- The channel center wavelength X_i and the level value L_i can be calculated from the waveform of Trace A.
- The noise level L_{Ni} can be calculated from the waveform of Trace B.

(7) Setting of <OFFSET/SPACING> Key

- * When OFFSET is selected,
Displays the offset value for any one mode.
- * When SPACING is selected,
Displays the offset value for an adjacent mode.

(8) Reference Data at the RELATIVE Value Calculating Time

When the <DISPLAY *****> key is set so as to select "RELATIVE," "ABS & REL" or "DRIFT," the wavelength, the level and SNR are calculated as the relative values for the reference table set with the <DISPLAY SETTING> key.

© When <ITU-T TABLE> has been selected as the reference table,

- Values in the ITU-T TABLE already registered in the internal memory of this equipment are referred to for the wavelength. These values in the ITU-T TABLE can be edited with the <PRESET WL TABLE> key.
- The value set with the <LEV PRESET **.*dBm> key is referred to for the level.
- The value set with the <SNR PRESET **.*dB> key is referred to for the SNR.

© When <REF TABLE> has been selected as the reference table,

The reference table set with the <REF DATA SETTING> key is referred to.

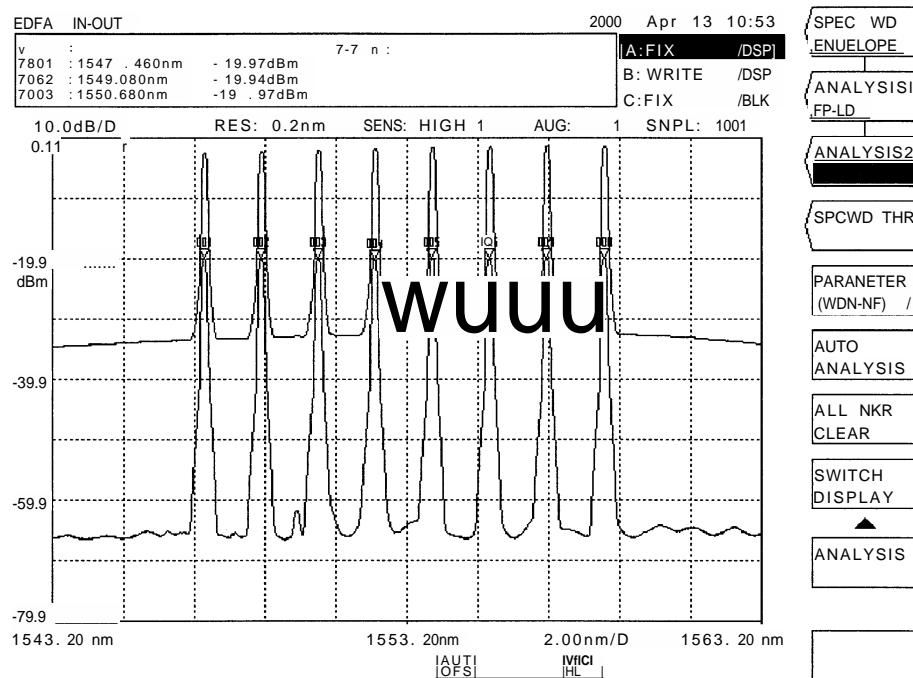
3.2 WDM-NF Analysis Function

1. Outline

The WDM-NF analysis function is for obtaining the following values for each WDM channel in block from the WDM waveforms before and after being amplified with the optical fiber amplifier:

- Center wavelength (WAVELENGTH)
- Signal light level (INPUT LEV)
- Output light level (OUTPUT LEV)
- ASE (Spontaneously emitted light) level (ASE LEV)
- Measuring resolution (RESOLN)
- Gain (GAIN)
- Noise Figure (NF)

(Measurement Example)



Example of WDM Waveforms before and after being amplified with Optical Fiber Amplifier

EDFA IN-OUT								2000 Apr 13 10:53
<WDM NF>		ASE: ± 0.40nm		OFST (IN): 0.00dB		OFST (OUT): 0.00dB		SPEC WD ENVELOPE
NO.	WAUELENGTH [nm]	INPUT LEU [dBm]	OUTPUT LEU [dBm]	ASE LEU [dBm]	RESOLN [nm]	GAIN [dB]	NF [dB]	ANALYSIS1 FP-LD
01	1547.464	-19.94	-2.44	-33.28	0.145	17.49	5.58	ANALYSIS2
02	1549.076	-19.93	-2.19	-33.01	0.158	17.73	5.25	SPCWWD THR
03	1550.679	-19.94	-1.92	-32.65	0.148	18.02	5.62	PARAMETER (WDN-NF) /
04	1552.268	-19.98	-1.70	-32.45	0.146	18.28	5.63	AUTO ANALYSIS
05	1553.885	-19.92	-1.49	-32.34	0.152	18.43	5.43	ALL NKR CLEAR
06	1555.510	-19.96	-1.37	-32.23	0.155	18.58	5.31	SWITCH DISPLAY
07	1557.126	-19.87	-1.22	-32.15	0.143	18.65	5.69	
08	1558.747	-19.92	-1.37	-32.28	0.154	18.55	5.35	

Execution Example of WDM-NF Analysis Function

The ASE level is obtained from the data of Trace A, but at the time it is necessary to set the ASE level measuring point. The measuring resolution at the ASE level measuring time necessary for the NF calculation uses the half bandwidth of the optical spectrum after amplification as the value measured for each channel.

It is possible to put the optical spectrum before and after amplification. This enables to compensate losses in measure when isolators or couplers are connected to the input and output ports of the optical fiber amplifier.

2. Operation

- (D) Set Trace A to WRITE and measure the optical spectrum of the signal light (entering the optical fiber amplifier). After the measurement, set Trace A to FIX.
- (C) Set Trace B to WRITE and measure the optical spectrum of the output light (amplified with the optical fiber amplifier). After the measurement, set Trace B to FIX.
- (R) Press the <ANALYSIS2 WDM-NF> key of the [ANALYSIS] switch.
- (4) The NF measuring function is executed, and the result is displayed in a list.

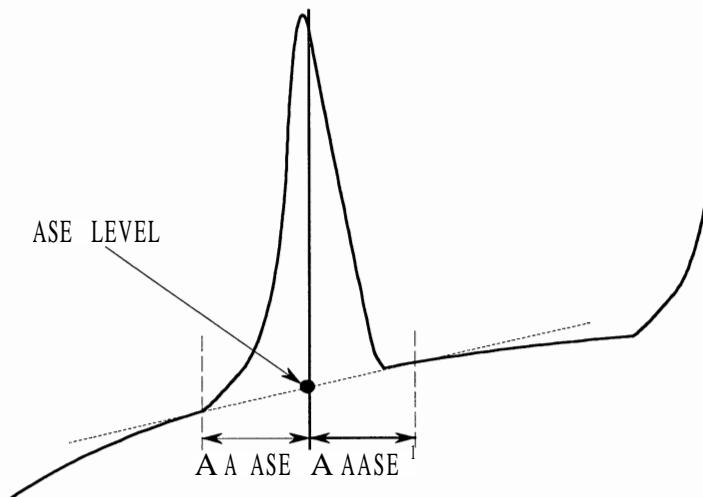
When the following soft keys are displayed, press any keys as the need arises and input relevant parameters with the rotary knob, the step key or the ten-key pad:

- <ASE POINT> Key ----- ASE level measuring position (AX ASE)
- <OFST (IN)> Key ----- Input spectrum level offset
- <OFST (OUT)> Key ----- Output spectrum level offset

3. Calculating Method

The WDM-NF analysis takes the following processes:

- (1) Execute the WDM analysis for the waveform data of Trace A and detect channels.
- © Obtain the center wavelength X_i of each channel and the signal light level PA_i from the waveform data of Trace A.
- (3) Obtain the output light level PB_i of each channel from the waveform data of Trace B.
Also, obtain the spectrum half bandwidth and make the value converted into frequency the measuring resolution X_{vi} .
- @ Obtain the levels at the two points $X_i \pm AX ASE$, which are the ASE level measuring position ($AX ASE$) away from the center wavelength X_i of each channel, from the waveform data of Trace B, and make the intermediate point of the level the ASE level (ASE i).



ASE Level Obtaining Method in WDM-NF Analysis

- (5) Calculate the gain Gi and the NF value of each channel from the following equation:

$$Gi = (PB_i - PASE_i) / PA_i$$

PA_i : Signal light level of each channel

PB_i : Output light level amplified with the optical fiber amplifier of each channel

$PASE_i$: ASE level of each channel

$$NF_i = \frac{PASE_i}{Av_i \cdot Gi \cdot h \cdot vi} + \frac{1}{Gi}$$

Av_i : Measuring resolution of each channel

h : Blank's constant

vi : Center frequency of each channel (The value obtained by converting the center wavelength X_i of each channel into frequency)

3.3 Optical Filter Analysis Function

1. Outline

The following parameters are analyzed in block from the measured waveform of the optical filter:

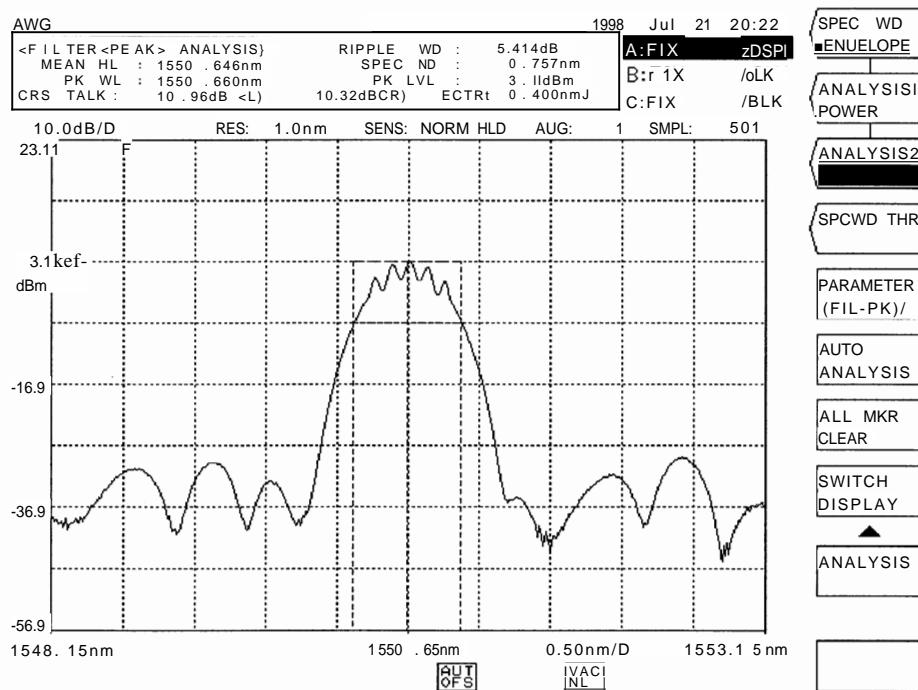
(a) FIL-PEAK

- Peak level
- Peak wavelength
- Center wavelength
- Spectral band width
- Cross talk value
- Ripple width

(b) FIL-BOTTOM

- Bottom level
- Bottom wavelength
- Center wavelength
- Notch width
- Cross talk value

(Measurement Example)



Example of FIL-PEAK Analysis

2. Algorithm

(a) FIL-PEAK

The following explains the analysis items and parameter contents:

- Ⓐ Peak level (PEAK LVL) ----- Level value at the waveform peak position
- Ⓒ Peak wavelength (PEAK WL) ----- Wavelength value at the waveform peak position
- Ⓒ Center wavelength (MEAN WL)----- Center wavelength value at threshold value TH
- Ⓒ Spectral band width (SPEC WD) — Spectral band width at threshold value TH
- Ⓒ Cross talk value (CRS TALK)

a. With THRESH / PEAK LV Algorithm,

Obtain the level value at the wavelength standard (MEAN WL in case of THRESH or PEAK WL in case of PEAK LV) and obtain the level value at the wavelength \pm LCH SPACE [nm] away from the wavelength standard. Make the difference between the both level values the cross talk.

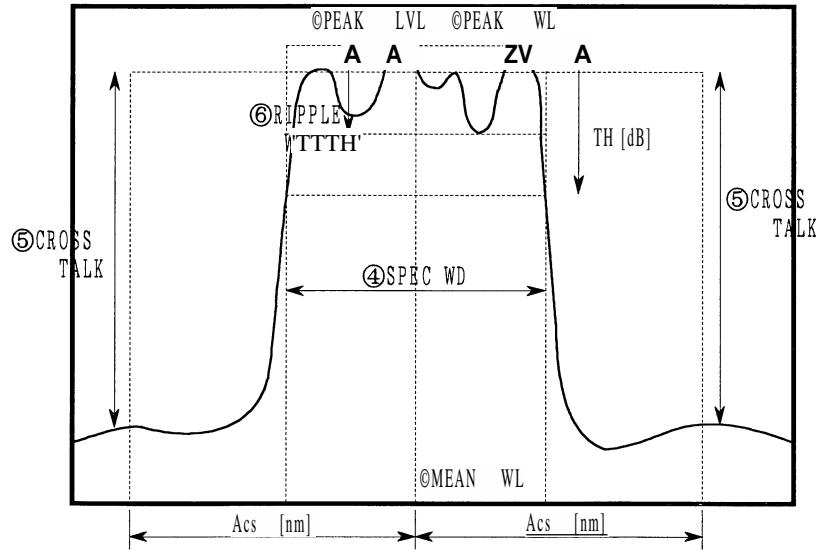
b. With ITU-T Algorithm,

Make the ITU-T grid wavelength nearest to the peak wavelength the reference wavelength, and make the difference between the bottom level in the range of the reference wavelength \pm LSEARCH AREA[nm] and the peak level in the range \pm .SEARCH AREA[nm] at the position the reference wavelength \pm .CII SPACEfnm] away the cross talk.

- (6) Ripple Width (RIPPLE WD)----- Search the spectral band width, and make the value obtained by subtracting the bottom level from the peak level in the obtained spectral band width the ripple width.

Contents of <PARAMETER> Key at the time of FIL PEAK

FILTER (PEAK) ANALYSIS								
ITEM	SW	ALGO	TH [dB]	K	MODE FIT	MODE DIFF [dB]	CH SPACE [nm]	SEARCH AREA [nm]
PEAK LVL	ON/OFF	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
PEAKWL	ON/OFF	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MEANWL	ON/OFF	THRESH/RMS	**. **	**. **	OFF	**. **	—	—
SPEC WD	ON/OFF	THRESH/RMS	**. **	**. **	OFF	**. **	—	—
CRS TALK	ON/OFF	THRESH/PK LVL/ITU-T	**. **	—	—	—	±**. **	±*. **
RIPPLE WD	ON/OFF	THRESH	**. **	—	—	**. **	—	—



Analysis Items at the time of FIL PEAK

(b) FIL-BOTTOM

The following explains the analysis items and parameter contents:

- Ⓐ Bottom level (BTM LVL) ----- Level value at the waveform bottom position
- Ⓑ Bottom wavelength (BTM WL) ----- Wavelength value at the waveform bottom position
- Ⓒ Center wavelength (MEAN WL) ----- Center wavelength value at threshold value TH
- Ⓓ Notch width (NOTCH WD) ----- Notch width at threshold value TH
- Ⓔ Cross talk value (CRS TALK)

a. With PEAK/BOTTOM/BOTTOM LV Algorithm,

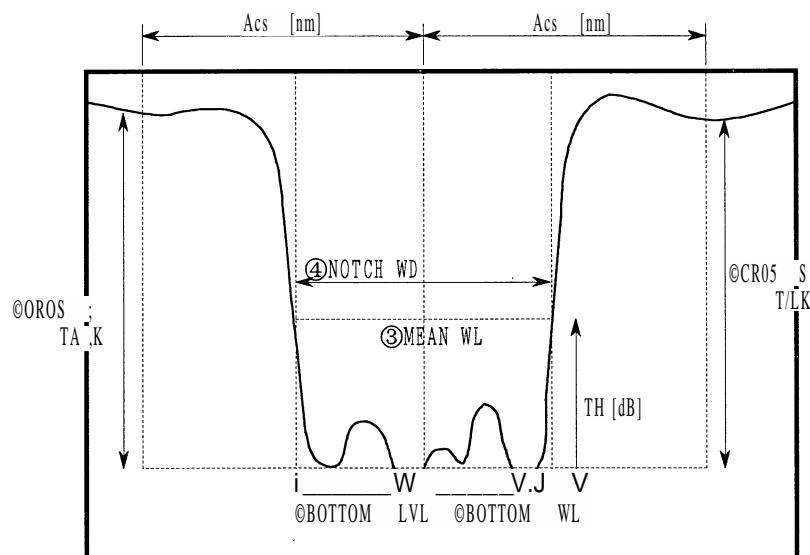
Obtain the level value at the wavelength standard (MEAN WL in case of PEAK/BOTTOM or BOTTOM WL in case of BOTTOM LV) and obtain the level value at the wavelength $\pm X\text{CH SPACE}$ [nm] away from the wavelength standard. Make the difference between the both level values the cross talk.

b. With ITU-T Algorithm,

Make the ITU-T grid wavelength nearest to the bottom wavelength the reference wavelength, and make the difference between the peak level in the range of the reference wavelength $\pm X\text{SEARCH AREA}$ [nm] and the bottom level in the range $\pm A\text{SEARCH AREA}$ [nm] at the position the reference wavelength $\pm C\text{I 1SPACE}$ [nm] away the cross talk.

Contents of <PARAMETER> Key at the time of FIL BOTTOM

FILTER (BOTTOM) ANALYSIS						
ITEM	SW	ALGO	TH [dB]	MODE DIFF [dB]	CH SPACE [nm]	SEARCH AREA [nm]
BTM LVL	ON/OFF	—	—	—	—	—
BTMWL	ON/OFF	—	—	—	—	—
MEANWL	ON/OFF	PEAK/BOTTOM	** *.*	*** ***	—	—
NOTCH WD	ON/OFF	PEAK/BOTTOM	** *.*	*** ***	—	—
CRS TALK	ON/OFF	PEAK/BOTTOM /BTM LV/ITU-T	** *.*	—	—	±* *.*



Analysis Items at the time of FIL BOTTOM

3.4 NOTCH Width Measuring Function

The threshold value TH**.*dB is set for active trace waveforms to obtain the notch width AX and its center wavelength XC. In this case, the <PEAK BOTTOM> key is used to set whether the threshold value TH is calculated from the waveform peak level or the bottom level.

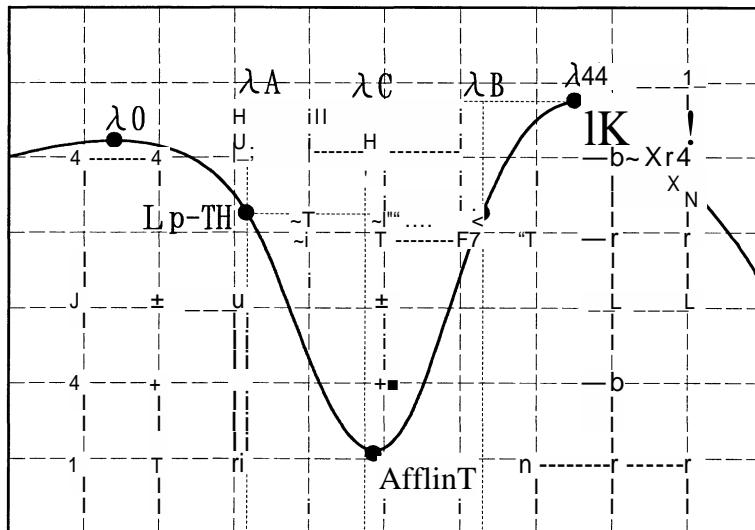
- (a) At the time of NOTCH-PEAK

- CD Find the minimum point Xmin of the level.
- © Find the point XO where the level becomes the maximum on the left side from Xmin and find the point XI where the level becomes the maximum on the right side from Xmin.
Compare the both levels at XO and XI and make the larger level Lp.
- (3) Make the wavelength on the most left side where the spectrum crosses with the level (Log value) of Lp-TH between XO and Xmin XA.
Make the wavelength on the most right side where the spectrum crosses with the level (Log value) of Lp-TH between Xmin and XI XB.
- @ The center wavelength can be obtained from the following equation:

$$Xc = \frac{XA + XB}{2}$$

- (5) The notch width AX can be obtained from the following equation:

$$AX = XB - XA$$



Measurement of Notch Width (PEAK)

(b) At the time of NOTCH-BOTTOM

(D) Find the minimum point X_{min} of the level.

Make the level at he X_{min} point L_b .

(D) Make the wavelength on the most right side where the spectrum crosses with the level (Log value) of L_b -TH on the left side from X_{min} LA.

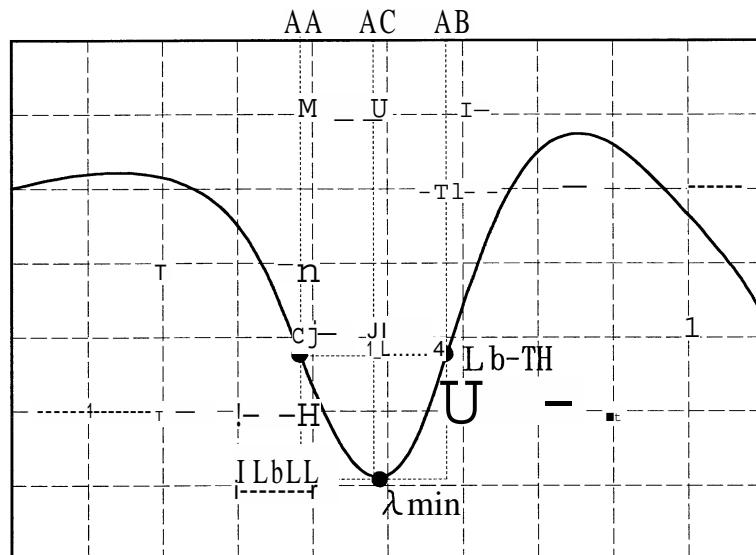
Make the wavelength on the most left side where the spectrum crosses with the level (Log value) of L_b -TH on the right side from X_{min} LB.

(3) The center wavelength can be obtained from the following equation:

$$X_c = \frac{XA + XB}{2}$$

@ The notch width AX can be obtained from the following equation:

$$AX = XB - XA$$



Measurement of Notch Width (BOTTOM)

4. Program Functions/GP-IB Commands

In this software, program commands and GP-IB commands are also added and changed for the functions added and changed.

Table 1 shows the List of Program Commands and Table 2 shows the List of GP-IB Commands.

The commands marked with * are those added or changed this time.

Table 1-1 Panel Switch Command List (1/24)

Panel switch	Soft key list display	Program area display	Explanation and range of parameter
SWEEP	AUTO REPEAT SINGLE STOP SEGMENT MEASURE	AUTO REPEAT SINGLE STOP SEGMENT MEASURE	Auto sweep Repeat sweep Single sweep Stop of sweep Measurement of the specified number of points starting from the wavelength position at a stop.
	SEG POINT * * * *	SEGMENT POINT * * * *	Specifies the number of points to be measured by <SEGMENT MEASURE.*. 1 to 2000 (1 step)
	SWEET MKR L1-L2 ###	SWEET MKR L1-L2 ###	Selects ON or OFF for the marker-to-marker sweep function. For ###, select ON or OFF by rotary knob.
	SWP INTVL * * * * sec	SWP INTVL * * * * sec	Sets the interval time at repeat sweep. MINIMUM, 1 to 9999 sec (1 step) [MINIMUM when "0" is set.]
CENTER	CENTER WL * * * *. * nm CENTER WL @@@@@@	CENTER WL * * * *. * nm CENTER WL @@@@@@	Sets the mean wavelength. 600.00 to 1750.00 nm (0.01 step) Sets the variable @@@@@ value to the center wavelength. For @@@@@, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, WM, W1, W2, and PKWL by rotary knob.
	CENTER FREQ * * *. * THz CENTER FREQ @@@@@@	CENTER FREQ * * *. * THz CENTER FREQ @@@@@@	Sets the center frequency. 171.500 to 499.500 THz (0.001 step) Sets the variable @@@@@ to the center frequency. For @@@@@, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, WM, W1, W2, and PKWL variables by rotary knob.
	START WL * * * *. * nm	START WL * * * *. * nm	Sets the measurement start wavelength. 0.00 to 1750.00 nm (0.01 step)
	START FREQ * * *. * THz STOP WL * * * *. * nm STOP FREQ * * *. * THz PEAK CENTER	START FREQ * * *. * THz STOP WL * * * *. * nm STOP FREQ * * *. * THz PEAK -> CENTER	Sets the measurement start frequency. 1.0 to 499.5 THz (0.1 step) Sets the measurement end wavelength. 600.00 to 2350.00 nm (0.01 step) Sets the measurement end frequency. 171.5 to 674.5 THz (0.1 step) Sets the peak wavelength of the waveform on active trace to the mean wavelength.

Table I-1 Panel Switch Command List (2/24)

Panel switch	Soft key list display	Program area display	Explanation and range of parameter
CENTER (cont.)	AUTO CENTER ####	AUTO CENTER ####	Select ON or OFF for the peak →enter function to be executed at the end of each sweep. For ###, select ON or OFF by rotary knob.
SPAN	W $\frac{S}{0-1}$ MM $\frac{A}{W}$ $\frac{S}{0-1}$ S $\frac{V}{\Delta}$ $\frac{A}{S}$ $\frac{S}{V}$ $\frac{V}{\Delta}$ $\frac{V}{S}$	SPAN WL ***.* nm SPAN WL @@@@ @@@	Sets the span. 0, 0.5 to 1200.0 nm (0.1 step) Sets the variable @@@@ value to the span. For @@@@, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, W2-W1 and SPWD variables by rotary knob.
	S P- MW P- P-i	SPAN FREQ ***.* THz SPAN FREQ @@@@ @@@	Sets the span. 0, 0.10 to 350.00 THz (0.01 step) Sets the variable @@@@ value to the span. For @@@@, select S, X, Y, Z, W2-W1 and SPWD variables by rotary knob.
	W $\frac{P}{Z}$ T $\frac{S}{M}$ ***.* * $\frac{P}{Q}$	START WL ***.* nm	Sets the measurement start wavelength. 0.00 to 1750.00 nm (0.01 step)
	W $\frac{P}{Z}$ H $\frac{M}{A}$ ***.* $\frac{P}{Q}$ $\frac{P}{Z}$ U $\frac{P}{Z}$ A ***.* $\frac{P}{Q}$	START FREQ ***.* THz STOP WL ***.* nm	Sets the measurement start frequency. 1.0 to 499.5 THz (0.1 step) Sets the measurement end wavelength. 600.00 to 2350.00 nm (0.01 step)
	W $\frac{P}{Z}$ $\frac{P}{Z}$ M $\frac{2}{1}$ ***.* $\frac{P}{Z}$ $\Delta \lambda$ T \gg $\frac{P}{Z}$ O $\frac{P}{Q}$ 8 H $\frac{P}{Z}$ $\frac{P}{Q}$ $\frac{P}{Z}$ $\frac{P}{M}$	STOP FREQ ***.* THz AX-> SPAN Onm SWEEP TIME ** sec	Sets the measurement end frequency. 171.5 to 674.5 THz (0.1 step) Performs spectral width search and sets the result as span. Sets the time for sweep at a span of 0 nm. MINIMUM, 1 to 50 sec (1 step) [MINIMUM when "0" is set.]
	8 sM 8	X SCALE UNIT WAVELENGTH X SCALE UNIT FREQUENCY	Sets the unit of the vertical axis to the wavelength display. Sets the unit of the vertical axis to the frequency display.

Table 1-1 Panel Switch Command List (3/24)

Panel switch	Soft key list display	Program area display	Explanation and range of parameter
LE ^v EL	- $\text{REF}_{\text{--}}$ $\text{L}_{\text{--}}^{\text{--}}$ $\text{SET}_{\text{--}}$ * * . * - $\text{dB}_{\text{--}}$	* * * . * dBm	Sets the reference level value in the LOG scale mode. -90.0 to 20.0 dBm (0.1 step)
REF ^v L ^v V _x L * * * . * #	$\text{REF}_{\text{--}}$ $\text{L}_{\text{--}}^{\text{--}}$ $\text{V}_{\text{x}}_{\text{--}}$ * * * . * #	$\text{REF}_{\text{--}}$. -- $\text{L}_{\text{--}}^{\text{--}}$. --	Sets reference level value in the linear scale. 1.00 pW to 100 mW (1.00 to 9.99 [pW, nW, pW, (mW)]; 0.01 step, 10.0 to 99.9 (100) [pW, nW, pW, (mW)]; 0.1 step, 100 to 999 [pW, nW, pW]; 1 step) ## selects either one of pW, nW, pW or mW.
REF LEVEL @@@@	REF LEVEL @@@@		Sets the variable @@@@ value to the reference level value. For @@@@, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, LM, LI, L2, PKLVL, MKPWR, PWMTR and ASELV variables by rotary knob.
LVL SCALE ** * dB/D	LEVEL SCALE ** * dB/D		Sets the level scale value. LINEAR, 0.1 to 10.0 dB/DIV (0.1 step) [LINEAR when "0" is set.]
↑ * , $\text{ALL}^{\text{--}}$ $\text{ALL}^{\text{--}}$	$\text{L}_{\text{--}}^{\text{--}}$ $\text{V}_{\text{x}}^{\text{--}}$ $\text{L}_{\text{--}}^{\text{--}}$ $\text{C}_{\text{--}}^{\text{--}}$ $\text{S}_{\text{--}}^{\text{--}}$ $\text{F}_{\text{--}}^{\text{--}}$ $\Omega_{\text{--}}^{\text{--}}$ $\Omega_{\text{--}}^{\text{--}}$ $\Omega_{\text{--}}^{\text{--}}$		Sets the variable @@@@ value to the level scale value. For @@@@, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, L2-L1, SMSR, and EDFNF variables by rotary knob.
BASE LEVEL ****	BASE LEVEL ****		Sets the bottom value of linear scale. 0 to REF level (scale top value) x 0.9 The unit which has been set at REF level is used.
PEAK -> REF LEVEL	PEAK REF LEVEL	AUTO R _{FF} T.FVFT. ###	Sets the peak level of the waveform on active trace to the reference level. $\text{qppi_ON}_{\text{--}}$ $\text{qppi_OFF}_{\text{--}}$ $\text{qppi_PAPK}_{\text{--}}$ $\rightarrow \text{pppi}_{\text{--}}$ $\text{pppi}_{\text{--}}$ $\text{qppi}_{\text{--}}$ $\text{qppi}_{\text{--}}$ at qppi end of each sweep. For ###, select ON or OFF by rotary knob.
LEVEL UNIT #####	LEVEL UNIT #####	SUB SCALE LOG * * . * dB/D	Sets the peak level of the waveform on active trace to the reference level. Sets the unit of level scale. dBm or dB/nm
SUB LOG ** . * dB/D	SUB SCALE LOG * * . * dB/D	Sets the subscale value in the LOG scale mode. 0.1 to 10 dB/DIV (0.1 step)	Sets the subscale value in the dB/km scale mode.
SUB SCL *** dB/km	SUB SCALE *** dB/km	SUB SCALE *** dB/km	0.1 to 10.0 dB/km/D (at 0.1 step)

Table 1-1 Panel Switch Command List (4/24)

Panel switch	Soft key list display	Program area display	Explanation and range of parameter
LEVEL (cont.)	WUB *•* Q WWUB *•* Q FSH *•* Q CA-M *•* Q CDAH *•* Q ENOTE *•* kg UTO & B & H #	SUB SCALE LIN *•* /D SUB SCALE *•* % /D OFFSET LEVEL *•*.dB OFFSET LEVEL *•*.dB/km SUB SCALE MINIMUM *•*% SUB SCALE MINIMUM *•*% LENGTH *•* km AUTO SUB SCALE ###	Sets the subscale value in the LIN scale mode. 0.005 to 1.250 (0.005 step) Sets the subscale value in the % scale mode. 0.5 to 125.0%D (at 0.1 step) Sets the subscale offset value in the LOG scale mode. -99.9 to 99.9 dB (0.1 step) Sets an offset of subscale in the dB/km scale mode. -99.9 to 99.9 dB/km (at 0.1 step) Sets the bottom value of subscale in linear scale mode. 0 to 1.25 (at 0.01 step) Sets the bottom value of subscale in % scale mode. 0 to 100 (at 1 step) Sets an optical fiber length. 0.001 to 99.999 km (at 0.001 step) Selects ON or OFF for the auto subscale function to be executed at the end of each sweep. For ###, select ON or OFF by rotary knob.
SETUP	RESOLN WL *.* nm RESOLN WL @@@@ @	RESOLUTION WL *.* nm RESOLUTION WL @@@@ @	Sets the resolution. 0.01 to 2 mm (1-2-5 steps) Sets the variable @@@@ @ value to the resolution. For @@@@ @, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, W2-W1 and SPWD variables by rotary knob.
	RESOLN FREQ ***GHz RESOLN FREQ @@@@ @	RESOLUTION FREQ ***GHz RESOLUTION FREQ @@@@ @	Sets the resolution. 2, 4, 10, 20, 40, 100, 200, 400 GHz Sets the variable @@@@ @ value to the resolution. For @@@@ @, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, W2-W1, and SPWD variables by rotary knob.
*	SENS NORM RANG HOLD SENS NORM RANG AUTO SENS MID	SENS NORMAL RANGE HOLD SENS NORMAL RANGE AUTO SENS MID	Sets the measuring sensitivity to the normal fixed range mode. Sets the measuring sensitivity to the normal auto range mode. Sets the measuring sensitivity to the medium-sensitivity mode.

Table 1-1 Panel Switch Command List (5/24)

Panel switch	Soft key list display	Program area display	Explanation and range of parameter
SETUP (cont.)	SENS HIGH 1 SENS HIGH 2 SENS HIGH 3 AVERAGE TIMES *** AVERAGE TIMES @	W ^H SSSHM _W W ^K 1 W ^H W ^K M W ^H W ^K M ^> K ²³ H ² H ² H ² WW *++ A ^V K ^A H ^S M _{ay}	Sets the measuring sensitivity to the high-sensitivity mode 1. Sets the measuring sensitivity to the high-sensitivity mode 2. Sets the measuring sensitivity to the high-sensitivity mode 3. Sets the number of averaging times. 1 to 1000 (1 step) Sets the averaging count in variable @. "@" can be I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z or N.
	SAMPLING PT *** SAMPLING PT @	W ^H S ft M ^S 00 H ^O M ^E * *++ W ^H N ft M ^S ft H ^E @	Sets the number of sampling points per sweep. 11 to 20001 (1 step) Sets the sample count in variable @. "@" can be I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, or N.
CW LIGHT MEASURE	CW	CW	Sets continuous light.
PLS MEAS LPF	PLS MEAS LPF	H ^H S M ^W M ^W taw MW M ^W M ^W & U ^a M	Measures pulse light.
PLS MEAS PK HOLD ***	PLS MEAS PK HOLD ***	U ^a M M ^W M ^W S ^H & U ^a M U ^a E M M ^W M ^W S ^O H **+ U ^a M H M ^W M ^W O ^H M ^W & U ^a E H ^X H M ^W S ^O W	Measures pulse light. 1 to 9999 (1 step)
PLS MEAS EXT TRG	TLS SYNC SWEEP ###	U ^a M W M ^W M ^W & U ^a M U ^a W W M ^W M ^W & U ^a M	Measures pulse light.
	MARKER ***.***.nni	MARKER ***.***.1@	Selects the synchronous measurement with the variable wavelength light source.### :ON/OFF select by rotary knob.
MARKER	MARKER ***.***.THZ	MARKER ***.***.THZ	Sets the marker to the specified wavelength position of the active trace waveform, (by wavelength value) 0.000 to 2350.000 nm (0.001 step)
	MARKER @@@@@	MARKER @@@@@	Sets the marker to the specified wavelength position of the active trace waveform, (by frequency value) 1.0000 to 674.5000 THz (0.0001 step)
			Set marker to wavelength position of variable @@@@. For @@@@, one of variables I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, WM, WI, W2, or PKWL shall be selected using the rotary knob.

Table 1-1 Panel Switch Command List (6/24)

Panel switch	Soft key list display	Program area display	Explanation and range of parameter
MARKER (cont.)	MARKER CENTER MARKER → REF LEVEL SET MARKER 1 SET MARKER 2 SET MARKER ***	MARKER CENTER MARKER → REF LEVEL SET MARKER 1 SET MARKER 2 SET MARKER *** CLEAR MARKER *** ALL MARKER CLEAR LINE MKR1 *** . *** nm LINE MKR1 *** . *** THz LINE MKR1 @@@@ @ LINE MKR2 *** . *** nrn LINE MKR2 *** . *** THz LINE MKR2 @@@@ @ LINE MKR3 *** . *** dB LINE MKR3 *** . *** dBm	Sets the marker wavelength value to the center wavelength. Sets the marker level value to the reference level. Sets the marker to the fixed marker 1. Sets the marker to the fixed marker 2. Sets the fixed marker *** to the position of the moving marker. 1 to 200 (1 step) Clears the fixed marker ***. 1 to 200 (1 step) Clears the marker. Sets the line marker 1 to the specified wavelength. 0.000 to 2350.000 nm (0.001 step) Sets line marker 1 to specified frequency. 1.0000 to 674.5000 THz (0.0001 step) Sets the line marker 1 to the wavelength position of the variable @####. For @####, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, WM, W1, W2, and PKWL variables by rotary knob. Sets the line marker 2 to the specified wavelength. 0.000 to 2350.000 nm (0.001 step) Sets line marker 2 to specified frequency. 1.0000 to 674.5000 THz (0.0001 step) Sets the line marker 2 to the wavelength position of the variable @####. For @####, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, WM, W1, W2, and PKWK variables by rotary knob. Sets the line marker 3 to the specified level. -139.900 to 139.900 dB (0.001 step) Sets the line marker 3 to the specified level.. -150.00 to 40.00 dBm (0.01 step)

Table 1-1 Panel Switch Command List (7/24)

Panel switch	Soft key list display	Program area display	Explanation and range of parameter
MARKER (cont.)			
LINE MKR3 * .***#*	LINE MARKER3 * .***##	Sets the line marker 3 to the specified level. 0 to 9.9999 (0.001 step)	
LINE MKR3 ** .**★	LINE MARKER3 ** .**##	For ##, select one of pW, nW, PW, mW and W by rotary knob.	
LINE MKR3 @@@@@	LINE MARKER3 @@@@@	Sets the line marker 3 to the specified level. 0 to 10.000 (0.001 step)	
LINE MKR4 *** .***dB	LINE MARKER4 *** .***	For @@@@, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, LM, LI, L2, PKLVL, MKPWR, PWMTR and ASELV variable by rotary knob.	
LINE MKR4 *** .**dBm	LINE MARKER4 *** .**d6	Sets the line marker 4 to the specified level. -139.900 to 139.900 dB (0.001 step)	
LINE MKR4 * .***#*	LINE MARKER4 *** .***	Sets the line marker 4 to the specified level. -150.00 to 40.00 dBm (0.01 step)	
	LINE MARKER4 * .***##	Sets the line marker 4 to the specified level. 0 to 9.9999 (0.001 step)	
LINE MKR4 ** .***	LINE MARKER4 ** .***	For ##, select one of pW, nW, PW, mW and W by rotary knob.	
LINE MKR4 @@@@@	LINE MARKER4 @@@@@	Sets the line marker 4 to the specified level. 0 to 10.000 (0.001 step)	
MKR L1-L2 -> SPAN	MKR L1-L2 -* SPAN	For @@@@, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, LM, LI, L2, PKLVL, MKPWR, PWMTR and ASELV variable by rotary knob.	
SEARCH L1-L2 ###	SEARCH L1-L2 ###	Sets the range enclosed by the line markers 1 and 2 to the span.	
LINE MKR CLEAR	LINE MARKER CLEAR	Selects ON or OFF for the analysis function in the range enclosed by the line markers 1 and 2. For ###, select ON or OFF by rotary knob.	
MARKER OFFSET LIST	MARKER OFFSET LIST	Clears the line mark.	
MARKER SPACING LIST	MARKER SPACING LIST	Displays the difference for the moving marker.	
MARKER LVL DIGIT*	MARKER LEVEL DIGIT*	Displays the difference for the adjacent marker.	
MARKER LIST PRINT	MARKER LIST PRINT	Specifies the number of level display digits (below a decimal point) of the marker.	
MKR UNIT nm	MKR UNIT nm	Prints out the multi-marker value.	
		Displays the wavelength marker value by wavelength.	

*

Table 1-1 Panel Switch Command List (8/24)

Panel switch	Soft key list display	Program area display	Explanation and range of parameter
* MARKER (cont.)	MKR UNIT THZ MARKER AUTO UPDATE ####	MKR UNIT THZ MARKER AUTO UPDATE ####	Displays the wavelength marker value by frequency. Makes the active trace waveform track the fixed marker level position. For ###, select ON or OFF by rotary knob.
PEAK SEARCH	PEAK SEARCH BOTTOM SEARCH NEXT SRCH NEXT SRCH RIGHT	PEAK SEARCH BOTTOM SEARCH NEXT SEARCH NEXT SEARCH RIGHT	Executes peak search for the waveform on active trace. Executes bottom search for the waveform on active trace. Searches the peak/bottom subsequent to the marker of the waveform on active trace. Searches the peak/bottom at the right of the marker of the waveform on active trace. Searches the peak/bottom at the left of the marker of the waveform on active trace.
	SET MARKER 1 SET MARKER 2 ALL MARKER CLEAR AUTO SEARCH ####	SET MARKER 1 SET MARKER 2 ALL MARKER CLEAR AUTO SEARCH ####	Specifies the marker as fixed marker 1. Specifies the marker as fixed marker 2. Clears the marker. Selects ON or OFF for the peak/bottom search function to be executed at each sweep. For ###, select ON or OFF by rotary knob.
	MODE DIFF ***.***dB	MODE DIFF ***.***dB	Sets the level difference of mode criterion to be used for peak search or waveform analysis. 0 to 50.00 dB (0.01 setup)
	SET MARKER ***	SET MARKER ***	Sets the fixed marker *** to the position of the moving marker. 1 to 200 (1 step)
	CLEAR MARKER ***	CLEAR MARKER ***	Clears the fixed marker ***. 1 to 200 (1 step)

Table 1-1 Panel Switch Command List (9/24)

Panel switch	Soft key list display	Program area display	Explanation and range of parameter
ANALYSIS	$\text{W} \text{P} \text{E} \subset$ $\text{H}^3 \text{V}$ $\text{V} \text{R}$ $\text{P} \text{E} \subset$ $\text{B} \text{R}$ D $\text{P} \text{E}$	$\text{S} \text{o} \text{O}$ $\text{C} \text{x} \text{i}$ w $\text{S} \text{o} \text{O}$ $\text{R} \text{e} \text{t}$ # $\text{S} \text{o} \text{O}$ W	<p>Makes spectral width search by the envelope method with the specified threshold value. 0.01 to 50.00 dB (at 0.01 step)</p> <p>Sets the limit value of the spectral width search by the envelope method. 0.01 to 50.00 dB (at 0.01 step)</p> <p>Sets the magnification of the spectral width search by the envelope method. 0.01 to 10.00 (0.01 step)</p> <p>Makes spectral width search by the THRESH method with the specified threshold value. 0.01 to 50.00 dB (at 0.01 step)</p> <p>Sets the magnification of the spectral width search by the THRESH method. 0.01 to 10.00 (0.01 step)</p> <p>Sets ON or OFF for the marker mode peak set function upon execution of spectral width search by the THRESH method. For ###, select ON or OFF by rotary knob.</p> <p>Makes spectral width search by the RMS method with the specified threshold value. 0.01 to 50.00 dB (at 0.01 step)</p> <p>Sets the magnification of the spectral width search by the RMS method. 0.01 to 10.00 (0.01 step)</p> <p>Makes spectral width search by the PEAK-RMS method. 0.01 to 50.00 dB (at 0.01 step)</p> <p>Sets the magnification of the spectral width search by the PEAK-RMS method. 0.01 to 10.00 (0.01 step)</p> <p>Measures the notch width based on the specified threshold. 0.01 to 50.00 dB (at 0.01 step)</p>

Table 1-1 Panel Switch Command List (10/24)

Table 1-1 Panel Switch Command List (11/24)

Table 1-1 Panel Switch Command List (12/24)

Panel switch	Soft key list display	Program area display	Explanation and range of parameter
* ANALYSIS (cont.)	W ^{Qn} Q ^{Qn} J ^{Qn} h ^{Qn} M ^{Qn} 3:Q ⁿ Q ^{Qn} J ^{Qn} h ^{Qn} M ^{Qn} 33:Q ⁿ Q ^{Qn} J ^{Qn} h ^{Qn} M ^{Qn}	W ^{Qn} Q ^{Qn} J ^{Qn} h ^{Qn} M ^{Qn} 3:Q ⁿ Q ^{Qn} J ^{Qn} h ^{Qn} M ^{Qn} 33:Q ⁿ Q ^{Qn} J ^{Qn} h ^{Qn} M ^{Qn}	Sets the WDM analysis result display in the relative value display. Sets the WDM analysis result display in the absolute value and relative value display. Sets the WDM analysis result display in the DRIFT display. Sets a channel to be detected automatically.
3:Q ⁿ	Q ^{Qn} P ^{Qn} O ^{Qn}	Q ^{Qn} P ^{Qn} O ^{Qn}	Sets a channel to be detected by referencing the preset wavelength.
3:Q ⁿ	Q ^{Qn} S ^{Qn}	Q ^{Qn} S ^{Qn}	Sets the noise measurement point to the fixed point.
3:Q ⁿ	Q ^{Qn} S ^{Qn}	Q ^{Qn} S ^{Qn}	Sets the noise measurement point to the center of the channel.
3:Q ⁿ	Q ^{Qn} S ^{Qn}	Q ^{Qn} S ^{Qn}	Sets the noise measurement point.
3:Q ⁿ	Q ^{Qn} S ^{Qn}	Q ^{Qn} S ^{Qn}	0.00 to 10.00 nm (0.01 step)
3:Q ⁿ	Q ^{Qn} S ^{Qn}	Q ^{Qn} S ^{Qn}	Sets the bandwidth during noise measurement. 0.0 to 1.00 nm (0.01 step)
3:Q ⁿ	Q ^{Qn} S ^{Qn}	Q ^{Qn} S ^{Qn}	Sets the preset wavelength to the ***-th (-st, -nd) channel. *** : CHANNELS1 to 200 (1 step)
3:Q ⁿ	Q ^{Qn} S ^{Qn}	Q ^{Qn} S ^{Qn}	###.## : WAVELENGTHS 600.00 to 1750.00 nm (0.01 step)
3:Q ⁿ	Q ^{Qn} S ^{Qn}	Q ^{Qn} S ^{Qn}	Sets the preset frequency to the ***-th (-st, -nd) channel. *** : CHANNELS1 to 200 (1 step)
3:Q ⁿ	Q ^{Qn} S ^{Qn}	Q ^{Qn} S ^{Qn}	###.### : FREQUENCIES 171.500 to 499.500 nm (0.001 step)
3:Q ⁿ	Q ^{Qn} S ^{Qn}	Q ^{Qn} S ^{Qn}	Sets so that the preset wavelength is displayed as a wavelength. Sets so that the preset wavelength is displayed as a frequency.
3:Q ⁿ	Q ^{Qn} S ^{Qn}	Q ^{Qn} S ^{Qn}	Sets the preset value of the level. -90.00 to 20.00 dBm (0.01 step)
3:Q ⁿ	Q ^{Qn} S ^{Qn}	Q ^{Qn} S ^{Qn}	Sets the preset value of the SNR. 0.00 to 50.00 dB (0.01 step)

Table 1-1 Panel Switch Command List (13/24)

Panel switch	Soft key list display	Program area display	Explanation and range of parameter
* ANALYSIS (cont.)	***.** : OFF, 10.00 to -100.00dBm(0.01 step)	***.** : Sets the threshold value at the channel display masking time.	
*	Sets the ON/OFF switch of the ***th channel.	Sets the ON/OFF switch of the ***th channel.	
*	Outputs the active wavelength table to the printer.	Outputs the active wavelength table to the printer.	
*	Sets so that the reference data is referred to at the relative value displaying time.	Sets so that the reference data is referred to at the relative value displaying time.	
*	Sets so that the ITU-T TABLE is referred to at the relative value displaying time.	Sets so that the ITU-T TABLE is referred to at the relative value displaying time.	
*	Reset the MAX/MIN data at the drift measuring time.	Reset the MAX/MIN data at the drift measuring time.	
*	Displays the least square approximate value line of the channel peak.	Displays the least square approximate value line of the channel peak.	
*	For ###, select ON or OFF by rotary knob.	For ###, select ON or OFF by rotary knob.	
*	Sets so that the both A and B traces are used at the WDM analyzing time.	Sets so that the both A and B traces are used at the WDM analyzing time.	
*	For ###, select ON or OFF by rotary knob.	For ###, select ON or OFF by rotary knob.	
*	Execute the multichannel NF analysis.	Execute the multichannel NF analysis.	
*	Sets the ASE level measuring point.	Sets the ASE level measuring point.	
*	###.## : 0.00 to 10.00nm	###.## : 0.00 to 10.00nm	
*	Set the signal light offset value.	Set the signal light offset value.	
*	***.** : -99.99 to 99.99dB	***.** : -99.99 to 99.99dB	
*	Set the output light offset value.	Set the output light offset value.	
*	***.** : -99.99 to 99.99dB	***.** : -99.99 to 99.99dB	
*	Makes an analysis necessary for the optical filter (PEAK).	Makes an analysis necessary for the optical filter (PEAK).	
*	Makes an analysis necessary for the optical filter (BOTTOM).	Makes an analysis necessary for the optical filter (BOTTOM).	
*	Clears the marker.	Clears the marker.	
*	Selects ON or OFF for the wave analysis function to be executed at sweep.	Selects ON or OFF for the wave analysis function to be executed at sweep.	
*	For ###, select ON or OFF by rotary knob.	For ###, select ON or OFF by rotary knob.	

Table 1-1 Panel Switch Command List (14/24)

Panel switch	Soft key list display	Program area display	Explanation and range of parameter
TRACE	WRITE A FIX A MAX HOLD A ROLL AVG A ***	WRITE FIX A MAX HOLD A ROLL AVG A *** DISPLAY A BLANK A ACTIVE TRACE A WRITE B FIX B MIN HOLD B ROLL AVG B ***	Sets the trace A to the write mode. Sets the trace A to the fixed data mode. Sets the trace A to the maximum value detection mode. Sets the trace A to the sequential averaging mode. 2 to 100 (1 step) Sets the trace A to the data display mode. Sets the trace A to the data non-display mode. Sets the trace A to the active trace. Sets the trace B to the write mode. Sets the trace B to the fixed data mode. Sets the trace B to the minimum value detection mode. Sets the trace B to the sequential averaging mode. 2 to 100 (1 step)
		DISPLAY B BLANK B ACTIVE TRACE B WRITE C FIX C A-B -* C $\Sigma \rightarrow \mathbf{A}^r \circ$ $A-B(LIN) \rightarrow C$ $B-A(LIN) \rightarrow C$ $A^+ \Sigma \leftarrow \Sigma^a \right) \rightarrow C$	Sets the trace B to the data display mode. Sets the trace B to the data non-display mode. Sets the trace B to the active trace. Sets the trace C to the write mode. Sets the trace C to the fixed data mode. Sets the trace C to the trace A-B subtraction display mode (LOG). Sets the trace C to the trace B-A subtraction display mode (LOG). Sets the trace C to the trace A-B subtraction display mode (LIN). Sets the trace C to the trace B-A subtraction display mode (LIN). Sets the trace C to the trace A+B subtraction display mode (LIN). Sets the trace C to the normalization waveform display mode.
		NORMALIZE C	

Table 1-1 Panel Switch Command List (15/24)

Panel switch	Soft key list display	Program area display	Explanation and range of parameter
TRACE (cont.)	CURVE FIT C **dB CURVE FIT PK C **dB DISPLAY C BLANK C ACTIVE TRACE C TRACE A → B TRACE A C TRACE B -* A TRACE B C TRACE C → A TRACE C -* B	CURVE FIT C **dB CURVE FIT PK C **dB DISPLAY C BLANK C ACTIVE TRACE C TRACE A -* B TRACE A -* C TRACE B -* A TRACE B → C TRACE C -* A TRACE C -* B	Sets the trace C to the curve fit display mode. 0 to 99 dB (1 step) Sets the trace C to the peak curve fit display mode. (0 to 99 dB (1 step)) Sets the trace C to the data display mode. Sets the trace C to the data non-display mode. Sets the trace C to the active trace. Copies the trace A to the trace B. Copies the trace A to the trace C. Copies the trace B to the trace A. Copies the trace B to the trace C. Copies the trace C to the trace A. Copies the trace C to the trace B.
DISPLAY	NORMAL DISPLAY SPLIT DISPLAY TRACE A UP TRACE A LOW TRACE B UP TRACE B LOW TRACE C UP TRACE C LOW UPPER HOLD ### LOWER HOLD ###	NORMAL DISPLAY SPLIT DISPLAY TRACE A UPPER TRACE A LOWER TRACE B UPPER TRACE B LOWER TRACE C UPPER TRACE C LOWER UPPER HOLD ### LOWER HOLD ###	Sets the screen to the normal display mode. Sets the screen to the 2-split display mode. Sets the trace A to the upper screen of 2-split display. Sets the trace A to the lower screen of 2-split display. Sets the trace B to the upper screen of 2-split display. Sets the trace B to the lower screen of 2-split display. Sets the trace C to the upper screen of 2-split display. Sets the trace C to the lower screen of 2-split display. Fixes the upper screen of 2-split display. Fixes the lower screen of 2-split display.

Table 1-1 Panel Switch Command List (16/24)

Panel switch	Soft key list display	Program area display	Explanation and range of parameter
DISPLAY (cont.)			
3D DISPLAY	3D DISPLAY	3D DISPLAY	Sets the screen to 3-dimensional display mode.
3D ANGLE **	3D ANGLE **	3D ANGLE **	Sets the angle of 3-dimensional display. +50 to -50 deg (10 steps)
3D RECALL	3D RECALL	3D RECALL	Redisplays 3-dimensional display waveforms.
3D Z-SCALE **	3D Z-SCALE **	3D Z-SCALE **	Sets the number of waveforms of 3-dimensional display. 3 to 16 (1 step)
3D MEMORY 1st	3D MEMORY 1st	3D MEMORY 1st	Sets the buffer memory to be used for 3-dimensional display to 0 to 15.
3D MEMORY 2nd	3D MEMORY 2nd	3D MEMORY 2nd	Sets the buffer memory to be used for 3-dimensional display to 16 to 31.
LABEL ' -----'	LABEL ' -----'	LABEL ' -----'	Displays a comment in the label area. When a semicolon is added to the end of the command, the comment (variable value) specified by the next LABEL command is displayed in succession.
LABEL 00000	LABEL 00000	LABEL 00000	Displays the contents of the variable @@@ @@ in the label area. For @@@ @@, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, WM, W1, W2, W2-W1, LM, L1, L2 L2-L1, SPWD, PKWL, PKVL, MODN, SMSR, MKPWR, EDFNF, GAIN, ASELV, PWMTR, A\$, FILES and TIMES variables by rotary knob.
LABEL 00000;	LABEL 00000;	LABEL 00000;	Display the contents of the variable @@@ @@ by label. The comment (variable value) specified by the next LABEL command is displayed in succession.
L ^{NOISE} MASK ****dB	L ^{NOISE} MASK ****dB	LABEL CLEAR NOISE MASK ***dB	Clear the label. Masks and displays the waveform data that is less than the specified level.
MASK LINE VERTICAL	MASK LINE VERTICAL	MASK LINE VERTICAL	OFF, 0 to -100 dBm (1 step)
MASK LINE HORIZONAL	MASK LINE HORIZONAL	MASK LINE HORIZONAL	Sets less than mask value to ZERO.
GRAPH CLEAR	GRAPH CLEAR	GRAPH CLEAR	Sets less than mask value to mask value. Clears the waveforms of trace A, B and C and also data.

Table 1-1 Panel Switch Command List (17/24)

Panel switch	Soft key list display	Program area display	Explanation and range of parameter
MEMORY	#A7E A- MEM **	#A7E A -> MEM **	Writes the value of A into the memory of the specified number. 0 to 31 (1 step)
#AV# A → MEM b	#AV# A →> MEM o	Writes the value of A to the memory of the specified number. b @. F or @, select I, J, K, S, X, QY and Z variables by rotary knob.	
#^V# B- MEM **	#^V# B- MEM **	Writes the value of B to the memory of the specified number.	
S^V# B MEM @	#^V# B -* MEM @	Oto 31 (1 step) Write the value of B to the memory of the specified number. @. F or @, select I, J, K, S, X, QY and Z variables by rotary knob.	
#^V# C MEM **	#^V# C MEM **	Writes the value of C to the memory of the specified number.	
#^V# C MEM @	#^V# C MEM @	Oto 31 (1 step) Write the value of C to the memory of the specified number. @. F or @, select I, J, K, S, X, QY and Z variables by rotary knob.	
#CALL mem *-* a	#CALL mem *-* a	Oto 31 (1 step) Calls the value of mem to the memory of the specified number. a @. F or @, select I, J, K, S, X, QY and Z variables by rotary knob.	
RECALL mem @ a	RECALL mem @ a	Calls the value of mem to the memory of the specified number. a @. F or @, select I, J, K, S, X, QY and Z variables by rotary knob.	
CALL MEM ** -> B	CALL MEM ** -> B	0 to 31 (1 step) Calls the value of mem to the memory of the specified number. B @. F or @, select I, J, K, S, X, QY and Z variables by rotary knob.	
CALL MEM @ B	CALL MEM @ B	0 to 31 (1 step) Calls the value of mem to the memory of the specified number. B @. F or @, select I, J, K, S, X, QY and Z variables by rotary knob.	
CALL MEM ** -> C	CALL MEM ** -> C	0 to 31 (1 step) Calls the value of mem to the memory of the specified number. C @. F or @, select I, J, K, S, X, QY and Z variables by rotary knob.	

Table 1-1 Panel Switch Command List (18/24)

Table 1-1 Panel Switch Command List (19/24)

Panel switch	Soft key list display	Program area display	Explanation and range of parameter
FLOPPY (cont.)	$\text{F} \text{L} \text{O} \text{P} \text{P} \text{Y}$ (cont.)	$\text{V} \text{P} \text{H} \text{M} \text{A}$	Writes 3-dimensional display waveforms (0 to 15) into the floppy disk by specifying a file name. '#####': File name.
	$\text{W} \text{R} \text{H} \text{M} \text{A}$	$\text{V} \text{P} \text{H} \text{M} \text{A}$	Writes 3-dimensional display waveforms (0 to 15) into the floppy disk. A file name is automatically given. ("T****")
	$\text{W} \text{R} \text{H} \text{M} \text{A}$	$\text{W} \text{R} \text{H} \text{M} \text{A}$	Writes 3-dimensional display waveforms (16 to 31) into the floppy disk by specifying a file name. '#####': File name.
	$\text{W} \text{R} \text{H} \text{M} \text{A}$	$\text{W} \text{R} \text{H} \text{M} \text{A}$	Writes 3-dimensional display waveforms (16 to 31) into the floppy disk. A file name is automatically given. ("T****")
	$\text{W} \text{R} \text{H} \text{M} \text{A}$	$\text{W} \text{R} \text{H} \text{M} \text{A}$	Writes the contents of the data area into the floppy disk by specifying a file name. '#####': File name
	$\text{W} \text{R} \text{H} \text{M} \text{A}$	$\text{W} \text{R} \text{H} \text{M} \text{A}$	Writes the contents of the data area into the floppy disk A file name is automatically given. ("D****")
	$\text{W} \text{R} \text{H} \text{M} \text{A}$	$\text{W} \text{R} \text{H} \text{M} \text{A}$	Selects date and time as data for writing by the <WRITE DATA> key. For ####, select ON or OFF by rotary knob.
	$\text{W} \text{R} \text{H} \text{M} \text{A}$	$\text{W} \text{R} \text{H} \text{M} \text{A}$	Select label information as data for writing by the <WRITE DATA> key. For ####, select ON or OFF by rotary knob.
	$\text{W} \text{R} \text{H} \text{M} \text{A}$	$\text{W} \text{R} \text{H} \text{M} \text{A}$	Selects the contents of the data area as data for writing by the <WRITE DATA> key. For ####, select ON or OFF by rotary knob.
	$\text{W} \text{R} \text{H} \text{M} \text{A}$	$\text{W} \text{R} \text{H} \text{M} \text{A}$	Selects measuring conditions as data for writing by the <WRITE DATA> key. For ####, select ON or OFF by rotary knob.
	$\text{W} \text{R} \text{H} \text{M} \text{A}$	$\text{W} \text{R} \text{H} \text{M} \text{A}$	Specifies the file name and stores it on a floppy disk. '#####': File name
	$\text{W} \text{R} \text{H} \text{M} \text{A}$	$\text{W} \text{R} \text{H} \text{M} \text{A}$	Stores a graphic file on a floppy disk. The file is named automatically.

Table 1-1 Panel Switch Command List (20/24)

Panel switch	Explanation and range of parameter
FLOPPY (cont.)	
SOFT KEY LIST DISPLAY	Program area display
	Sets the graphic file(s) to the monochrome mode.
	Sets the graphic file(s) to the preset color mode.
	Sets the graphic file(s) to the screen color mode.
	Specifies the BMP graphic file format.
	Specifies the TIFF graphic file format.
	Writes measuring conditions, soft key latch status and user key registration information into the floppy disk by specifying a file name. '#####': File name
	Writes measuring conditions, soft key latch status and user key registration information into the floppy disk.
	A file name is automatically given. ("S***")
	Writes the long term measurement result in the floppy disk by specifying a file name. '#####': File name
	Writes the long term result in the floppy disk.
	A file name is assigned automatically.
	Reads a waveform from the floppy disk into the trace A. '#####.WA*': File name
	Reads waveform form the floppy disk into the trace B. '#####.WA*': File name
	Reads waveform from the floppy disk into the trace C. '#####.WA*': File name
	Reads waveform from the floppy disk into the floppy disk. '*.*.0 to 31, #####.WA*': File name
	Reads 3-dimensional waveforms (0 to 15) from the floppy disk. '#####.3D3': File name
	Reads 3-dimensional waveforms (16 to 31) from the floppy disk. '#####.3D3': File name
	Reads and displays data from the floppy disk. '#####.DT3': File name

Table 1-1 Panel Switch Command List (21/24)

Panel switch	Soft key list display	Program area display	Explanation and range of parameter
FLOPPY (cont.)	READ SETTING '#####'	READ SETTING '#####.ST3'	Reads and sets measuring conditions, soft key latch status and user key registration information from the floppy disk. '#####.ST3': File name
	READ LONG TRM '#####'	READ LONG TERM '#####.LT2'	Reads and sets the long term measurement result from the floppy disk. '#####.LT2': File name
	DELETE '#####'	DELETE	Deletes a file in the floppy disk.
	DISK INITIALIZE 1.2M	'#####.\$\$\$'	'#####.\$\$\$': File name
	DISK INITIALIZE 1.44M	DISK INITIALIZE 1.2M	Initializes the floppy disk in the 1.2M byte mode.
		DISK INITIALIZE 1.44M	Initializes the floppy disk in the 1.44M byte mode.
SYSTEM	PRINTER SAVE SPACE PRINTER NORMAL SPACE DEFAULT COLOR *	PRINTER SAVE SPACE PRINTER NORMAL SPACE DEFAULT COLOR *	Sets the amount of paper feed after printing to a low value. Sets the amount of paper feed after printing to a high value. Selects a display color among the default 5 patterns. 1 to 5
	MEAS WL AIR	MEASURE WAVELENGTH AIR	Sets measurement wavelength to air wavelength
	MEAS WL VACUUM	MEASURE WAVELENGTH VACUUM	Sets measurement wavelength to vacuum wavelength
	SELF CALIBRATION	SELF CALIBRATION	Calibrates the wavelength by the internal light source.
	WL CAL ***.*.*nin	WL CAL ***.*.*nin	Sets the wavelength of light source to perform waveform absolute value calibration. 350,000 to 1750,000 nm (0.001 step)
	WL SHIFT **.*.*nm	WL SHIFT **.*.*nm	Sets the amount of wavelength shift. -5,000 to 5,000 nm (0.001 step)
	LEVEL SHIFT ***.*.*dB	LEVEL SHIFT ***.*.*dB	Sets the amount of level shift. -60.00 to 60.00 dB (0.01 step)
	AUTO OFFSET ####	AUTO OFFSET ####	Selects ON or OFF for the function to periodically cancel the DC offset of the AMP. For ####, select ON or OFF by rotary knob.

Table 1-1 Panel Switch Command List (22/24)

Panel switch	Soft key list display	Program area display	Explanation and range of parameter
SYSTEM (cont.)	BUZZER CLICK ####	BUZZER CLICK ####	Generates a click sound when a key is pressed. For ####, select ON or OFF by rotary knob.
	BUZZER WARNING #41#	BUZZER WARNING ####	Activates the buzzer upon occurrence of a warning error. For ####, select ON or OFF by rotary knob.
	TLS ADRS **	TLS ADRS	Sets the address of the wavelength variable light source. 0 to 29 (1 step)
	OPTICAL ALIGNMENT	OPTICAL ALIGNMENT	Adjusting optical axis of monochromator optical system employed on this unit.
	UNCAL WARNING###	UNCAL WARNING###	Displays UNCAL and WARNING. ###.Select ON or OFF by rotary knob
	ACTUAL RESOLUTION ####	ACTUAL RESOLUTION DISPLAY ####	Displays the resolution ability value. For ####, select ON or OFF by rotary knob.
	LOG DATA LIMIT ***	LOG DATA LIMIT ***	Sets the upper/lower limit value of the LOG data. For ####, select 210 or 100 by rotary knob.
ADVANCE	LONG TRM SWEEP	LONG TERM SWEEP	Starts the long term measurement.
	LONG TRM INTVL *** SEC	LONG TERM INTERVAL *** SEC	Sets the long term measurement interval. 0.1 to 9999. 9 sec (0.1 step)
	LONG TRM RPT TIMES ***	LONG TERM REPEAT TIMES ***	Sets the number of long term measurement times. 1 to 1000 (1 step)
	LONG TRM ALL CH WAVLEN	LONG TERM ALL CH DISP WAVELENGTH	Sets all channel display to the wavelength display.
	LONG TRM n H Q& T_EQ_L	T_LONG TERM ATT. OH DTSP LEVEL	Sets all channel display to the level display.
	T.ONG TRM ALL CH SNR	LONG TERM ALL CH DISP SNR	Sets all channel display to the SNR display.
	LONG TRM SINGLE CH ***	LONG TERM SINGLE CH DISPLAY ***	Sets a channel during single channel display. 1 to 200 (1 step)
	LONG TRM ABSOLUTE	LONG TERM ABSOLUTE	Sets the absolute value display.

Table 1-1 Panel Switch Command List (23/24)

Panel switch	Soft key list display	Program area display	Explanation and range of parameter
ADVANCE (cont.)	LONG TRM REF DATA SET LONG TRM RELATIVE LONG TRM REF DATAINI LONG TRM DATA CLR LONG TRM WAV LIMIT ** LONG TRM LOWER LIMIT * LONG TRM UPPER LIMIT * LONG TRM SNR LIMIT ** LONG TERM Y SCALE AUTO LONG TERM Y SCALE MAN LONG TERM WL CTR * LONG TERM WL SPAN * LONG TERM LVL CTR *** L.OKTA TRPM, T.VT, QPAT47 ** LONG TERM SNR CTR ***	LONG TERM REF DATA SET LONG TERM RELATIVE t_rvKTCrrvPBAjTIC'mrnM\mn INITIAL LONG TERM DATA CLEAR LONG TERM WAVELENGTH LIMIT **.*.* nm LONG TERM LOWER LIMIT **.*.* dBm LONG TERM UPPER LIMIT **.*.* dBm LONG TERM SNR LIMIT **.*.* dB LONG TERM Y SCALE AUTO LONG TERM Y SCALE MANUAL LONG TERM WL CENTER ****.*.* nm LONG TERM WL SPAN i***.*.Hill LONG TERM LVL CENTER ***.*.* dBm T.nNC TFPM T.VT. QPAT.F **.*.* dB/D LONG TERM SNR CENTER ***.*.* t clb	Specifies the data of the cursor position for the reference data. Sets the relative value display for the reference data. occupies me preset value for tuc rcircucc uata. Clears the data of the long term measurement result. Sets the threshold the wavelength drift. 0.00 to 99.99 nm (0.01 step) Sets the upper limit of the level. -90.00 to -30.00 dBm (0.01 step) Sets the lower limit of the level. -30.00 to 20.00 dBm (0.01 step) Sets the lower limit of the SNR. 0.00 to 50.00 dB (0.01 step) Sets the vertical axis scale on the graph in the automatic mode. Sets the vertical axis scale on the graph in the manual mode. Sets the Y-axis center wavelength on the wavelength display graph. ****.*.* .600.00 to 1750.00nm (0.01 step) Sets the Y-axis span on the wavelength display graph. ****.*.* g o to 1200.0nm (0.1 step) Sets the Y-axis center level on the level display graph. ****.*.* .-90.00 to 20.00dBm (0.01 step) Sets the Y-axis scale on the level display graph. **.*.* ; 0.1 to 10.OdB(0.1 step) ****.*.* .90.00 to 20.00dB (0.01 step)

Table 1-1 Panel Switch Command List (24/24)

Panel switch	Soft key list display	Program area display	Explanation and range of parameter
* ACV - NCV (cont.)	LONG TERM SNR SCALE ** LONG TERM SCL AUTO SET	LONG TERM SNR SCALE **.*dB/D LONG TERM SCALE AUTO SET	Sets the Y-axis scale on the SNR display graph. **.* : 0.1 to 10.0dB (0.1 step) Sets the same value as that at the automatic setting time on the graph scale.
*	LONG TRM REF DATA SET POWER METER REPEAT POWER METER SINGLE POWER METER STOP AREA 600-1000 AREA 1000-1750 AREA FULL	LONG TERM REF DATA SET POWER METER REPEAT POWER METER SINGLE POWER METER STOP AREA 600-1000 AREA 1000-1750 AREA FULL	Specifies the data of the cursor position for the reference data. Makes repeat measurement by the power meter function. Makes single measurement by the power meter function. Stops measurement by the power meter function. Sets the wavelength range to 600 to 1000 nm by the power meter function. Sets the wavelength range to 1000 to 1750 nm by the power meter function. Sets the wavelength range to FULL(1350 to 1750 nm) by the power meter function.
	RELATIVE ####	MAX MIN RESET	Selects ON or OFF for the relative value display function by the power meter function. For ###, select ON or OFF by rotary knob.
	POWER METER UNIT dBm POWER METER UNIT W	POWER METER UNIT dBm POWER METER UNIT W	Selects the maximum value and minimum value by the power meter function. Sets the unit to "dBm" by the power meter function. Sets the unit to "W" by the power meter function.

Table 1-2 Special Command List (1/6)

Command list display	Program area display	Explanation and precaution of command (including parameter range)
<code>COPY ON</code>	COPY ON	Hardcopies the screen by the printer.
<code>PRINTER FEED **</code>	PRINTER FEED **	Feeds the printer paper. (1 to 10.1 step) The amount of feed is approximately 5 mm per step.
<code>GOTO ***</code>	GOTO ***	Jumps to the *** line. (1 to 200, 1 step)
<code>GOTO PROGRAM **</code>	GOTO PROGRAM **	Jumps to program ** and starts execution from the first line. Jumps back to original program when contents of program ** has been executed. However, if END command is populated in the program **, this program ends without causing jump to the original program. When a program is executed with this command, variables are not initialized.
<code>WAIT *****S</code>	WAIT *****S	Waits for ***** seconds. (1 to 9999.1 step)
<code>PAUSE '-----'</code>	PAUSE '-----'	Causes execution to pause and displays a message window. In the window, the message in '' and an explanation of the <CONTINUE> key are displayed. When the soft key <CONTINUE> is pressed, the window is closed and the execution is restarted.
<code>-----' (Message to be displayed at a stop)</code>	<code>-----' (Message to be displayed at a stop)</code>	However, when the program is started by GP-IB, it cannot pause.
<code>VARIABLE CLEAR</code>	VARIABLE CLEAR	All variables used in a program are initialized.
<code>END</code>	END	Terminates a program.
<code>N=******</code>	N=******	Substitutes a value for the variable N. (1 to 9999999, 1 step)
<code>N=N-1; IF N>>0 GOTO ***</code>	N=N-1; IF N>>0 GOTO ***	(1 to 200, 1 step) Subtracts 1 from the variable N. When the result is not 0, a jump takes place to the *** line.
<code>@=***** ####</code>	@=***** ####	Substitutes a value for the variable @. For **_**, a real number of up to 10 digits including a sign and a decimal point can be set. For @, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y and Z variables by rotary knob. For ###, select one of nm, dB, dBm, pW, nW, pW, mW, W and '' (no unit) by rotary knob.
<code>^H **** * ***</code>	<code>^H **** * ***</code>	

Table 1-2 Special Command List (2/6)

Command list display	Program area display	Explanation and precaution of command (including parameter range)
CEP 48 + s s * s s * s *	cep 48 + s s * s s * s *	Adds the *** value to the variable # and substitutes the result for the variable @. For **_**, a real number of up to 10 digits including a sign and a decimal point can be set.
		When a minus value is set, subtraction is performed from the variable #.
	CEP cep	For @, #, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y and Z variables by rotary knob.
		Copies the contents of the variable @@@@ to the variable @. For @, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y and Z variables by rotary knob.
		For @. select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, WM, W1, W2, W2-W1, LM, LI, L2-L1, SPWD, PKWL, PKLVL, MODN, SMSR, MKPWR, EDFNF, GAIN, ASELV, PWMTR, and PMD variables by rotary knob.
		Performs four operations between variables.
		For @. select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y and Z variables by rotary knob.
		For @@@@, Select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, WM, W1, W2, W2-W1, LM, LI, L2, L2-L1, SPWD, PKWL, PKLVL, MODN, SMSR, MKPWR, EDFNF, GAIN, ASELV, PWMTR, and PMD variables by rotary knob.
		Performs four operations between variables.
		For @. select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y and Z variables by rotary knob.
		For @@@@, Select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, WM, W1, W2, W2-W1, LM, LI, L2, L2-L1, SPWD, PKWL, PKLVL, MODN, SMSR, MKPWR, EDFNF, GAIN, ASELV, PWMTR, and PMD variables by rotary knob.
		Performs four operations between variables.
		For @. select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y and Z variables by rotary knob.
		For @@@@, Select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, WM, W1, W2, W2-W1, LM, LI, L2, L2-L1, SPWD, PKWL, PKLVL, MODN, SMSR, MKPWR, EDFNF, GAIN, ASELV, PWMTR, and PMD variables by rotary knob.
		Performs four operations between variables.
		For @. select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y and Z variables by rotary knob.
		For @@@@, Select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, WM, W1, W2, W2-W1, LM, LI, L2, L2-L1, SPWD, PKWL, PKLVL, MODN, SMSR, MKPWR, EDFNF, GAIN, ASELV, PWMTR, and PMD variables by rotary knob.

Table 1-2 Special Command List (3/6)

Command list display	Program area display	Explanation and precaution of command (including parameter range)
$\text{2}^{\text{H}} \text{UH}$	PRINT' ----- 50 characters	Prints the command enclosed by single quotation marks. When a semicolon is attached to the end of a command, the comment (variable value) specified by the next PRINT command is printed in succession without line feed.
$\text{2}^{\text{H}} \text{S}^{\text{J}}$	PRINT @@@@ @	Prints the variable @@@@ @ value with unit. For @@@@ @, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, WM, W1, W2, W2-W1, LM, L1, L2, L2-L1, SPWD, PKWL, MODN, SMSR, MKPWR, EDFNF, GAIN, ASELV, PWMTR, A\$, FILES and TIMES variables by rotary knob.
$\text{2}^{\text{H}} \text{S}^{\text{J}}$	PRINT @@@@ @;	Prints the variable @@@@ @ value with unit. After printing, the comment (variable value) specified by the next PRINT command is printed in succession without line feed. For @@@@ @, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, WM, W1, W2, W2-W1, LM, L1, L2, L2-L1, SPWD, PKWL, MODN, SMSR, MKPWR, EDFNF, GAIN ASELV, PWMTR, A\$, FILES and TIMES variables by rotary knob.
$\text{2}^{\text{H}} \text{A}^{\text{C}}$	PRINT DATA AREA IF F1<=@ @ @ <=F2 GOTO ***	Prints the contents of the data area. ***:(1 to 200, 1 step) When the variable @@@@ @ value is more than F1 or less than F2, a jump takes place to the *** line. For @@@@ @, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, WM, W1, W2, W2-W1, LM, L1, L2, L2-L1, SPWD, PKWL, MODN, SMSR, MKPWR, EDFNF, GAIN, ASELV and PWMTR variables by rotary knob.
$\text{2}^{\text{H}} \text{K}^{\text{H}}$	F1=***** * * ###	Substitutes a value for the variable F1 For **-*-* real number of up to 10 digits including a sign and a decimal point can be set. For ###, select one of nm, THz, dB, dBm, pW, nW, mW, W and " (no unit) by rotary knob.

Table 1-2 Special Command List (4/6)

Command list display	Program area display	Explanation and precaution of command (including parameter range)
CM=####	F2=***** ####	Substitutes a value for the variable F2. For **_#, a real number of up to 10 digits including a sign and a decimal point can be set.
F1=@@@@@		Copies the contents of the variable @@@@ to the variable F1. For @@@@, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, WM, W1, W2, W2-W1, LM, L1, L2, L2-L1, SPWD, PKWL, PKLVL, MODN, SMSR, MKPWR, EDFNF, GAIN, ASELV and PWMTR variables by rotary knob.
F2=@@@@@		Copies the contents of the variable @@@@ to the variable F2. For @@@@, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, WM, W1, W2, W2-W1, LM, L1, L2, L2-L1, SPWD, PKWL, PKLVL, MODN, SMSR, MKPWR, EDFNF, GAIN, ASELV and PWMTR variables by rotary knob.
CL=@@@	@=LEVEL (**** . *** nm)	Assigns the level of "****.***_nm" wavelength points (obtained by active trace) into variable @. "aaaa" can be I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, WM, W1, W2, PKWL.
CL=@@@	@=LEVEL (@@@@)	Assigns the level of "aaaa" variable wavelength points (obtained by active trace) into variable @. "aaaa" can be I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, WM, W1, W2, PKWL.
CL=@@@<@@@	IF @@@@<@@@ GOTO ***	Jumps to line "****" if two variables satisfy the inequality sign condition.
CL=@@@<@@@	IF @@@<@@@ GOTO ***	Jumps to line "****" if two variables satisfy the inequality sign condition.
CL=@@@<@@@	IF @@@<@@@ GOTO ***	Jumps to line "****" if two variables satisfy the inequality sign condition.
CL=@@@<@@@	IF @@@<@@@ GOTO ***	Jumps to line "****" if two variables satisfy the inequality sign condition.
CL=@@@>@@@	IF @@@@>@@@ GOTO ***	Jumps to line "****" if two variables satisfy the inequality sign condition.
CL=@@@>@@@	IF @@@@>@@@ GOTO ***	Jumps to line "****" if two variables satisfy the inequality sign condition.
CL=@@@>@@@	IF @@@@>@@@ GOTO ***	"@@@>@@@" can be I, J, K, S, X, Y, Z, WM, W1, W2, W2-W1, LM, L1, L2, L2-L1, SPWD, PKWL, PKLVL, MODN, SMSR, MKPWR, EDFNF, GAIN, ASELV, PWMTR, N, F1 or F2.

Table 1-2 Special Command List (5/6)

Command list display	Program area display	Explanation and precaution of command (including parameter range)
$\text{S}=\text{W}^{\wedge} \text{O} \text{B} \text{P} \text{T} \text{I}$ $\text{M} \text{H} \text{A} \text{B} \text{A} \text{V} \text{A} \text{Z}$ $\text{G}=\text{Z}^{\wedge} \text{A}$	$\text{S}=\text{W}^{\wedge} \text{O} \text{B} \text{P} \text{T} \text{I}$ $\text{G}=\text{Z}^{\wedge} \text{A}$	Substitutes the current sampling point for the variable @. For @, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, and Z variables.
$\text{T} \text{N} \text{T}$ $\text{Z}^{\wedge} \text{Q} \text{P} \text{*} \text{*} \text{I} \text{D} \text{C} \text{J}$ $\text{Z}^{\wedge} \text{Q} \text{P} \text{*} \text{*} \text{I} \text{D} \text{C} \text{J}$	$\text{T} \text{N} \text{T}$ $\text{Z}^{\wedge} \text{Q} \text{P} \text{*} \text{*} \text{I} \text{D} \text{C} \text{J}$ $\text{Z}^{\wedge} \text{Q} \text{P} \text{*} \text{*} \text{I} \text{D} \text{C} \text{J}$	Substitutes the current reference level for the variable @. For @, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, and Z variables. Initializes all parameters (does not clear any variables).
$\text{Z}^{\wedge} \text{Q} \text{P} \text{*} \text{*} \text{I} \text{D} \text{C} \text{J}$	$\text{Z}^{\wedge} \text{Q} \text{P} \text{*} \text{*} \text{I} \text{D} \text{C} \text{J}$	**; (Oto 29, 1 step) Specifies the external unit of address **, connected to the [GP-IB 2] connector, as a listener and sends out the command in ''. The delimiter is CR/LF.
$\text{Z}^{\wedge} \text{Q} \text{P} \text{*} \text{*} \text{I} \text{D} \text{C} \text{J}$	$\text{Z}^{\wedge} \text{Q} \text{P} \text{*} \text{*} \text{I} \text{D} \text{C} \text{J}$	**; (Oto 29, 1 step) Specifies the external unit of address **, connected to the [GP-IB 2] connector, to the listener and sends out the variable @ value after the command in ''. The delimiter is CR/LF.
$\text{Z}^{\wedge} \text{Q} \text{P} \text{*} \text{*} \text{I} \text{D} \text{C} \text{J}$	$\text{Z}^{\wedge} \text{Q} \text{P} \text{*} \text{*} \text{I} \text{D} \text{C} \text{J}$	For @, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y and Z variables by rotary knob.
$\text{Z}^{\wedge} \text{Q} \text{P} \text{*} \text{*} \text{I} \text{D} \text{C} \text{J}$	$\text{Z}^{\wedge} \text{Q} \text{P} \text{*} \text{*} \text{I} \text{D} \text{C} \text{J}$	**; (Oto 29, 1 step) Specifies external unit of address ** being connected to [GP-IB2] connector as a listener and sends out the command in '' value of variable @ and command '' to the external unit, in that order. Delimiter is CR/LF.
$\text{Z}^{\wedge} \text{Q} \text{P} \text{*} \text{*} \text{I} \text{D} \text{C} \text{J}$	$\text{Z}^{\wedge} \text{Q} \text{P} \text{*} \text{*} \text{I} \text{D} \text{C} \text{J}$	For one variable out of I, J, K, S, X, Y and Z is selected using the rotary knob.
$\text{Z}^{\wedge} \text{Q} \text{P} \text{*} \text{*} \text{I} \text{D} \text{C} \text{J}$	$\text{Z}^{\wedge} \text{Q} \text{P} \text{*} \text{*} \text{I} \text{D} \text{C} \text{J}$	**; (Oto 29, 1 step) Specifies the external unit of address **, connected to the [GP-IB 2] connector, as a talker, receives a message, and substitutes it for the character variable A\$ Up to 512 characters can be received. The delimiter is CR/LF.
$\text{Z}^{\wedge} \text{Q} \text{P} \text{*} \text{*} \text{I} \text{D} \text{C} \text{J}$	$\text{Z}^{\wedge} \text{Q} \text{P} \text{*} \text{*} \text{I} \text{D} \text{C} \text{J}$	Substitutes the current center wavelength for the variable @. For @, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, and Z variables.
$\text{Z}^{\wedge} \text{Q} \text{P} \text{*} \text{*} \text{I} \text{D} \text{C} \text{J}$	$\text{Z}^{\wedge} \text{Q} \text{P} \text{*} \text{*} \text{I} \text{D} \text{C} \text{J}$	Substitutes the current sweep width for the variable @. For @, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, and Z variables.

Table 1-2 Special Command List (6/6)

Command list display	Program area display	Explanation and precaution of command (including parameter range)
$\hat{V} = S^{\circ \leftarrow s}$	$S^{\circ \leftarrow s}$	Substitutes the current resolution for the variable @. For @, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y, and Z variables.
$\theta^- (A^{\bullet})$	$A^{\bullet} = VAL(\hat{A}^{\wedge})$	Converts the character variable A\$ into a numeric value and substitutes it for the variable @. For @, select one of I, J, K, S, X, Y and Z variables by rotary knob.
$\#^{\Sigma} \circ \leftarrow L^{\circ} * * ; 3$	SPOLL * * ; 3	**;(0 to 29, 1 step) Performs serial polling to the external unit of address **, connected to the [GP-IB 2] connector, and substitutes the status byte for the variable S.
$S^{\circ \leftarrow T^{\bullet} \bullet} OPTION$	RESET $\circ \Sigma T^{\circ \bullet} \bullet$	Performs remote clear, device clear and interface clear processing for the external unit connected to the [GP-IB 2] connector.
$C^{\Sigma} \Sigma + *$	BEEP *	Activates the buzzer for ** x 100 msec. (1 to 10, 1 step)

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (1/36)

(D) [FUNCTION] section

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
[SWEEP]				
<AUTO>	AUTO	Starts an auto sweep.	/	
<REPEAT>	RPT	Starts a repeat sweep.	/	
<SINGLE>	SGL	Starts a single sweep.	/	
<SEGMENT MEASURE>	SMEAS	Measures according to the set sampling count.	> SWEEP?	
<STOP>	STP	Stops a sweep.	/	
<SEG POINT****>	SEGP****	Sets the sampling count for measurement by SEGMENT MEASURE. ****: ! to 20001 (1 step)	SEGP?	1 to 20001
<SWEEP MKR L1-L2>	SWPM*	Selects ON or OFF for the marker-to-marker sweep function. ON...*: 1 OFF...*: 0	SWPM?	ON: 1, OFF: 0
<SWP INTVL****sec>	SWPI****	Sets the time from a start of a sweep till a start of the next sweep in the repeat sweep mode. (Unit: sec) ****: 0 to 99999(1 step) 0 = MINIMUM	SWPI?	0 to 99999

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (2/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
[$\text{O } \Sigma^{\text{N}} \Sigma^{\text{E}}$]				
<CENTER***.**nm>	CTRWL **** * *	Sets the center wavelength (Unit: nm) ****.*.: 600.00 to 1750.00 (0.01 step)	CTRWL?	600.00 to 1750.00
<CENTER***.**THz>	CTRWF*** ***	Sets the center frequency, (unit: THz) ***.*.: 171.500 to 499.500 (0.001 step)	CTRWF?	171.500 to 499.500
<START WL***.**nm>	STAWL**** * *	Sets the measurement start wavelength. (Unit: nm) ****.*.: 0.00 to 1750.00 (0.01 step)	STAWL?	0.00 to 1750.00
< $\text{G}^x \text{ART}$ ***.** ω A>	STAF*** ***	Sets the measurement start frequency. (Unit: THz) ***.*.: 1.000 to 499.500 (0.001 step)	STAF?	1.000 to 499.500
<STOP WL***.**nm>	STPWL**** * *	Sets the measurement end wavelength. (Unit: nm) ****.*.: 600.00 to 2350.00 (0.01 step)	STPWL?	600.00 to 2350.00
< $\text{G}^x \text{o}$ ***.** ω A>	STPF*** ***	Sets the measurement end frequency. (Unit: THz) ****.*.: 171.500 to 674.500 (0.001 step)	STPF?	171.500 to 674.500
<PEAK»CENTER>	CTR=P	Sets the waveform peak to the center wavelength.	None	
<AUTO CENTER>	ATCTR*	Selects ON or OFF for the peak-center function at each sweep. PEAK->CENTER ON...*: 1 OFF...*: 0	ATCTR?	ON: 1, OFF: 0
[$\Sigma^{\square \wedge \text{N}}$]				
< SPAN ***.** ω A>	SPAN**** *	Sets the span. (Unit: nm) ****.*.: 0, 0.5 to 1200.0 (0.1 step)	SPAN?	0, 0.5 to 1200.0
	SPANF	Sets the span. (Unit: THz) ***.*.: 0, 0.WO to <u>350.000 (0.001 step)</u>	SPANF?	0, 0.100 to 350.000
< $\Delta\lambda \rightarrow \text{ZAN}$ >	SPN=W	Sets the span according to the spectral width. ***.*.: 0, 0.WO to <u>350.000 (0.001 step)</u>	None	
<0 nm SWEEP TIME***S>	ZSWPT**	Measurement time from the left end of the screen to the right end at a sweep with a span of 0 nm. (Unit: sec) **.: 0 to 50 (1 step) 0 = MINIMUM	ZSWPT?	0 to 50

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (3/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
[LEV_E-]				
<REFLEVEL>	REFL***.*	Sets the reference level, [in LOG] (Unit: dBm) ***.*: -90.0 to 20.0 (0.1 step)	r	-90.0 to 20.0
	REFLP***.*	Sets the reference level, [in linear] (Unit: pW) ***.*: 1.00 to 9.99 (0.01 step) 10.0 to 99.9 (0.1 step) 100 to 999 (1 step)	PW 1.00 to 999	
	REFLN***.*	Sets the reference level, [in linear] (Unit: nW) ***.*: 1.00 to 9.99 (0.01 step) 10.0 to 99.9 (0.1 step) 100 to 999 (1 step)	I. ∞ to ∞	
	REFLU***.*	Sets the reference level, [in linear] (Unit: pW) ***.*: 1.00 to 9.99 (0.01 step) 10.0 to 99.9 (0.1 step) 100 to 999 (1 step)	UW 1.00 to 999	
	REFLM***.*	Sets the reference level, [in linear] (Unit: mW) ***.*: 1.00 to 9.99 (0.01 step) 10.0 to 100 (0.1 step)	- ∞ to 1 $^{\circ}$ 0	
<LVL SCALE***.dB/D>	LSCL***.*	Sets the scale of the level axis. ***.*: 0.1 to 10.0 (0.1 step. Unit: dB/DIV) or LIN (linear scale)	LSCL?	0.1 to 10.0 a 0 (Linear scale)
<BASELVLL***.*.mW>	BASL***.*	Sets the bottom scale value in Linear Scale mode. ***.*: 0 to REF LEVEL x 0.9	BASL?	PW 1.00 to 999 NW 1.00 to 999 UW 1.00 to 999 MW 1.00 to 999
<PLTAK->REF LVL>	PLTAK	Min &		
<AUTO REF LEVEL>	ATREF*	Selects ON or OFF for the PEAK -REFLEVEL function to be executed at each sweep.	ATREF?	ON: 1, OFF: 0
	ON...*: 1	OFF...*: 0		

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (4/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
[$\Sigma V \in L$]				
<dBm dBm/nm>	LSUNT*	Switches the level axis scale display between "dBm(W)" and "dBm/nm" (or "W/nm"). dBm(W) dBm/nm (W/nm)*: 1	LSUNT?	dBm(W): 0 dBm/nm(W/nm): 1
<SUBLOG**.*dBd>	SLOG**.*	Sets the subscale (at LOG) **.*: 0.1 to 10.0 (0.1 step)	SLOG?	o.1 to 1 o o
<SUBLIN**.*D>	SLIN**.*	Sets the subscale (at LINEAR) *.*.*: 0.005 to 1.250 (0.005 step)	SLIN?	0.005 to 1.250
<SUB SCALE**.*dB/km>	SKM**.*	Sets the subscale to "dB/km". **.*: 0.1 to 10.0 (0.1 step)	SKM?	o.1 to 1 o o
<SUB SCALE***.%/D>	SGG ***.*	Sets the subscale to "%/D". ***.*: 0.5 to 125.0 (0.1 step)	SPS?	0.5 to 125.0
<OFSTLVL***.*dB>	LOFST***.*	Sets the offset level of the scale. (Unit: dB) ***.*: -99.9 to 99.9 (0.1 step)	LOFST?	-99.9 to 99.9
<OFST LVL***.*dB/km>	LOR\$~ ***.*	Sets an offset of subscale, (in dB/km) ***.*: -99.9 to 99.9 (0.1 step)	LOFSKM?	-99.9 to 99.9
<SCALEMIN***.*>	[N~ N ***.*	Sets the bottom scale value in Linear subscale mode. ***.*: 0 to (DIV) x 10	SMIN?	0 to 12.5
<SCALE MIN***.%>	SMINP***.*	Sets the bottom scale value in "%" subscale mode. ***.*: 0 to (DIV) x 10	SMINP?	0 to 125
<LNGT***.*>	LNGT***.*	Sets an optical fiber length. ***.*: 0.001 to 99.999 (0.001 step)	LNGT?	0.001 to 99.999
<AUTO SUBSCALE>	ATSCL*	Selects ON or OFF for the auto scaling display function ON....*: 1 OFF....*: 0	ATSCL?	ON: 1, OFF: 0

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (5/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
[SETUP]				
<RESOLN*.*:nm>	RESLN*.*	Sets the resolution. (Unit: nm) *.*: 0.01 to 2.0 (1-2-5 steps)	RESLN?	0.01 to 2.0
<RESOLN ***:GHz>	RESLNF***	Sets the resolution. (Unit: GHz) ***: 2, 4, 10, 20, 40, 100, 200, 400	RESLNF?	2, 4, 10, 20, 40, 100, 200, 400
<SENS>				
SENS NORM RANGE HOLD	SNHD			
SENS NORM RANGE AUTO	SNAT			
SENS MID	SMID	Sets the measuring sensitivity.	SENS?	
SENS HIGH1	SHI1			
SENS HIGH2	SHI2			
SENS HIGH3	SHI3			
<AVERAGE TIMES* ***>	AVG***	Sets the number of averaging times for measurement. ***: 1 to 1000 (1 step)	AVG?	1 to 1000
<AMPLIF FT***>	SMPL***	Sets the sampling point for measurement. ***: 11 to 20001 (1 step) 0(auto)	SMPL?	11 to 20001 ^a

*

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (6/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
[SETUP]				
<CW LIGHT MEASURE>	CLMES	Sets the CW light measurement mode.	<~	Measurement mode PULSE light measurement mode CW light measurement mode
<PLS LIGHT MEASURE>	PLMES	Sets the PULSE light measurement mode.	> CWPLS?	Output o 1
<LPF MODE>	LPF	Mode for measuring chop light by using a lowpass filter.	<~	Measurement mode LPF MODE o 1
<PEAK HOLD MODE>	PKHLD***	Mode for measuring chop light by using the peak hold method. ****[hold time (Unit: ms)]: 1 to 9999 (1 step)	>- PLMOD?	EXT TRG MODE PEAK HOLD MODE 2 + hold time
<EXT TRG MODE>	EXTRG	Mode for measuring chop light by an external trigger signal.	A	
<X=ALE '-'>	XUNT*	Switches the display of the X-axis scale to the wavelength or frequency. For the wavelength : *: 0 For the frequency : *: 1	XUNT?	Wavelength : 0 Frequency : 1
<TLS SYNCRO SWEEP>	TLSSYNC*	Selects ON or OFF for the TLS synchronization sweep function. ON.....*:1 OFF.....*:0	TLSSYNC?	ON:1 OFF:0
<RESOLN CORRECT>	RESCOR*	Sets the resolution correction function OFF*:0 , ON *:1	RESCOR?	ON:1 OFF:0
<MEAS WL AIR VAC>	MESWL*	Switches measurement wavelength (between air wavelength and vacuum wavelength) When AIR (air wavelength) is selected :0 When VAC (vacuum wavelength) is selected :1	MESWL?	AIR:0, VAC:1

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (7/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
[MARKER]				
<MARKER>	$\text{^r MKR } ***.***$	Sets the moving marker to the specified wavelength position. (Unit: nm) ***.*.*: 0.000 to 2350.000	^f	Output of the wavelength (or frequency) and level at the moving marker position.
	$\text{FMKR}***.***$	Sets the moving marker to the specified frequency position. (Unit: THz) ***.*.*: 1.0000 to 674.5000	^sB	
<MARKER->CENTER>	CTR=M	Sets the wavelength of the moving marker to the center wavelength.	Δ	
<MARKER->REF LEVEL>	REF=M	Sets the level of the moving marker to the reference level.		
<SET MARKER1,2>	MKR1	Sets the moving marker to the fixed marker 1.	MKR1?	Output of the wavelength and level at the fixed marker 1.
	MKR2	Sets the moving marker to the fixed marker 2.	MKR2?	Output of the wavelength and level at the fixed marker 2.
< N E KR ***>	$\text{MKR}***$	Sets the moving marker to the fixed marker ***. ***.1 to 200 (1 step)	MKR?***	Output of the wavelength and level at the fixed marker ***.
<CLRMKR ***>	$\text{MCLR}***$	Clears the fixed marker ***. ***.1 to 200 (1 step)	None	
<ALL MARKER CLEAR>	MKCL	Clears the moving marker, fixed markers and the marker values in the data area.	None	
<LINE MARKER1>	L1^K * *.***	Sets the wavelength line marker 1. (Unit: nm) ***.*.*: 0.000 to 2350.000	L1MK?	As per Table 9-4 Output Data Format.
	$\text{L1FMK}***.***$	Sets the wavelength line marker 1. (Unit: THz) ***.*.*: 1.0000 to 674.5000		
<LINE MARKER2>	T ^ 1KT H'h4	Sets the wavelength line marker 2. (Unit: nm) ***.*.*: qqqq_{10} 2350.000	L2MK?	As per Table 9-4 Output Data Format.
	$\text{L2FMK}***.***$	Sets the wavelength line marker 2. (Unit: THz) ***.*.*: 1.0000 to 674.5000		

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (8/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
<code><LINE MARKER3></code>		Sets the level line marker 3.	<code>> L3MK?</code>	As per Table 9-4 Output Data Format.
LOG scale	<code>L3DBM****.*</code>	*****.*: - 150.00 to 40.00 (dBm)		
SUBLOG scale	<code>> 2 E ****.*</code>	*****.*: - 139.90 to 139.90 (dB)		
LIN scale	<code>□ 3 *, ** + **</code>	* *** + *** o to $1.35^{\circ}E^{\pm\infty}Z$		
<code><LINE MARKER4></code>		Sets the level line marker 4.	<code>> L4MK?</code>	
LOG scale	<code>L4DBM****,*</code>	*****.*: - 150.00 to 40.00 (dBm)		
SUBLOG scale	<code>> 2 B** .**</code>	*****.*: - 139.90 to 139.90 (dB)		
LIN scale	<code>T41_N****(<+**</code>	* *** + *** o to $1.26^{\circ}E^{\pm\infty}O$		
<code><MKRL1-L2-->SPAN></code>	<code>SP=LM</code>	Sets the LLL2 section to the sweep range.	None	
<code><SEARCH L1-L2></code>	<code>SRLMK*</code>	Sets whether or not to execute peak value detection between L1 and L2. ON...*: 1 OFF...*: 0	<code>SRLMK?</code>	ON: 1, OFF: 0
<code><LINE MKR CLEAR></code>	<code>LMKCL</code>	Clears the line markers and line marker values.	None	
<code><MARKER MULTLMKR DISPLAY></code>	<code>MLTMKR*</code>	Switches the marker value display to the multi-marker display. OFF...*: 0 ON...*: 1	<code>MLTMKR?</code>	0: OFF, 1: ON
<code><MARKER OFFSET SPACING></code>	<code>MKROS*</code>	Displays the difference for the moving marker or adjacent marker. <code>OFFSET *: 0 SPACING*!:!</code>	<code>MKROS?</code>	0: OFFSET, 1: SPACING
<code><MARKER LVL DIGIT></code>	<code>FIG*</code>	Specifies the number of level display decimal digits of the marker. 1 digit *: 0, 2 digits *: 1, 3 digits *: 2	<code>FIG?</code>	0: 1 digit, 1: 2 digits, 2: 3 digits
<code><MKR LIST PRINT></code>	<code>MKRPRT</code>	Prints out the multi-marker value.	None	
<code><MKR AUTO UPDATE></code>	<code>MKRRUP</code>	Makes the waveform track the fixed marker level position. OFF...*: 0, ON...*: 1	<code>MKRRUP?</code>	<code>OFF, 1:ON</code>
<code><MKR UNIT nm Thz></code>	<code>MKUNT*</code>	Sets the display unit of the wavelength marker value, nm *:0, Thz *:1	<code>MKUNT?</code>	0:nm, 1:Thz

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Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (9/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
<code>>E^K 8E^#P-1</code>				
<code><PEAK SEARCH></code>	PKSR	Detects the MAX value of level.	$\{ \text{E}^?R?$	
<code><BOTTOM SEARCH></code>	BTSR	Detects the MIN value of level.	$\{ \text{E}^?R?$	
<code><NEXT SEARCH></code>	NSR	Detects the next largest value (or next smallest value)	$\{ \text{E}^?R?$	
<code><NEXT SRCH RIGHT></code>	NSRR	Detects the largest value (or smallest value) on the right side of the moving marker.	$\{ \text{E}^?R?$	
<code><NEXT SRCH LEFT></code>	MSRL	Detects the largest value (or smallest value) on the left side of the moving marker.	$\{ \text{E}^?R?$	
<code><AUTO SEARCH></code>	ATSR*	Selects ON or OFF for the automatic detection of the peak/bottom function. ON*:1 , OFF*:0	ATSR?	ON: 1, OFF: 0
<code><MODE DIFF**.*dB></code>	MODIF**.*	Sets the level difference for mode judgment. (Unit: dB) **.*: 0.01 to 50.00 (0.01 step)	MODIF?	0.01 to 50.00

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (10/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
SW^*	SW^*	Measures the spectrum width. ENVELOPE *; 0, THRESH *; 1, RMS *; 2, PEAK RMS *; 3, NOTCH *; 4	SW?	ENVELOPE: 0, THRESH: 1, RMS: 2, PEAK RMS: 3, NOTCH: 4
$(\text{ENV} \vee \alpha \text{ O}_\beta \alpha)$	$\text{SWENV}^{**} \alpha$	Measures the spectrum width in Envelope method. Threshold method ***: 0.01 to 50.00(0.01 step)	None	
$<\text{ENV THI}^{**} \cdot \text{dB}>$	$\text{ENVT1}^{**} \cdot \alpha$	Sets a threshold (in dB) for spectrum width search in Envelope method. ***: 0.01 to 50.00(0.01 step)	ENVT1?	0.01 to 50.00
$\text{ENVT2}^{**} \alpha$	$\text{ENVT2}^{**} \cdot \alpha$	Sets a truncation limit for spectrum width search in Envelope method. ***: 0.01 to 50.00(0.01 step)	ENVT2?	$\alpha \circ 1 \text{ to } \beta \circ 0$
$<\text{ENVVN}^{**} \cdot \alpha>$	$\text{ENVK}^{**} \cdot \alpha$	Sets a magnification ratio for spectrum width search in Envelope method. ***: 1.00 to 10.00 (0.01 step)	$\text{ENVN} \vee \alpha$	$1.^\circ 0 \text{ to } 1^\circ \alpha \circ 0$
(TIRESH)	$\text{SWTHR}^{**} \cdot \alpha$	Measures the spectrum width in Threshold method. ***: Threshold value 0.01 to 50.00 (0.01 step)	None	
$<\text{THRESH TH}^{**} \cdot \text{dB}>$	$\text{THRTH}^{**} \cdot \alpha$	Sets a threshold (in dB) for spectrum width search in Threshold method. ***: 0.01 to 50.00(0.01 step)	THRTH?	0.01 to 50.00
$<\text{THRESH K}^{**} \cdot \alpha>$	$\text{THRK}^{**} \cdot \alpha$	Sets a magnification ratio for spectrum width search in Threshold method. ***: 1.00 to 10.00 (0.01 step)	THRK?	$1.^\circ 0 \text{ to } 1^\circ \alpha \circ 0$
$<\text{MODE FIT}>$	MODFT^*	During spectrum width search in Threshold method (with the 1-time magnification): "1": Sets the marker to the peak of selected mode. "2": Sets the marker to the matching position of threshold level.	MODFT?	"1": Sets the marker to the mode peak. "0": Sets the marker to the matching position of threshold level.

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (11/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
RMS	$\text{SWRMS}^{**.**}$	Measures the spectrum width in RMS method. ***: truncation limit 0.01 to 50.00 (0.01 step)	RMSTH?	0.01 to 50.00
$\langle \text{RMS TH}^{**.\text{dB}} \rangle$	$\text{RMSTH}^{**.*}$	Sets a truncation limit (in dB) for spectrum width search in RMS method. ***: 0.01 to 50.00 (0.01 step)		
$\langle \text{RMS K}^{**.*} \rangle$	$\text{RMSK}^{**.***}$	Sets a magnification ratio for spectrum width search in RMS method. ***: 1.00 to 10.00(0.01 step)	RMSK?	$1^{\circ\circ} \text{to } 1^{\circ\circ} \infty$
$\langle \text{PEAK RMS} \rangle$	$\text{SWPRM}^{**.***}$	Measures the spectrum width in Peak RMS method. ***: truncation limit 0.01 to 50.00 (0.01 step)	None	
$\langle \text{PK RMS}^{**.\text{dB}} \rangle$	$\text{PRMTH}^{**.*}$	Sets a truncation limit (in dB) for spectrum width search in Peak RMS method. ***: 0.01 to 50.00(0.01 step)	PRMTH?	0.01 to 50.00
$\langle \text{PK RMS K}^{**.*} \rangle$	$\text{PRMK}^{**.***}$	Sets a magnification ratio for spectrum width search in Peak RMS method. ***: 1.00 to 10.00 (0.01 step)	PRMK?	$1^{\circ\circ} \text{to } 1^{\circ\circ} \infty$
$\langle \text{NCH} \rangle$	None	Measures the notch width.	None	
$\langle \text{NOTCH TH}^{**.\text{dB}} \rangle$	$\text{NCHTH}^{**.*}$	Sets a threshold (in dB) for notch width measurement. ***: 0.01 to 50.00 (0.01 step)	NCHTH?	0.01 to 50.00
$\langle \text{PEAK/BOTTOM} \rangle$	NCHMOD^*	Sets the notch width measuring direction. PEAK :0, BOTTOM :!	NCHMOD?	0:PEAK, EBOTTOM

*

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (1236)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
[A* ^LV EY]				
<AN** G[Cl]** *.*.*.*.*>		Analyzes the parameters required for side mode suppress ratio, power measurement, and LD and LED indication.		
(MCQ			None	
<SMSR*>	SMSR*	Sets the reference to measure the side mode suppress ratio. *: 1, 2	SMSR?	1, 8
<SMSR MASK +.*.*.*.*>	SSMSK**.*.*	Sets the mask range (in nm) close to the peak during SMSR1 measurement. **.*.*: 0 to 99.99 (0.01 step)	SSMSK?	0 to 99.99
(PWR)EQ	PWR	Measures the marker-to-marker power.	None	
<PWR OFST**.*.*dB>	POFS***	Sets a compensation value (in dB) for marker-to-marker measurement. **.*.*: -10.00 to 10.00 (0.01 step)	POFS?	- 10.00 to 10.00
(FP-LD) (See Table A1.)	FPAN	Analyzes the Fabry-Perot laser diode.	None	
(DFB-LD) (See Table A1.)	DFB AN	Analyzes the DFB laser diode.	None	
(LED) (See Table AL)	LED AN	Analyzes the light emitting diode (LED).	None	
(PMDQ	PMD	Sets the PMD analysis.	None	
<PMDTH**.*.*dB>	PMDTH**.*.*	Sets the threshold of the PMD. (unit: dB) **.*.*: 0.01 to 50.00 (0.01 step)	PMDTH?	See the talker data format.

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (13/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format																		
[ANALYSYS]				•																		
<ANALYSIS2***>		Executes NF calculation, color analysis, and WDM analysis.																				
(EDFA NF)	EDNF	Calculates the noise figure (NF).	None																			
<o FGIT(*@ *** *#>	OFIN*** *	Sets an offset of signal light (in dB). ***.*: —99.99 to 99.99 (0.01 step)	OFIN?	-99.99 to 99.99																		
<OFST(OUT) #* dB>	OFOUT*** **	Sets an offset of output light (in dB). ***.*: —99.99 to 99.99 (0.01 step)	OFOUT?	-99.99 to 99.99																		
<PLUS MSK**.**nm>	PLMSK**.**	Sets a mask range right to peak waveforms. **.*: 0 to 10.00 (0.01 step)	PLMSK?	o to 1 o o o																		
<MINUS MSK **.* nm>	MIMSK**.**	Sets a mask range left to peak waveforms. **.*: Oto 10.00 (0.01 step)	MIMSK?	©to 1 o o o																		
<CVFT TYPE *****>	EDFCVF*	Sets the following curve fit types for NF calculation:	EDFCVF?																			
				<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>*</th> <th>Output</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>GAUSSIAN</td> <td>o</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>LORENZIAN</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3RD POLY</td> <td>—</td> <td>(N</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4TH POLY</td> <td>—</td> <td>c n</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5TH POLY</td> <td>—</td> <td>Tfr</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		*	Output	GAUSSIAN	o		LORENZIAN	1		3RD POLY	—	(N	4TH POLY	—	c n	5TH POLY	—	Tfr
	*	Output																				
GAUSSIAN	o																					
LORENZIAN	1																					
3RD POLY	—	(N																				
4TH POLY	—	c n																				
5TH POLY	—	Tfr																				
<CVFTTHR**.*dB>	EDFTH**.*	Sets a threshold for curve fitting (in dB). **.*: 0.1 to 99.9 (0.1 step)	EDFTH?	0.1 to 99.9																		

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (14/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format										
[ANALYSYS]														
<ANALYSIS2* ****>														
(WDM)	*>OMAN	Analyzes the WDM.	None											
<OFFSET SPACING>	WDMOS*	Selects the display items on the WDM list. OFFSET *;0, SPACING *;1	WDMOS?	0: OFFSET, 1: SPACING										
<REF CHNEL HIGHEST>	WDMRH	Sets the reference at the highest channel peak.	None											
<REF CHNEL NO.***>	WDMRN***	Sets the reference at the "n-th" channel peak specified. ***: 1 to 200(1 step)	WDMRN?	1 to 200										
<DISPLAY ***>	WDMDISP*	Sets the display format of the WDM analysis result.	WDMDISP?	<table border="1"> <tr><td>*</td><td>*</td></tr> <tr><td>ABSOLUTE</td><td>o</td></tr> <tr><td>RELATIVE</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>ABS&REL</td><td>3</td></tr> <tr><td>DRIFT</td><td>8</td></tr> </table>	*	*	ABSOLUTE	o	RELATIVE	1	ABS&REL	3	DRIFT	8
*	*													
ABSOLUTE	o													
RELATIVE	1													
ABS&REL	3													
DRIFT	8													
<ITU-T TABLE REF TABLE>	WDMREF*	Sets the data to be referred to at the relative value displaying time. ITU-T *;0, REF *;1	WDMREF?	0:ITU-T 1:REF										
<MAX/MIN RESET>	WDMMR	Resets the MAX/MIN data at the drift measuring time.	None											
<WDM RESULT -> REF DAT A>	WDMREFDAT*	Sets the reference data.	<table border="1"> <tr><td>*</td><td>*</td></tr> <tr><td>WDM RESLT</td><td>o</td></tr> <tr><td>RESET</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>ITU-T</td><td>3</td></tr> </table>	*	*	WDM RESLT	o	RESET	1	ITU-T	3			
*	*													
WDM RESLT	o													
RESET	1													
ITU-T	3													
<CH DETECT REF DATA>	WDMCHAUT*	Sets the method of channel detection. PRESET *;0 AUTO *;1	WDMCHAUT?	0: PRESET 1: AUTO										
<CH DETECT PRESET>														
<MAXNUM***>	WDMMAX***	Sets the maximum channel peak. ***: 1 to 200(1 step)	WDMMAX?	1 to 200										

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (15/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
$\overline{A}^{N \wedge L} \quad \overline{G}^V \quad \overline{\Omega}$ $<,\text{ANALYSIS2* } *****,*,*,*>$				
$(W^P \quad q)$				
$<\text{THRESH*.*dB}>$	WDMTH**.**	Sets a threshold of channel peak (in dB). ***.: 0.1 to 50.00 (0.01 step)	WDMTH?	0.1 to 50.00
$<\text{M0DE DIFF**.*dB}>$	WDMdif**.**	Sets the minimum difference between top and bottom of waveforms (in dB) for channel peak detection. ***.: 0.00 to 50.00 (0.01 step)	WDMdif?	0.0 to 50.0
$<\text{PRESET WL TABLE}>$	DUTCH***; #######	Sets the wavelength at channel number. *** : CHANNEL 1 to 200 (1 step) ####### : WAVELENGTH (nm) 600.00 to 1750.00 (0.01 step)	DUTCH?***	600.00 to 1750.00
$<\text{PRESET WL TABLE}>$	DUTCHF***; ###.###	Sets the frequency at channel number. *** : CHANNEL 1 to 200 (1step) ###.### : FREQUENCY (THz) 171.5000 to 499.5000(0.001step)	DUTCHF?***	171.5000 to 499.5000
$<\text{SET ON/OFF}>$	WDMCHSW***,#	Sets the channel to ON or OFF. *** : CHANNEL 1 to 200(1 step) #: 0=OFF, 1=ON	WDMCHSW?***	OFFS, ON:1
$<\text{WAVELEN/FREQ}>$	WDMUNT*	Selects the wavelength display or the frequency display. WAVELENGTH *:0 FREQUENCY *:1	WDMUNT?	WAVELENGTHS FREQUENCY:!
$<\text{TABLE PRINT}>$	WDMTCOPY	Prints out an active table.	WDMTCOPY?	ON(copy):1 OFF(except copy):0
$<\text{NOISE POI CTR FIX}>$	WDMNOI*	Selects noise measuring point. FIX *:0, CENTER *:!	WDMNOI?	FIX:0 CENTER:!

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Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (16/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
[A [∞] LY ₂ ^Y ≈]				
<\NYSIS2* ****>				
(Y ₂)				
<NOISE POI **.*nm>	WDMNOIP**.*	Sets the noise measuring point. ***:0.00 to 10.00 (0.01 step)	WDMNOIP?	0.00 to 10.00
<NOISE BW>	WDMNOIBW**.*	Sets the noise bandwidth. (Unit:mm) *.*:0.01 to 1.00 (0.Olstep)	WDMNOIBW?	0.01 to 1.00
<LEVEL PRESET>	DUTLEV**.*	Sets the preset level value. (Unit:dB) ***:-90.00 to 20.00 (0.Olstep)	DUTLEV?	-90.00 to 20.00
<SNR PRESET>	DUTSNR**.*	Sets the preset snr value. (Unit:dB) ***:0.00 to 50.00 (0.Olstep)	DUTSNR?	0.00 to 50.00
<DISP MASK ***>	WDMDSPMSK***	Sets the threshold value at the channel display masking time. *** :10.00 to -100.00 (0.01 step) , -999.00(OFF)	WDMDSPMSK?	10.00 to -100.00, -999.00
<DUAL TRACE>	WDMDual*	Uses the both A and B traces for the WDM analysis. OFF*:0, ON *:1	WDMDual?	
<OUTPUT SLOPE>	WDMslope*	Displays the least square approximate value line of the channel peak. OFF *:0, ON *:1	WDMslope? OFF:0 ON:1	

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Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (17/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
$\text{ANALYS}^{\text{S}} \text{ } \text{Y}^{\text{G}}$				
(WF) ASE POINT	WNFAN	Execute the multi-channel NF analysis.	None	
ASE POINT	WNFNP***.*.*	Sets the ASE level measuring points. ***.*.* : 0.00 to 10.00 (0.01 step)	WNFNP?	∞ to $1^{<\infty}$
OFFSET(IN)	WNFOFI***.*.*	Set signal light offset values. ***.*.* : .99 99 10 99 99 (0 i stp p)	WNFOFI?	-99.99 to 99.99
OFFSET(OUT)	WNFOFO***.*.*	Set output light offset values. ***.*.* : .99 99 t ₀ 99.99 (0.01 step)	WNFOFO?	-99.99 to 99.99
(FIL-PK)(See Table A1.)	FILPKAN	Executes the optical filter (PEAK) analysis.	None	
(FIL-BTM)(See Table A1.)	FILBTMAN	Executes the optical filter (BOTTOM) analysis.	None	
AUTO ANALYSIS	ATANA*	Automatically executes the selected function after sweep. ON *; 1 OFF *; 0	ATANA?	ON; 1, OFF; 0

Table A1. FP-LD, DFB-LD, LED, FIL-PK, and FIL-BTM ANALYSIS Parameter Setup Commands (Parameter Setup Window)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command
PARAMETER (FP-LD)>	FPLDO; □; A;****	Sets the parameters in the FP-LD ANALYSIS window. O - 0: SPEC WIDTH, 1: MEAN WL, 2: TOTAL POWER, 3: MODE NO. □ - 0: ENV, 1: THRESH, 2: RMS, 3: PK RMS, 4: POWER A - 0: TH1, 1: TH2, 2: K, 3: MODE FIT, 4: MODE DIFF, 5: OFST LEVEL **** : Set value	FPLD O?
PARAMETER (DFB-LD)>	DFBLDO; □; △;****	Sets the parameters in the DFB-LD ANALYSIS window. O - 0: -Xdb WIDTH, 1: SMSR □ - 0: ENV, 1: THRESH, 2: RMS, 3: PK RMS, 4: SMSR1, 5: SMSR2 A - 0: TH1, 1: TH2, 2: K, 3: MODE FIT, 4: MODE DIFF, 5: SMSR MASK **** : Set value	DFBLD O?
PARAMETER (LED)>	LEDO; □; A;****	Sets the parameters in the LED ANALYSIS window. O - 0: SPEC WIDTH, 1: MEAN WL, 2: TOTAL POWER □ - 0: ENV, 1: THRESH, 2: RMS, 3: PK RMS, 4: POWER A - 0: TH1, 1: TH2, 2: K, 3: MODE FIT, 4: MODE DIFF, 5: OFST LEVEL **** : Set value	LED O?
* <PARAMETER(FIL-PK)>	FILPK ^o □ ^ ****	Sets parameters in the FIL-PK ANALYSIS window. O - 0: PEAK LVL, 1:PEAK WL, 2:MEAN WL, 3:SPEC WD, 4:CROSS TALK, 5:RIPPLE WD □ - 0:THRESH, 1:RMS, 2:PEAK LV, 3:ITU-T A - 0:SW, 1:TH, 2:K, 3:MODE FIT, 4:MODE DIFF, 5:MODE DIFF, 6:SEARCH AREA **** : Set value	FILPKO?
* <PARAMETER(FIL-BTM)>	FILBTMO ;□; △;****	Sets parameters in the FIL-BTM ANALYSIS window. O - 0: BOTTOM LVL, LBOTTOM WL, 2:MEAN WL, 3:NOTCH WD, 4:CROSS TALK □ - 0:PEAK, EBOTTOM, 2:BOTTOM LV, 3:ITU-T A - 0:SW, 1:TH, 2:MODE DIFF, 3:CH SPACE, 4:SEARCH AREA **** : Set value	FILBTMO?

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (19/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
[TRACE]				
<WRITE A>	WRTA	Sets the trace A write mode.	WRITE $\overline{\text{TX}}$	Output o
<FIX A>	FIXA	Sets the trace A fixed data mode.		
<MAX HOLD A>	MAXA	Sets the trace A MAX value detection mode.	MAX HLD $\overline{\text{CM}}$	1
<ROLL AVG A***>	RAVA***	Trace A sequential addition mode. *** (number of AVG times): 2 to 100 (1 step)	ROL AVG $\overline{\text{CM}}$	3 + number of AVG times
<DISPLAY A>	DSPA	Selects display or non-display for trace A.	DSPA? BLANK DISP	Output o \overline{x}
<BLANK A>	BLKA			
<ACTIVE TRACE*>	ACTV*	Active trace selection	ACTV? $\overline{\text{CM}}$ Trace A Trace B Trace C	Output o r $\overline{\text{CM}}$
<WRITE B>	WRTB	Sets the trace B write mode.	WRITE $\overline{\text{TX}}$	Output o
<FIX B>	FIXB	Sets the trace B fixed data mode.		
<MIN HOLD B>	MINB	Sets the trace B MIN value detection mode.	MIN HLD $\overline{\text{CM}}$	1
<ROLL AVG B***>	RAVB***	Sets the trace B sequential addition mode. *** (number of AVG times): 2 to 100 (1 step)	ROL AVG $\overline{\text{CM}}$	3 + number of AVG times

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (20/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
[TRACE]				
<DISPLAY B>	DSPB	Selection display or non-display for trace B.	DSPB?	
<BLANK B>	BLKB		BLANK	Output o
			DISP	1
<WRITE C>	WRTC	Sets the trace C write mode.	WRITE	Output o
<FIX C>	FLXC	Sets the trace C fixed data mode.	FIX	v=1
<CALCULATE C>			A-H	2
<A-B-> ^f A	A-BC	Copies the result obtained by subtracting trace B from trace A to the trace C. (LOG value calculation)	A-B (LN)	3
<B-+ ^f A	B-AC	Copies the result obtained by subtracting trace C from trace B to the trace A. (LOG value calculation)	B-A (LN)	4
<A- $\bar{\otimes}$ LN ¹ → ^f A	A-BCL	Copies the result obtained by subtracting trace B from trace A and to the trace C. (Linear value calculation)	A+v (LN)	6
<B- \wedge (LN) → ^f A	B-ACL	Copies the result obtained by subtracting trace A from trace B to the trace C. (Linear value calculation)	NORMALIZE	7
<A+v(uN) o>	A+BCL	Copies sum of trace A and trace B to trace C. (Linear value calculation)	CURVE FIT	10 + limit value
			CURVE FIT PK 11 o + limit v1 S2	

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (21/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
$\sigma_{\text{C}^A \text{O}^C}$				
$\langle \text{NORMALIZE C} \rangle$	NORMC	Displays the data of trace C in normalized form.		
$\langle \text{CURVEFIT C}^{**} \text{dB} \rangle$	CVFTC ^{**}	Displays all the data of trace C after curve fit processing. (Unit: dB) **: Oto 99 (1 step)		
$\langle \text{CURVEFIT PKC}^{**} \text{dB} \rangle$	CVPKC ^{**}	Displays only the data of the mode peak point on trace C after curve fit processing. (Unit: dB) **: 0 to 99 (1 step)		
$\langle \text{DISPLAY C} \rangle$	DSPC	Selects display or non-display for trace C.	DSPC?	
$\langle \text{BLANK C} \rangle$	BLKC			
$\langle \text{TRACE A} \sim \text{B} \rangle$	B=A	Copies the trace A to the trace B.	None	
$\langle \text{TRACE A} \rightarrow \text{C} \rangle$	C=A	Copies the trace A to the trace C.	None	
$\langle \text{TRACE B} \rightarrow \text{A} \rangle$	A=B	Copies the trace B to the trace A.	None	
$\langle \text{TRACE B} \sim \text{C} \rangle$	C=B	Copies the trace B to the trace C.	None	
$\langle \text{TRACE C} \sim \text{A} \rangle$	A=C	Copies the trace C to the trace A.	None	
$\langle \text{TRACE C} \rightarrow \text{B} \rangle$	B=C	Copies the trace C to the trace B.	None	

See previous page.

{ HRC? }

DSPC?

{ BLANK DISP }

{ Output }

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (22/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
[DISPLAY] <NORMAL DISPLAY>	NORMD	Sets the screen to the ordinary display mode.	DISP?	<NORMAL> <SPLIT> <3D>
<SPLIT DISPLAY>	SPLIT	Sets the screen to the 2-split display mode.		0 1 2
<TRACE A UP LOW>	ULTRA*	Sets the upper and lower sides of 2-split display for trace A. UP...*: 1 LOW...*: 0	ULTRA?	A
<TRACE B UP LOW>	ULTRB*	Sets the upper and lower sides of 2-split display for trace B. UP...*: 1 LOW...*: 0	ULTRB?	> UP: 1, LOW: 0
<TRACE C UP LOW>	ULTRC*	Sets the upper and lower sides of 2-split display for trace C. UP...*: 1 LOW...*: 0	ULTRC?	A
<UPPER HOLD>	-	Fixes the scale after changing the upper-side trace of 2-split display to FIX. ON...*: 1 OFF...*: 0	UHLD?	ON: 1, OFF: 0
<LOWER HOLD>	LHLD*	Fixes the scale after changing the lower-side trace of 2-split display to FIX. ON...*: 1 OFF...*: 0	LHLD?	

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (23/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
[DISPLAY]				
<3D DISPLAY>	3D	Sets the screen to the 3-dimensional display mode.	DISP?	
<ANGLE***deg>	ANGL**	Sets the angle of 3-dimensional display. (Unit: deg) ***. —50 to 50 (10 steps)	ANGL?	—50 to 50
<RECALL>	3DRCL	Redisplays the waveform group cleared in the 3-dimensional display mode.		
<Z-SCALE**>	ZSCL**	Sets the number of waveforms in the 3-dimensional display mode. ***. 3 to 16 (1 step)	ZSCL?	3 to 16
<MEMORY 1st 2nd>	MEM*	Sets the memory for 3-dimensional display. 1st...*: 0 2nd....*: 1 ***.	MEM?	1st: 0, 2nd: 1
<LABEL>	LBL***	Sets the label input mode. ***.	LBL?	Character string on display
<ALL O O>	LBLCL	Clears all the character strings in the label input area.		
<NOISE MSK***dBm>	NMSK****	Displays the waveforms below the set value in masked form. (Unit: dBm) ***. :0 to -100 (1step) OFF: -999	NMSK?	Oto -100 OFF: -999
<MASK LINE VERT HRZN>	MSKL*	Srts the method of MASK. VERT *:0 HRZN*:1	MSKL?	VERT:0 HRZN:1
<GRAPH CLEAR>	CLR	Clears then trace A, B and C.		

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (24/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
[MEM ^O 8 ^V]				
<SA ^V EA				
<SAVE A->MEM ^O A	SAVEA**	Saves the trace A into memory. ** (memory address): 0 to 31 (1 step)	None	
<SAVH B->MEM>	SAVEB**	Saves the trace B into memory. ** (memory address): 0 to 31 (1 step)	None	
<SAVE C->MEM>	SAVEC**	Saves the trace C into memory. ** (memory address): 0 to 31 (1 step)	None	
< ^O CALL _A				
<RECALL M13M->A>	RCLA**	Recalls the contents of memory to the trace A. ** (memory address): 0 to 31 (1 step)	None	
<RECALL MEM~>B>	RCLB**	Recalls the contents of memory to the trace B. ** (memory address): 0 to 31 (1 step)	None	
<RECALL MEM->C>	RCLC**	Recalls the contents of memory to the trace C. ** (memory address): 0 to 31 (1 step)	None	

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (25/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
[FL ^o F ^C Y] <W ^s ± E _A				
1 1 s A < ³ o → ^{mQ} A	WR* ' <u>m</u> <u>m</u> <u>m</u> <u>m</u> <u>m</u> <u>m</u> <u>m</u> ' @-@: File name	Records one of trace A, B and C to FD. *: A(trace A), B(trace B) or C(trace C) When the underlined part is omitted, the default file name is set.	None	
<2 ↵ O&Y → ^{mQ} A	WRMEM** :@@@@ <u>@@@</u> @ <u>@@@</u> @ <u>t</u> @-@: File name	Records the contents of memory into FD. ***(memory address): 0 to 31 (1 step) When the underlined part is omitted, the default file name is set.	None	
<3D~>FD 1st 2nd>	WR3D* :@@@@ <u>@@@</u> @ <u>@@@</u> @ <u>t</u> @-@: File name	Records the waveform group in the 3-dimensional display mode into FD. *: F(1st) or S(2nd) When the underlined part is omitted, the default file name is set.	None	
<BIN TXT>	TRFMT*	Selects a record format. BINARY...*: 0 TEXT...*: 2	TRFMT?	BINARY:0, TXT: 2
<PROGRAM RD/WRT>	WRPRG** :@@@@ <u>@@@</u> @ <u>@@@</u> @ <u>t</u> @-@: File name	Records a program to FD. **: 1 to 20 (1 step) When the underlined part is omitted, the default file name is set.	None	

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (26/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
<code><W^ T^></code>				
<code><]CVHGIWHT></code>	<code>WRDT '@_CvHdIwGv'</code>	Records data into FD. @ - @: File name When the underlined part is omitted, the default file name is set.		
<code><^R^Q^A Q^T^B ^S^P></code>	<code>R^Q^A^B^P^*</code>	Recurus me aai ana time into P#. ON...*: 1 OFF...*: 0	<code>Q^Q^P^T?</code>	ON: 1, OFF: 0
<code><LABEL></code>	<code>LBLDT*</code>	Records a label into FD. ON...*: 1 OFF...*: 0	<code>LBLDT?</code>	ON: 1, OFF: 0
<code><DATA AREA></code>	<code>DTARA*</code>	Records data into FD. ON...*: 1 OFF...*: 0	<code>DTARA?</code>	ON: 1, OFF: 0
<code><CONDITION></code>	<code>CNDDT*</code>	Records setting conditions into FD. ON...*: 1 OFF...*: 0	<code>CNDDT?</code>	ON: 1, OFF: 0
<code><ADD WRITE OVERWRITE></code>	<code>DTAD*</code>	Adds or overwrites a data file. ADD WRITE...*: 0, OVERWRITE...*: 1	<code>DTAD?</code>	0: ADD WRITE, 1: OVERWRITE
<code><LONG TERM RD/WRT></code>	<code>WRLLT '@@@:@@:@@'</code>	Records the long term measurement result in the FD. @ - @: File name When the underlined part is omitted, the default file name is set.		
<code><TRPH RD/WRT></code>	<code>WRGR '@@@:@@:@@:@@'</code>	Saves a graphic file on an FD. @ - @: File name When the underlined part is omitted, the default file name is set.		
<code><G&^></code>	<code>GRCOL*</code>	Selects a graphic file color. B&W...*: 0, PRESET COLOR...*: 1, SCREEN COLOR...*: 2	<code>GRCOL?</code>	0: B&W, 1: PRESET COLOR 2: SCREEN COLOR
<code><PRESET COLOR></code>				
<code><SCREEN COLOR></code>				
<code><BMP TIFF></code>	<code>GRFMT*</code>	Selects a graphic file format. BMT...*: 0, TIFF...*: 1	<code>GRFMT?</code>	0: BMP, 1: TIFF
<code><SETTING RD/WRT></code>	<code>WRSET '@@@:@@:@@:@@'</code>	Records system information into FD. @ - @: File name The default file name is used if under lined parameter is omitted.		

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (27/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
$\overline{Z}[O \rho \rho Y]$				
$\langle F^w \leftarrow \infty \in A \rangle$	RD*	Reads the data of FD into the set trace. *: A(trace A), B(trace B) or C(trace C) @-@: File name	None	
$\langle FD \rightarrow MEMORY \rangle$	RDMEM**	Reads the data of FD into memory. **(memory address): 0 to 31 (1 step) @-@: File name	None	
$\langle FD \rightarrow 3D 1st 2nd \rangle$	RD3D*	Reads the waveform group in the 3-dimensional display from FD. *: F(1st) or S(2nd) @-@: File name	None	
$\langle PROGRAM RD/WRT \rangle$	RDPRG**	Reads a program from FD. *: 1 to 20 (1 step) @-@: File name	None	
$\langle DATA RD/WRT \rangle$	RDDT	Reads data from FD. @-@: File name	None	
$\langle GETTING RD/WRT \rangle$	RDSET	Reads system information from FD. @-@: File name ***: Extension	None	
$\langle JDNG TERM RD/WRT \rangle$	RDLT	Reads long term measurement data from FD. @-@: File name	None	
$\langle OP \leftarrow O RY_A \rangle$				
$\langle M^3 HW \rangle$	DEI	Deletes the file stored in FD. @-@: File name	None	
$\langle O g \leq o \leftarrow z \rangle$	DSKIN*.*	Initializes FD. (Unit: Mbyte) *.*: 1.2 or 1.44	None	

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (28/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
F:OOG^M]				
<PROGRAM EXECUTE>	EXEC**	Executes a program. ** (program file No.): 1 to 20	EXEC?	Run status: 1 Stop status: 0
<PROGRAM EXIT>	PREXT	Causes a program to pause.	None	
<DELETE>	PRDEL**	Deletes a program. ** (program file No.): 1 to 20	None	
SYS^M]				
<USER KEY DEFINE>				
{KEY DEF DONE}	KYDNE	Terminates the user key registration mode.	None	
<SET CLOCK>	DATE YR. MO. DY TIME HH:MM	Set the built-in clock. YR(YEAR): 0 to 99, MO(MONTH): 1 to 12, DY(DAY): 1 to 31, HH(HOUR): 0 to 23, MM(MINUTE) : 0 to 59	DATE? TIME?	Output of the current YR, MO and DY. Output of the current HH:MM.
<SET COLOR>				
<DEFAULT COLOR*>	DEFCL*	Set the display color. * : 1 to 5 patterns	DEFCL?	Ito 5
<WL CAL>				
<BUILT-IN SOURCE>	WCALS	Calibrates a wavelength by the internal light source.	None	
<EXTERNAL SOURCE>	WCAL****	Waveform absolute value calibration by the external light source. (Unit: nm) ****.***. : 600.000 to 1750.000 (0.001 step)	WCAL?	600.000 to 1750.000
<WL SHIFT>	WL SFT***	Sets the amount of waveform shift. (Unit: dB) ****.***. : 5.000 to 50.000 (0.001 step)	WLSFT?	-5.000 to 5.000
<LEVEL SHIFT>	LVSFT***	Sets the amount of level shift. (Unit: dB) ****.***. : -60.00 to 60.00 (0.01 step)	LVSFT?	-60.00 to 60.00
<WL OFST TABLE>	WCALT****; #.####	Sets the wavelength calibration table. **** : Wavelengths 600 to 1750 (nm) #.###: Offset value (nm) -0.200 to 0.200 (0.001 step)	WCALT?***	-0.200 to 0.200

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (29/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
[SYSTEM]				
<LEV OFST TABLE>	LCALT?***;####	Sets the level calibration table. *** : Wavelengths 600 to 1750 (nm) #.###: Offset value (nm) -1.000 to 1.000 (0.001 step)	LCALT?***	-1.000 to 1.000
<OPTICAL ALIGNMENT	OPALIGN	Adjusting optical axis of monochromator optical system employed on this unit.		
<AUTO OFFSET>	ATOFS*	Selects ON or OFF for the AMP auto offset function. ON...*:1 OFF...*:0	ATOFS?	* :1, *0 *0
<BUZZER>				
<CLICK>	BZCLK*	Selects use or non-use of a click. ON...*:1 OFF...*:0	BZCLK?	* :1, *0 *0
<WARNING>	BZWRN*	Selects use or non-use of an alarm. ON...*:1 OFF...*:0	BZWRN?	ON:1, OFF:0
<TLS ADDRS>	TLSADR**	Sets the address of the wavelength variable light source. **:0 to 30 (1 step)	TLSADR?	0 to 30
<GP—IB2 ADDR>	GP2ADR**	Sets the GP—IB2 address. **:0 to 30 (1 step)	GP2ADR?	* to G
<UNCAL WARNING>	UCWRN*	Selects ON or OFF for UNCAL mark and warning display ON...*:1 OFF...*:0	UCWRN?	ON:1, OFF:0
* <ACTUAL RES DISP>	ARESDSP*	Changes over the resolution ability value displays. OFF*:0, ON*:1	ARESDSP?	ON:1, OFF:0
* <LOG LIMIT ***dB>	LOGLMT***	Sets the LOG data upper/lower limit value. *** : 100 or 210	LOGLMT?	100 or 210

*

*

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (30/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
[^ ØVΛ° E]				
<LONG TERM SWEEP>				
<LONG TERM STA STP>	LTSWP	Starts the long term measurement function.	None	
<LONGTERM INTVL ***.** min >	LTINTVL***.*	Sets the measurement interval. (Unit: min) ****.*: 0.1 to 9999.9 (0.1 step)	LTINTVL?	0.1 to 9999.9
<LONG TERM RPT TIMES>	LTTIME***.*	Sets the repeated measurement interval. ****.*: 1 to 1000 (1 step)	LTTIME?	1 to 1000
<MULTI CH DISP. WEVELEN>	LTWI	Sets the wavelength display.	None	
<MULTI CH DISP.LEVEL>	LTL	Sets the level display.	None	
<MULTI CH DISP.SNR>	LTSNR	Sets the SNR display.	None	
<SINGLE CH DISPLAY>	LTCH***	Sets a channel during single channel display. 1 to 200 (1 step)	LTCH?	1 to 200
<ABSOLUTE>	lItabs	Display an absolute value.	None	
<RELATIVE>	lItrel	Displays a relative value.	None	
<REF DATA SET>	lItrefset	Specifies the data of the cursor position for the reference data.	None	
<REF DATA INITIAL>	LTREFINI	Sets the preset value as the reference data.	None	
<WL LIMIT ***.**nm>	LTWLLIM***.*	Sets the threshold of the wavelength drift. (Unit: nm) ****.*: 0.00 to 99.99 (0.01 step)	LTWLLIM?	0.00 to 99.99
<LOW LIMIT ***.**dBm>	lItllow***.*	Sets the lower limit of the level. (Unit: dBm) ****.*.*: -90.00 to -30.00 (0.01 step)	lItllow?	-90.00 to -30.00
<UE ε T ***.**dBm >	LTLHI***.*	Sets the upper limit of the level. (Unit: dBm) ****.*.*: 30.00 to 20.00 (0.01 step)	LTLHI?	-30.00 to 20.00
<SNR LIMIT ***.**dBm >	LTSNRLIM***.*	Sets the lower limit of the SNR. (Unit: dB) ****.*.*: 0.00 to 50.00 (0.01 step)	LTSNRLIM?	0.00 to 50.00

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (31/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
[A ^o V ⁿ _o E]				
<LONGTERM SWEEP>				
* <Y SCALE AUTO>	LTATSCL*	Sets the scale of the graph vertical axis.	LTATSCL?	Manual scale : 0 Auto scale : 1
* < ^r CH ^a ***.* _o ∞>	LTWLCTR***.*	Sets the Y-axis center wavelength on the wavelength display graph. ***.*.*: 600.00 to 1750.00 (0.01 step)	LTWLCTR?	600.00 to 1750.00
* < ^r Σ AN ***.* _o ∞>	LTWLSPAN***.*	Sets the Y-axis span on the wavelength display graph. ***.*.*: 0.0 to 1200.0 (0.1 step)	LTWLSPAN?	\wedge o to 1 ^g α o
* <LVLCTR***.*dBm>	LTLVLCTR***.*	Sets the Y-axis center level on the level display graph. ***.*.*: -90.00 to 20.00 (0.01 step)	LTLVLCTR?	-90.00 to 20.00
* <LVLSCALE ***.*dB/D>	LTLVLSCL***.*	Sets the Y-axis scale on the level display graph. **.*.*: 0.1 to 10.0 (0.1 step)	LTLVLSCL?	\wedge 1 to 1 ^g o
* <SNR CTR***.*dB>	LTSNRCTR***.*	Sets the Y-axis center level on the SNR display graph. ***.*.*: -9Q00 to 20.00 (0.01 step)	LTSNRCTR?	-90.00 to 20.00
* <SNR SCALE ***.*dB/D>	LTSNRSCL***.*	Sets the Y-axis scale on the SNR display graph. **.*.*: 0.1 to 10.0 (0.1 step)	LTSNRSCL?	\wedge 1 to 1 ^g o
<AUTO SET>	LTATSET	Sets the same value as that at the automatic setting time on the graph scale.	None	
CURSOR MOVE (CHANNEL)	LTCHCUR***	Sets cursor of a channel in the long term measurement. 1 to 200 (1 step)	LTCHCUR?	1 to 200
CURSOR MOVE (NUMBER OF MEASUREMENT TIMES)	LTIMCUR***	Sets cursor of the number of long term measurement times. 1 to 1000 (1 step)	LTIMCUR?	1 to 1 ^{oo}

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (32/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
[ADVANCE]				
<POWER METER>				
<REPEAT>	PMPRT	Sets repeat measurement.		
<SINGLE>	PMMSGL	Sets single measurement.		
<STOP>	PMSTP	Stops the power meter function.	▲ PMST? A	STOP SINGLE REPEAT ○ — □
<AREA *** * * * >	AREA*	Gets the measuring range.	AREA? * FULL ○ 600 to 1000 nm □ 1000 to 1750 nm	FULL 600 to 1000 nm 1000 to 1750 nm ○ □
<RELATIVE>	HHL,*	Selects absolute value or relative value for display value. The relative value is 0 dB at ON. ON(relative value)...*:1 OFF (absolute value)...*:0	REL?	ON (relative value): 1 OFF (absolute value): 0
<MAX MIN RESET>	PMRST	Sets the maximum value and minimum value.	None	
<dBm & >	PMUNT*	Sets the display unit. dBm (LOG value)...*:0 W (linear value)...*:1	PMUNT?	dBm: 0, W: 1

© Others

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (33/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format										
[COPY]	COPY*	Outputs to the printer/plottter. ON : 1 OFF : 0	COPY?	ON (copy) : 1, OFF (except copy) : 0										
[FEED]	PRFED**	Printer paper feed *: 1 to 10 (Amount of feed, Unit: X 5 mm)	None											
[HELP]	HELP*	ON or OFF for the explanatory statement display. Display ... * : 1 Clear ... * : 0	HELP?	Display : 1 Non-display : 0										
[COARSE]	CRS*	[COARSE] key of the rotary knob. ON ... * : 1 OFF ... * : 0	CRS?	ON : 1, OFF : 0										
Delimiter specification (Talker data)	SD*	Specifies the string delimiter.	SD?											
		<table border="1"><tr><td>*</td><td>*</td></tr><tr><td>*</td><td>o</td></tr><tr><td>CRLF</td><td>r-H</td></tr></table>	*	*	*	o	CRLF	r-H	<table border="1"><tr><td>*</td><td>Output</td></tr><tr><td>CR*F</td><td>1-1</td></tr></table>	*	Output	CR*F	1-1	
*	*													
*	o													
CRLF	r-H													
*	Output													
CR*F	1-1													
	BD*	Specifies the block delimiter.	BD?											
		<table border="1"><tr><td>*</td><td>*</td></tr><tr><td>CRLF+EOI</td><td>o</td></tr><tr><td>LF+EOI</td><td>1-T-L</td></tr></table>	*	*	CRLF+EOI	o	LF+EOI	1-T-L	<table border="1"><tr><td>CRLF+EOI</td><td>Output</td></tr><tr><td>LF+EOI</td><td>1-o</td></tr></table>	CRLF+EOI	Output	LF+EOI	1-o	
*	*													
CRLF+EOI	o													
LF+EOI	1-T-L													
CRLF+EOI	Output													
LF+EOI	1-o													
SRQ ON/OFF	SRQ*	Permission or inhibition of service request. ON (permission) ... * : 1 OFF (inhibition) ... * : 0 Default = "OFF"	SRQ?	ON : 1, OFF : 0										
SRQ mask function	SRMSK***	Sets "1" in the bit to be masked. *** : 0 to 255	SRMSK?	0 to 255										

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (34/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format	
Nonvolatile data initialization	INIT	Initializes data except program/memory.	None		
Hardware initialize	*RST	Initializes the hardware.	None		
identification	None	Outputs the equipment information.	<u>QN?</u>	See the output data format.	
Talker data header information ON/OFF	HD*	Appends a header to the talker data for the output request command. ON...*:1 OFF...*:0 Default = "OFF"	HD?	ON : 1, OFF : 0	
Waveform data output request command	RWA <u>b\$ ****_I *****</u>	Trace A level data **** : I to 20001	As per Table 9-4 Output data format.		
	LDATB <u>tt ****_n ****</u>	R1-R20001 when the underlined part is omitted.			
	LDATC <u>n ****_n ****</u>	Trace B level data **** : I to 20001			
	LMEMSS <u>TT****_D****</u>	R1-R20001 when the underlined part is omitted.			
	WDATA <u>II****_R****</u>	Memory \$\$ level data \$\$: Oto 31 **** : 1 to 20001	R1-R20001 when the underlined part is omitted.		
		Trace A wavelength data **** : Ito 20001	R1-R20001 when the underlined part is omitted.		

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (35/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
Waveform data output request command	WDATB n****_p****	Trace B wavelength data **** : 1 to 20001 R1-R20001 when the underlined part is omitted.		As per Table 9-4 Output data format.
	WDATC T>****_D****	Trace C wavelength data **** : 1 to 20001 R1-R20001 when the underlined part is omitted.		
	WMEM\$\$ n****_R****	Memory \$\$ wavelength data \$\$: 0 to 31 **** : 1 to 20001 R1-R20001 when the underlined part is omitted.		
	DTNUMA			11 to 20001
	DTNUMB			11 to 20001
	DTNUMC			11 to 20001
	DTNUM * *			11 to 20001
Log data digit count setup command	LDTDIG*	Sets the number of decimal digits during level data (log) output via GPIB port. "2" for two decimal digits immediately after power-on "3" for three decimal digits	LDTDIG?	"2" for two decimal digits "3" for three decimal digits
Marker value output request command	MKR?	Requests the moving V marker value.		
	MKR1?	Requests the fixed V marker 1 value.		
	MKR2?	Request the fixed V marker 2 value.		
	MKR?****	Request the fixed V marker **** value. **** : 1 to 200 (1 step)		
	L1MK?	Requests the line marker 1 value (wavelength).		
	L2MK?	Requests the line marker 2 value (wavelength).		
	L3MK?	Requests the line marker 3 value (level).		
	L4MK?	Requests the line marker 4 value (level).		
Analysis result output request command	ANA?	Requests the analysis result.		

Table 2-1 GP-IB Program Codes (36/36)

Function	Control command	Explanation	Talker command	Talker output data format
FD directory information output request command	DIR?	Outputs the <DIRECTORY> execution result.		As per Table 9-4 Output data format.
FD-accessed file name output request command	FNAME?	Requests the file name previously read or written.		
Warning error No. output request command	WARN?	Requests the warning error number that lastly occurred.		
* Resolution ability value output request command	ARES?	Requests outputting the resolution ability value in the present center wavelength setting.		
* Alarm state output request command in the long-term measurement.	LTALM?	Request for alarm numbers in the long-term measurement.		
* Alarm position data output request in long-term measurement.	LTALMDT?	Request for alarm position data in the long-term measurement.		

Table 2-2 Output Data Formats (1/17)

Data output item	Output request command	Talker output data format
Data on LOG scale (dBm, dB/nm, dB/km)		* (SD) ... String delimiter (BD) ... Block delimiter
Data in trace A	LDATA <u>R*****-R*****</u>	
Data in trace B	LDATB <u>r*****-r*****</u>	
Data in trace C	LDATC <u>I*****%_I*****</u>	
Data in memory (LOG scale)	LMEM\$\$ <u>R*****-R*****</u>	<p>Space Data continues according to the number of data.</p> <p><u>I</u> <u>A*****-(SD)±*****</u> <u>V</u> <u>?</u></p>
	jC4:#* : 1 to 20001	
	When the underlined part is omitted: R1 to R20001	
	\$\$: Oto 31	(Header)..... Absolute value : "DBM" Relative value : "DBA"
	(memory address)	
Data on LIN scale (*W, *W/nm, LIN or % subscale)		* (SD) ... String delimiter (BD) ... Block delimiter
Data in trace A	LDATA <u>n*****-R*****</u>	
Data in trace B	LDATB <u>R*****-R*****</u>	
Data in trace C	LDATC <u>IT*****-R*****</u>	
Data in memory (LIN scale)	LMEM\$\$ <u>D\$*****-R*****</u>	<p>Space Data continues according to the number of data.</p> <p><u>I</u> <u>A*****-(SD)±*****</u> <u>V</u> <u>?</u></p>
	***** : Ito 20001	
	When the underlined part is omitted: R1 to R20001	(Header)..... Absolute value : "LNW" Relative value : "LNA"
	\$\$: Oto 31	(memory address)

Note: The talker output data format of this table has an underlined option (*****).

If three decimal digits (*LDTDIG* 3) are specified for this option, the data of up to three decimal digits is output.

Table 2-2 Output Data Formats (2/17)

Data output item	Output request command	Talker output data format
Data in trace A (wavelength axis)	WDATA R*****_r*****	* (SD) ... String delimiter
Data in trace B (wavelength axis)	WDATB <u>R*****_r*****</u>	(BD) ... Block delimiter
Data in trace C (wavelength axis)	WDATC <u>R*****_R*****</u>	
Data in memory (wavelength axis)	WMEM\$\$ <u>r*****_r*****</u>	
***** : Ito 20001		
When the underlined part is omitted: R1 to R20001		
\$\$: Oto 31 (memory address)		

Data continues according to the number of data.

\sum
 \overbrace{V}^1
 $NM\Delta\Delta \underbrace{\psi}_{*****(SD)*****} \overbrace{I}^{*****(BD)}$

\sum
 \overbrace{V}^1
 $NM\Delta\Delta \underbrace{\psi}_{*****(SD)*****} \overbrace{I}^{*****(BD)}$

Table 2-2 Output Data Formats (3/17)

Data output item	Output request command	Talker output data format	
Moving A marker value	MKRA?	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Wavelength display for LOG scale</td> </tr> </table>	Wavelength display for LOG scale
Wavelength display for LOG scale			
Fixed marker 1 value	MKR1?	WMKRA $\Delta^{***.***} (SD) \pm^{***.***} (BD)$	
Fixed marker 2 value	MKR2?	WMKRI A $\Delta^{***.***} (SD) \pm^{***.***} (BD)$	
MKR?**	MKR?**	WMKR1A $\Delta^{***.***} (SD) \pm^{***.***} (BD)$	
*** :! to 200		WMKR2A $\Delta^{***.***} (SD) \pm^{***.***} (BD)$	
		Wave- length (nm)	
		<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Frequency display for LOG scale</td> </tr> </table>	Frequency display for LOG scale
Frequency display for LOG scale			
		FMKRA $\Lambda^* (80)_{u***} * (vv)$	
		FMKRI A $\wedge^{***.***} (SD) +^{***.***} (vv)$	
		FMKR2A $L\backslash* :\dagger (sv) + \$\$ (vv)$	
		Frequency Level (THz)	
		<table border="1"> <tr> <td>When displayed in wavelength</td> </tr> </table>	When displayed in wavelength
When displayed in wavelength			
Line marker 1 value (wavelength)	L1MK?	LMKRA A ***.*** (BD)	
Line marker 2 value (wavelength)	L2MK?	LMKR2A A ***.*** (BD)	
		Wavelength (nm)	
Line marker 3 value (level)	L3MK?	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>For LOG scale</td> </tr> </table>	For LOG scale
For LOG scale			
Line marker 4 value (level)	L4MK?	LMKR3A $\pm^{***.***} (BD)$	
		LMKR4A $\pm^{***.***} (BD)$	
		Level (dBm or dB)	
		<table border="1"> <tr> <td>For LIN scale</td> </tr> </table>	For LIN scale
For LIN scale			
		LFMK3A A *.*.* E $_{\pm}^{***}$ (BD)	
		LFMK4A A *.*.* E $_{\pm}^{***}$ (BD)	
		Level (W or no unit)	

Note: The talker output data format of this table has an underlined option ***.***.

If three decimal digits (LDTDIG 3) are specified for this option, the data of up to three decimal digits is output.

Table 2-2 Output Data Formats (4/17)

Data Output formats		Tal _E , O _E data formats	
Data Output formats	C _E 'put r _E ^G command	C _E 'put r _E ^G command	OPECFRALA VIOT _E
1. Log's result	ANA?	he ^a marker is o _p is _h ^b v _e els _h :	OPECFRALA VIOT _E he ^a marker is o _p is _h ^b v _e els _h : M _{err} & * * * * * (CD) * * * * * (G ^a) * * * * * (* (EO) M _{err} S _o s al N _{err} o of & s = P w _n s & o _{oo} 3) (-) Wh _O r ^a rk _O i _o ^b & in _H Q _O o cy: X _O & * * * * * (S _E) * * * * * (S ^a) * * * * * (* (E ^a) s ps S _p al N _{err} b _r o s s 5b w & o _{oo} . s f b () ("O _G ^a)... ENV A _{III} A A A THREE _E A _{II} A A A RMS A _{IV} / PK RM8 A _V k _O

Table 2-2 Output Data Formats (5/17)

Data output item	Output request command	Talker output data format
Analysis result ANA?	(SMSR) When marker is expressed in wavelength : SMSR <u>A</u> * * * * * (SD)+* * * * * (SD)+* * * * * (SD)+* * * * * (SD) Peak Peak level 2nd peak 2nd peak wavelength (dBm) wavelength level (nm) (nm) (dBm) * * * * * * * * * * (f)) . (* * * * * * * * (BD) Wavelength Level difference difference (SMSR) (nm) (dB) When marker is expressed in frequency : SMSR A * * * * * * * * (§f)) ■ + * * * * * (SD)* * * * * (SD)* * * * * (SD)* * * * * (SD) Peak Peak level 2nd peak 2nd peak wavelength (dBm) wavelength level (THz) (THz) (dBm) * * * * * * * * (ff)) .. , * * * * * (BD) Wavelength Level difference difference (SMSR) (THz) (dB) (POWER LOG scale) PDBMA + <u>* * * * * (BD)</u> Power (dBm)	(POWER LIN scale) PLNWA * . * * E ± * * (BD) Power (W)

Note: The talker output data format of this table has an underlined option (* * *, * *).
If three decimal digits (LDTDIG 3) are specified for this option, the data of up to three decimal digits is output.

Table 2-2 Output Data Formats (6/17)

Data output item		Output request command	Talker output data format								
Analysis result	ANA?	(EDFA NF) EDNFA *** *(SD)*** *(SD)+*** *(SD)*** *(BD)	<table> <tr> <td>Gain (dB)</td> <td>Measuring resolution (nm)</td> <td>ASE power (dBm)</td> <td>NF (dB)</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Dominant wavelength (nm)</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	Gain (dB)	Measuring resolution (nm)	ASE power (dBm)	NF (dB)		Dominant wavelength (nm)		
Gain (dB)	Measuring resolution (nm)	ASE power (dBm)	NF (dB)								
	Dominant wavelength (nm)										

*Note: The talker output data format of this table has an underlined option ***, **.*

If three decimal digits (LDTDIG 3) are specified for this option, the data of up to three decimal digits is output.

Table 2-2 Output Data Formats (7/17)

Table 2-2 Output Data Formats (8/17)

Table 2-2 Output Data Formats (9/17)

Data output item	Output request command	Talker output data format
ANA?	(FIL-PK)	<p>When marker is set to display the wavelength :</p> <p>Fit PIC*****(SD) T *****(SD)*****(SD)*****(SD) Peak Peak Center Spectral wavelength level wavelength width (nm) (dBm) (nm) (nm)</p> <p>-1-*****/\$£)) + *****(SD1 +*****(BD)</p> <p>Cross Cross Ripple talk(left) talk(right) width (dB) (dB) (dB)</p>

*Note: The talker output data format of this table has an underlined option *****,**.*

If three decimal digits (LDTDIG 3) are specified for this option, the data of up to three decimal digits is output.

Table 2-2 Output Data Formats (10/17)

Data output item	Output request command	Talker output data format
ANA?	(FL-BTM) When marker is set to display the wavelength : MTBMAN**\$Bottom “Bottom/cp»\/*/*Center/cp»\/*/*Notch*/CFO wavelength (nm) level (dBm) wavelength (nm) width (nm)	“ Cross (Cross (talk(left) talk(right) (dB) (dB) frequency (THz) level (dBm) frequency (THz) width (THz)

*Note: The talker output data format of this table has an underlined option (***,**).*

If three decimal digits (*LDTDG 3*) are specified for this option, the data of up to three decimal digits is output.

Table 2-2 Output Data Formats (11/17)

Data output item	Output request command	Talker output data format																																
*		<p>(WDM-NF)</p> <p>WDMNFA***\$(D)***\$(D)"b***\$(SD)T***\$(SD)+***\$(SD)</p> <table> <tr> <td>Mode</td> <td>Channel</td> <td>Input level</td> <td>Output level</td> </tr> <tr> <td>count</td> <td>wavelength</td> <td>(dBm)</td> <td>ASE power</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>(nm)</td> <td></td> <td>(dBm)</td> </tr> </table> <p>*** \$(sd)+*** \$(££)+*** \$(££)+*** \$(££) (BD)</p> <table> <tr> <td>Measured resolution</td> <td>Gain</td> <td>NF</td> <td>Iteration of</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>(JB)</td> <td>(JB)</td> <td>Items 2 to 9</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>(nm)</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table> <p>(NOTCH)</p> <p>When marker is set to display the wavelength :</p> <p>SWNC***\$(SD)***\$(BD)</p> <table> <tr> <td>Center wavelength</td> <td>Notch width</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(nm)</td> <td>(nm)</td> </tr> </table> <p>When marker is set to display the frequency :</p> <p>SWNC***\$(SD)***\$(BD)</p> <table> <tr> <td>Center frequency</td> <td>Notch width</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(THz)</td> <td>(THz)</td> </tr> </table>	Mode	Channel	Input level	Output level	count	wavelength	(dBm)	ASE power		(nm)		(dBm)	Measured resolution	Gain	NF	Iteration of		(JB)	(JB)	Items 2 to 9		(nm)			Center wavelength	Notch width	(nm)	(nm)	Center frequency	Notch width	(THz)	(THz)
Mode	Channel	Input level	Output level																															
count	wavelength	(dBm)	ASE power																															
	(nm)		(dBm)																															
Measured resolution	Gain	NF	Iteration of																															
	(JB)	(JB)	Items 2 to 9																															
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(nm)	(nm)																																	
Center frequency	Notch width																																	
(THz)	(THz)																																	

*Note: The talker output data format of this table has an underlined option (***, **). If three decimal digits (LDTDIG 3) are specified for this option, the data of up to three decimal digits is output.*

Table 2-2 Output Data Formats (12/17)

Data output item	Output request command	Talker output data format												
Analysis result	ANA?	<p>(FP-LD ANALYSIS)</p> <p>When marker is expressed in wavelength :</p> <p>PPJ A *****(SD)*****(SP)₊*****(SD)*****(SD)*****(§£)) +*****(SD)*****(BD)</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Spectral width (nm)</th> <th>Peak wavelength (nm)</th> <th>Peak level (dBm)</th> <th>Mean wavelength (nm)</th> <th>Total power (dBm)</th> <th>Number of modes</th> </tr> </thead> </table> <p>When marker is expressed in frequency ppj j~*****(gp))*****(SD)*****(p +*****(SD)*****(BD)*****(BD)</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Spectral width (THz)</th> <th>Peak wavelength (THz)</th> <th>Peak level (dBm)</th> <th>Mean wavelength (THz)</th> <th>Total power (dBm)</th> <th>Number of modes</th> </tr> </thead> </table>	Spectral width (nm)	Peak wavelength (nm)	Peak level (dBm)	Mean wavelength (nm)	Total power (dBm)	Number of modes	Spectral width (THz)	Peak wavelength (THz)	Peak level (dBm)	Mean wavelength (THz)	Total power (dBm)	Number of modes
Spectral width (nm)	Peak wavelength (nm)	Peak level (dBm)	Mean wavelength (nm)	Total power (dBm)	Number of modes									
Spectral width (THz)	Peak wavelength (THz)	Peak level (dBm)	Mean wavelength (THz)	Total power (dBm)	Number of modes									
		<p>(DFB-LD ANALYSIS)</p> <p>When marker is expressed in wavelength :</p> <p>DFB A *****(SD)*****(§£)) +*****(SD)*****(SD)*****(SD) +*****(BD)</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Spectral width (nm)</th> <th>Peak wavelength (nm)</th> <th>Peak level (dBm)</th> <th>Mode offset (nm)</th> <th>SMSR (dB)</th> </tr> </thead> </table> <p>When marker is expressed in frequency :</p> <p>BPb A *****(gp))*****(sd)+*****(sd)*****(SD)*****(SD)*****(SD)*****(§£)) +*****(BD)</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Spectral width (THz)</th> <th>Peak wavelength (THz)</th> <th>Peak level (dBm)</th> <th>Mode offset (THz)</th> <th>SMSR (dB)</th> </tr> </thead> </table>	Spectral width (nm)	Peak wavelength (nm)	Peak level (dBm)	Mode offset (nm)	SMSR (dB)	Spectral width (THz)	Peak wavelength (THz)	Peak level (dBm)	Mode offset (THz)	SMSR (dB)		
Spectral width (nm)	Peak wavelength (nm)	Peak level (dBm)	Mode offset (nm)	SMSR (dB)										
Spectral width (THz)	Peak wavelength (THz)	Peak level (dBm)	Mode offset (THz)	SMSR (dB)										

Table 2-2 Output Data Formats (13/17)

Note: The talker output data format of this table has an underlined option (*.*,*.*). If three decimal digits (LDTDIG 3) are specified for this option, the data of up to three decimal digits is output.

Table 2-2 Output Data Formats (14/17)

Data output item	Output request command	Output response command	Talker output data format
Alarm position data in LONG TERM measurement	LTALMDT?	LTALMDT***(SD)*** Number of alarm channels	qtt Alarm number Repeat items 2 to 3.
Analysis parameters	Ifpld*?	{FP-LCD} {SD}*(SD)*** Parameter to be set 0:SPEC WIDTH LMEANWL 2:TOTAL POWER 3:MODE NO. 2# 0# i#: Algorithm 0:ENV LTHRESH 2:RMS 3:PEAKRMS 4:POWER TH (dB) TH2 (dB) K MODE FIT, 0=OFF, 1=ON MODE DIFF (dB) OFFSET LEVEL (dB)	{SD}*(SD)*** Parameter to be set 0:XdB WIDTH 1:SMSR 0:ENV ETHRESH 2:RMS 3:PEAKRMS 4:SMSR1 5:SMSR2 TH (dB) TH2 (dB) K MODE FIT, 0=OFF, 1=ON MODE DIFF (dB) SMSR MASK (nm)
Analysis parameters	DFBLD*?	{SD}*(SD)*** Parameter to be set 0:-XdB WIDTH 1:SMSR 0:ENV ETHRESH 2:RMS 3:PEAKRMS 4:SMSR1 5:SMSR2 TH (dB) TH2 (dB) K MODE FIT, 0=OFF, 1=ON MODE DIFF (dB) SMSR MASK (nm)	{SD}*(SD)*** Parameter to be set 0:-XdB WIDTH 1:SMSR 0:ENV ETHRESH 2:RMS 3:PEAKRMS 4:SMSR1 5:SMSR2 TH (dB) TH2 (dB) K MODE FIT, 0=OFF, 1=ON MODE DIFF (dB) SMSR MASK (nm)

Table 2-2 Output Data Formats (15/17)

Data output item	Output request command	Talker output data format
Analysis parameters	LED*?	<p>(LED) LED###*(SD)*(SD)****(SD)*****(SD)*(SD)*****(SD)*****(BD)</p> <p>1st option: Parameter to be set</p> <p>0:SPEC WIDTH 1:MEANWL 2:TOTAL POWER</p> <p>2nd option: Algorithm 0:ENV ETHRESH 2:RMS 3:PEAKRMS 4:POWER</p> <p>3rd option: TH (dB)</p> <p>4th option: TH2 (dB)</p> <p>5th option: K</p> <p>6th option: MODE FIT, 0=OFF, 1=ON</p> <p>7th option: MODE DIFF (dB)</p> <p>8th option: SMSR MASK (nm)</p>
Analysis parameters	FILPK*?	<p>(FIL-PK) FILPKA*(SD)*(SD)*****(SD)*****(SD)*(SD)*****(SD)*****(BD)</p> <p>1st option: Parameter to be set</p> <p>0:PEAKLVL LPEAKWL 2:MEANWL 3:SPECWDL 4:CROSS TALK</p> <p>5:RIPPLE WIDTH</p> <p>2nd option: Algorithm 0:THRESH LRMS 2:PEAKLVL 3:ITU-T</p> <p>3rd option: SW, 0=OFF, 1=ON</p> <p>4th option: TH (dB)</p> <p>5th option: K</p> <p>6th option: MODE FIT, 0=OFF, 1=ON</p> <p>7th option: MODE DIFF (dB)</p> <p>8th option: CH SPACE(nm)</p> <p>9th option: SEARCH AREA(nm)</p>

*

Note: The talker output data format of this table has an underlined option _____.

If three decimal digits (LDTDIG 3) are specified for this option, the data of up to three decimal digits is output.

Table 2-2 Output Data Formats (16/17)

Data output item	Output request command	Talker output data format
Analysis parameters *	FIL.BM?*	(FIL-BTM) FIL.BMA*(SD)*(SD)****(SD)****(SD)****(SD)****(SD)****(SD)****(BD) 1st option: Parameter to be set 0:BOTTOMVL 1:BOTTOMWL 2:MEANWL 3:N0TCH WIDTH 4:CROSS TALK 2nd option: Algorithm 0:PEAK LBOTTOM 2:BOTTOM LVL 3:ITU-T 3rd option: SW, 0=OFF, 1=ON 4th option: TH (dB) 5th option: MODE DIFF (dB) 6th option: CHSPACE(nm) 7th option: SEARCH AREA(nm)
Power meter function measurement data	PMTR? MAXP? MINP?	Absolute value LOG scale PMDBMA <u>\pm</u> ***.**(BD) Power (dBm)
		Relative value LOG scale PMDBA A <u>\pm</u> ***.**(BD) Power (dBm)
		Relative value LIN scale PMLNA A *.*.*e <u>\pm</u> **(BD) Power (Unit not specified)
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In OVER, numeral section is replaced by "OVR". In UNDER, numeral section is replaced by "UND".

Note: The talker output data format of this table has an underlined option ***.**.

If three decimal digits (LDTDIG 3) are specified for this option, the data of up to three decimal digits is output.

Table 2-2 Output Data Formats (17/17)

Note: The talker output data format of this table has an underlined option (***, **).

If three decimal digits (LDTDIG 3) are specified for this option, the data of up to three decimal digits is output.

